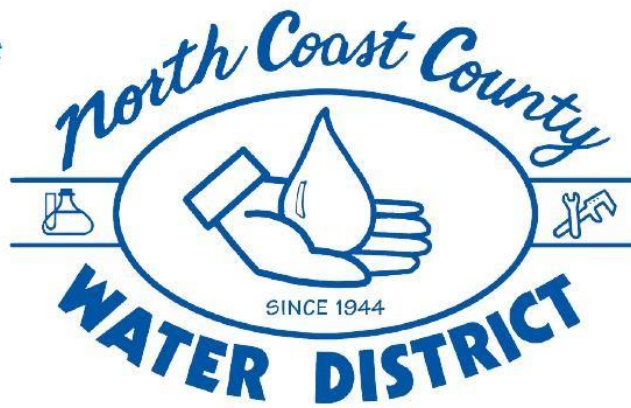


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AGENDA NORTH COAST COUNTY WATER DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS Special Meeting September 22, 2021, 7:00 PM

DUE TO COVID-19 AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GOVERNOR'S EXECUTIVE ORDERS THAT SUSPEND PORTIONS OF THE BROWN ACT, THIS MEETING WILL BE CONDUCTED BY TELECONFERENCE FOR MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC. MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC MAY NOT ATTEND THIS MEETING IN PERSON. MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC MAY ONLY PARTICIPATE IN THIS MEETING REMOTELY AS FOLLOWS:

REMOTE PARTICIPATION ACCESS VIA ZOOM

Online: <https://us04web.zoom.us/j/74495120395?pwd=KzRzSStDMXF2ajhtTVQwY0tHdXovZz09>

Meeting ID: 744 9512 0395 Passcode: 975180 Phone: (253) 215-8782

Members of the public participating online may use "Raise Hand" function to request to speak.

Those participating by phone, press *9 to request to speak and *6 to mute or unmute.

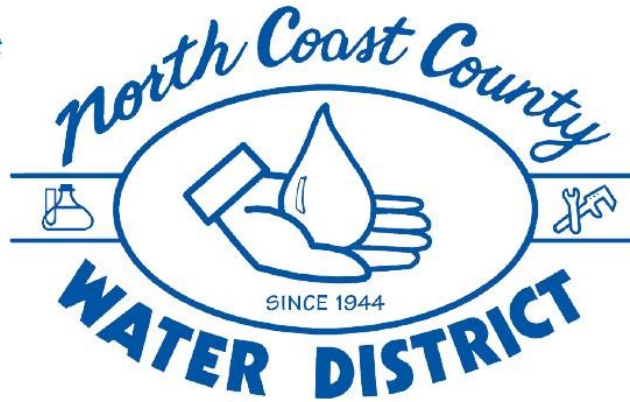
1. Call to Order
2. Roll Call
3. Public Comment
Members of the public are invited to participate during the public comment period(s) or when a particular item is introduced. Members of the public are encouraged to participate remotely by submitting comments to info@nccwd.com at least one hour prior to the scheduled start time of the meeting. For comments submitted prior to the meeting, please indicate in your email the agenda item to which your comment applies. Comments submitted before the meeting will be provided to the Directors before or during the meeting. Although public comments are generally limited to three minutes per person per comment, the Board President shall have the discretion to manage the Public Comment process in a manner that achieves the purpose of public communication and assures the orderly conduct of the meeting.
4. CLOSED SESSION
Pursuant to California Government Code Section 54957
Threat to Public Services or Facilities
Consultation with General Counsel
5. Report on Action Taken in Closed Session
6. Review Draft Water Rate Study, Set November 17, 2021 for a Public Hearing for a Proposed Increase to the Water Rates and Charges, and Authorize the General Manager to Send out the Notice of Public Hearing- Attached ACTION
7. Consider Approval of an Amendment to the EKI Environment & Water Agreement in an Amount Not to Exceed \$45,200 for the Phase 2 Groundwater Resources Investigation – Attached ACTION

8. Consider Approval of an Amendment to the EKI Environment & Water Agreement in an Amount Not to Exceed \$25,000 for the Recycled Water System Support– Attached ACTION
9. Authorize the General Manager to Purchase One 2022 Ford Escape SE Hybrid through the Statewide Contract for Fleet Vehicles in an Amount Not to Exceed \$30,000- Attached ACTION
10. Update on California Water and Wastewater Arrearage Payment Program And Policies Pertaining to Late Fees and Termination of Water Service for Non-Payment INFORMATION
11. Discussion Regarding AB 361 and Continuing to Hold Remote Board and Committee Meetings INFORMATION
12. Public Comment
13. Adjournment

Accessible Public Meetings - Upon request, the North Coast County Water District will provide written agenda materials in appropriate alternative formats, or disability-related modification or accommodation, including auxiliary aids or services, to enable individuals with disabilities to participate in public meetings. Please send a written request, including your name, mailing address, phone number and brief description of the requested materials and preferred alternative format or auxiliary aid or service at least three (3) days before the meeting. Requests should be sent to: North Coast County Water District, Attn: Alternative Agenda Request, PO Box 1039, Pacifica, CA 94044-6039.

DIRECTORS

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STAFF REPORT

TO: Board of Directors
 FROM: Adrienne Carr, General Manager
 DATE: September 22, 2021
 RE: Review Draft Water Rate Study, Set November 17, 2021 for a Public Hearing for a Proposed Increase to the Water Rates and Charges, and Authorize the General Manager to Mail out the Notice of Public Hearing

BACKGROUND

At the August 16, 2021 Regular Board Meeting, the Board was presented with rate adjustment options based on the results of the Water Rate Study conducted by HF&H Consultants. The proposed rates were discussed, and the Board directed Staff to proceed with preparing a public notice, in accordance with California Proposition 218. The draft Water Rate Study is attached.

A 'Notice of Public Hearing' to consider rate changes effective January 1, 2022 will be sent to property owners and account holders no later than October 2, 2021 to consider rates and the opportunity to protest rates in writing, in accordance with California Proposition 218. The public notice will indicate a Public Hearing date on November 17, 2021 during the District's regular Board meeting. The public notice is attached.

INFORMATION

In November 1996, California's voters approved Proposition 218, which requires certain procedures be followed with regard to property-related fee increases imposed by governmental agencies, including increases to municipal water rates. Rate increases are subject to a "majority protest" process which provides that if a majority of the parcels subject to the proposed rate increase protest against the proposed increase, the District cannot impose the increase.

Prior to approving any proposed changes to the District's water rates, the District must comply with the Proposition 218 notice, protests, and hearing requirements by doing the following:

- Mail notice and information regarding the proposed rate(s) to every property owner and account holder receiving water service from the District

- Conduct a Public Hearing regarding the proposed rate(s) at least 45 days after the notice is mailed to the account holders and property owners
- Identify in the notice the date, time, and location of the Public Hearing
- Include in the notice a location where customers and property owners can send in written protests and how the written protests must be submitted
- The Board of Directors must reject the proposed rate increase if written protests are presented by a majority of the affected account holders and property owners

FISCAL IMPACT

Staff estimates the cost to print and mail the Notice of Public Hearing is estimated to be under \$12,000, and sufficient funds have been budgeted in the FY 2021-22 Operating Budget to cover these expenses.

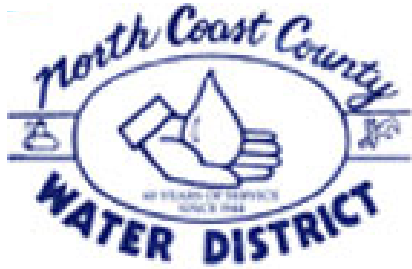
RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends that the Board set November 17, 2021 for a Public Hearing for a Proposed Increase to the Water Rates and Charges and authorize the General Manager to send out the Notice of Public Hearing.

Attachments

North Coast County Water District Rate Study, dated September 15, 2021

Letter to North Coast Water District Customers, dated October 1, 2021



North Coast County Water District Water Rate Study



September 15, 2021



HF&H Consultants, LLC

DRAFT

NORTH COAST COUNTY WATER DISTRICT

2400 FRANCISCO BOULEVARD
PACIFICA, CA 94044



WATER RATE STUDY

September 15, 2021

HF&H CONSULTANTS, LLC

201 North Civic Drive, Suite 230
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DRAFT



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September 15, 2021

Ms. Adrienne Carr
General Manager
North Coast County Water District
2400 Francisco Boulevard
Pacifica, California 94044

Subject: Water Rate Update

Dear Ms. Carr:

HF&H is pleased to submit this report. The report is organized beginning with determining how much projected revenue is needed from rates during the next five years (FY 2021-22 through FY 2025-26). The report describes how the revenue requirement (expenses) is apportioned between the residential and non-residential customers. The report concludes with a discussion of the rate design that is appropriate for each class to ensure that customers are paying their proportionate share.

The report reflects input from the Finance Committee, Board and District staff in refining the budgeted expenses and rates. The resulting rate adjustments are necessary for several reasons: (1) the previous cost-of-service study occurred in 2016. Changes in consumption patterns necessitates revisiting rates to ensure current rates are proportionate to the cost of service. (2) the cost of water that the District relies on from the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC) projects to rise precipitously; and, (3) the District has planned an expansion of its capital improvements program to make necessary upgrades to its primary water storage tanks and headquarters building.

Please contact us if you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

HF&H CONSULTANTS, LLC

Rick Simonson, Senior Vice President
Gabe Sasser, Senior Associate

DRAFT

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APPENDIX: RATE MODEL**ACRONYMS**

FY	fiscal year
BP	Refers to breakpoint, as in water consumption tier breakpoint.
COS	cost-of-service
HCF	hundred cubic feet of metered water sold; 748 gallons; a cube of water 4.6 feet on edge
GCD	gallons per capita per day
GPD	gallons per day
MG	million gallons
MGD	million gallons per day
PAYGo	Refers to a method of paying for capital projects on a pay-as-you-go basis, rather than through long-term debt issuance.
Service charge	Refers to the District's fixed bi-monthly charge per account based on the size of the service or meter; the official title is "supply and distribution charge." For ease of discussion, the term "service charge" is used in this report.
SFPUC	San Francisco Public Utilities Commission
SFR	single-family residential
Volumetric charge	Refers to the District's charge per HCF which varies depending on the amount of water use during the billing period; the official title is "water usage charge." For ease of discussion, the terms "volumetric charge" or "volumetric rate" are used in this report.
WSCP	Water Shortage Contingency Plan

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Board of Directors

Thomas Piccolotti, Board President
 Jack Burgett, Vice President
 Joshua Cosgrove, Director
 Ron Ash, Director
 Anne De Jarnatt, Director

District Staff

Adrienne Carr, General Manager
 Stephanie Dalton, Management Analyst II

HF&H Consultants, LLC

Rick Simonson, Senior Vice President
 Gabe Sasser, Senior Associate

LIMITATIONS

This document was prepared solely for North Coast County Water District in accordance with the contract between the District and HF&H and is not intended for use by any other party for any other purpose.

In preparing this study, we relied on information and instructions from the District, which we consider accurate and reliable and did not independently verify.

Rounding differences caused by stored values in electronic models may exist.

This document represents our understanding of relevant laws, regulations, and court decisions but should not be relied upon as legal advice. Questions concerning the interpretation of legal authorities referenced in this document should be referred to a qualified attorney.

DRAFT

NORTH COAST COUNTY WATER DISTRICT



WATER RATE STUDY

DRAFT

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Executive Summary presents the findings and recommendations in this report. The report was reviewed with District staff, which requested further analysis of an alternative that would transition the rate adjustments over multiple years. That alternative is summarized at the conclusion of the Executive Summary. The body of the report documents the rates that were part of the original study.

STUDY OBJECTIVES

The District undertook this rate study to meet the following key objectives.

1. **Provide revenue sufficiency and financial stability** - Ensure revenue from future rates is able to continue covering costs without depleting reserves and maintaining necessary debt service coverage requirements. Revenue requirement projections are increasing with expanded capital program expenses to upgrade aging infrastructure.
2. **Maintain adequate reserves to meet District policies** - Confirm future rates will continue to generate revenues that will keep the District's reserve balance in line with its target threshold to have sufficient reserves on hand for operational cash flow, debt service payments, unplanned emergency, retirement funding liability, and capital improvement funding, in that order.
3. **Rate payer equity.** Revisit allocation of District's costs to verify each customer class pays their proportionate share of expenses. Each customer within each customer class must pay their proportionate share of expenses via consumption and service capacity.

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

In preparing this water rate update, the following findings were made.

1. **Rates require realignment.** The cost-of-service revenue requirement projections for FY 2021-22 indicate that rate revenues need to be adjusted to realign future rate revenues with the cost of service. Volumetric rate revenues require increasing 4.7% and service charges revenues require decreasing 9.5% to realign with the cost of service, but these changes will be a revenue neutral adjustment.
2. **Small annual rate revenue increases will keep the District's reserve balance on pace with its growing reserve targets.** Annual increases of 3% from FY 2022-23 through FY 2025-26 will maintain the District's strong reserves position.

3. **Operating cost increases.** Operating and Maintenance (O&M) expenses within the District's control such as for personnel are increasing generally at the rate of inflation, no increase in headcount has been assumed.
4. **Capital cost increases and future debt issuance.** The District's five-year capital plan assumes \$44 million in project costs. More than \$33 million of this total is attributed to four projects and will be funded through bond proceeds. Two separate issuances during the five-year period are anticipated.
5. **Cost of purchased water.** The District is entirely reliant on the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC) for its potable water supply. The cost of water, \$4.10 per Hundred Cubic Foot (HCF), has remained constant since the previous study; however, in May 2021 the SFPUC provided their most-recent projections which increase the cost of water to \$5.37 per HCF, by FY 2025-26.
6. **Projected revenue increases.** The present rate study projected increasing revenue to generate additional overall revenue to cover the recent cost increases and projected revenue shortfall with the prospective issuance of new debt. Comparing the revenue required to cover the cost of service, including projected SFPUC rate increases, with the revenue from current rates indicates the need for the following revenue increases:

January 2022* - 0%
July 2022 - 3.0%
July 2023 - 3.0%
July 2024 - 3.0%
July 2025 - 3.0%

* While no revenue increase is recommended for January 2022, service charges and volumetric rates will adjust to realign with the cost-of-service analysis. As a result, customers will experience varying levels of adjustments to their bill, based on their level of consumption and customer class the account is billed under.

7. **Revenue changes by customer class and by charge.** Table ES-1 compares the revenue from current rates with the cost-of-service for FY 2021-22. This figure indicates how much revenue is needed from volumetric and service charges¹ to generate the same level of revenue needed in FY 2021-22. This figure also indicates the comparison of volumetric revenue increases needed from the residential class

¹ As noted in the Glossary, the District's volumetric and service charges are officially titled Water Usage and Supply and Distribution Charges, respectively. The shorter terms are used in this report for ease of discussion.

(4.2%) versus the commercial class (5.8%). Service charge rates will decrease by 9.5%. The proposed rates, effective January 1, 2022, were derived to generate the necessary revenue and structured based on the cost-of-service analysis.

Table ES-1. Current Rate Revenue Compared With the Cost-of-Service (FY 2021-22)

Components of Rate Structure	Current Revenue ¹ (no rate increase)		Cost of Service		Difference COS Minus Current	
	Volumetric					
Residential	\$6,317,137		\$6,579,466		\$262,329	4.2%
Commercial	\$3,017,408		\$3,192,639		\$175,231	5.8%
	\$9,334,545	67%	\$9,772,105	70%	\$437,560	4.7%
Service/Meter Charges	\$4,584,708	33%	\$4,147,148	30%	(\$437,560)	-9.5%
	\$13,919,254	100%	\$13,919,254	100%	\$0	0.0%

¹Based on Projected FY 2021-22 Water Use at Current Rates

8. **Service Charge rate decreases.** The current and cost-of-service-based rates are summarized in the following two figures. **Table ES-2** shows the current and proposed service charges, which decrease 9.5% effective January 1, 2022 to re-align with the cost-of-service, and then increase 3% annually, effective July 1 of 2022, 2023, 2024, and 2025.

Table ES-2. Current and Cost-of-Service-Based Bi-Monthly Service Charges

Meter Size	Current Charge per Account	Proposed				
		FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26
	% Increase	-9.5%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
	effective date	1/1/2022	7/1/2022	7/1/2023	7/1/2024	7/1/2025
5/8"	\$53.48	\$48.38	\$49.83	\$51.32	\$52.86	\$54.45
3/4"	\$58.87	\$53.25	\$54.85	\$56.50	\$58.20	\$59.95
1"	\$74.97	\$67.81	\$69.84	\$71.94	\$74.10	\$76.32
1 1/2"	\$96.36	\$87.16	\$89.77	\$92.46	\$95.23	\$98.09
2"	\$155.65	\$140.79	\$145.01	\$149.36	\$153.84	\$158.46
3"	\$588.64	\$532.46	\$548.43	\$564.88	\$581.83	\$599.28
4"	\$749.39	\$677.87	\$698.21	\$719.16	\$740.73	\$762.95
6"	\$1,124.12	\$1,016.84	\$1,047.35	\$1,078.77	\$1,111.13	\$1,144.46
8"	\$1,552.33	\$1,404.18	\$1,446.31	\$1,489.70	\$1,534.39	\$1,580.42
10"	\$2,087.73	\$1,888.48	\$1,945.13	\$2,003.48	\$2,063.58	\$2,125.49
12"	\$2,623.13	\$2,372.78	\$2,443.96	\$2,517.28	\$2,592.80	\$2,670.58

9. **Volumetric Charge rate increases.** **Table ES-3** shows the current and cost-of-service volumetric rates. The residential volumetric rates are tiered; the commercial and recycled water rates are uniform charges. The size of the residential tiers is based on residential billing data, which indicates lower levels of

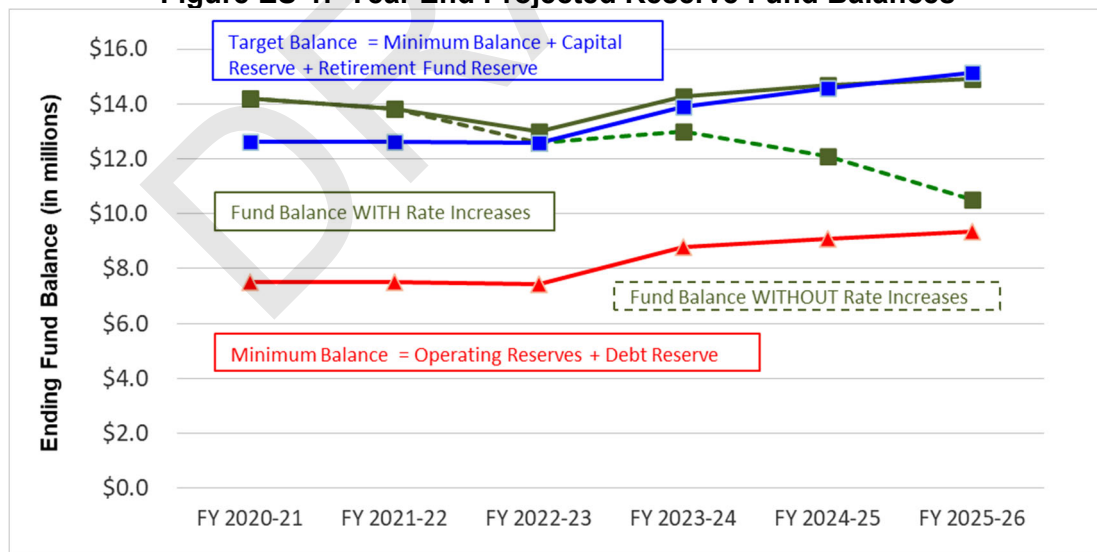
consumption due to continued improvements in water use efficiency. The sizes of the proposed tiers were reduced compared to the current tiers to reflect current customer demands.

Table ES-3. Current and Cost-of-Service-Based Bi-Monthly Volumetric Rates

Customer Class	Current Tier Size	\$/HCF	Proposed Tier Size	Proposed				
				FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26
			% Increase	4.7%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
			effective date	1/1/2022	7/1/2022	7/1/2023	7/1/2024	7/1/2025
Residential								
Tier 1	0-5 HCF	\$6.60	0-5 HCF	\$6.30	\$6.49	\$6.68	\$6.88	\$7.09
Tier 2	6-10 HCF	\$7.86	6-9 HCF	\$9.40	\$9.68	\$9.97	\$10.27	\$10.58
Tier 3	11-19 HCF	\$13.53	10-13 HCF	\$13.04	\$13.43	\$13.83	\$14.24	\$14.67
Tier 4	Over 19 HCF	\$22.72	Over 13 HCF	\$16.61	\$17.11	\$17.62	\$18.15	\$18.69
Commercial		\$8.49		\$8.98	\$9.25	\$9.52	\$9.81	\$10.10
Recycled Water		\$7.50		\$8.08	\$8.32	\$8.57	\$8.83	\$9.09

10. **Reserve Fund Balance² (Figure ES-1).** With the recommended rates in Tables ES-2 and ES-3, the District’s reserve fund balance (solid green line) will be above the target balance (solid blue line), which covers the operating and capital requirements.

Figure ES-1. Year End Projected Reserve Fund Balances



² The fund balance includes reserves for operations, capital, debt, emergency, and retirement.

11. **Debt coverage ratio.** With the recommended revenue increases, the District's debt service coverage³ is higher than the required 1.20 ratio in FY 2021-22. In subsequent years, the coverage ratio stays above the required minimum despite the introduction of additional debt service associated with debt-financing the headquarters upgrades and the replacement of three aging storage tanks during the next five years.

FY 2021-22 -2.86
FY 2022-23 - 2.84
FY 2023-24 - 1.77
FY 2024-25 - 1.74
FY 2025-26 - 1.62

12. **Pass-through adjustments to volumetric rates.** The cost of SFPUC water is the single largest component of the District's revenue requirements. Because the District has no control over the SFPUC's wholesale water rate, this cost is simply passed through to the District's customers. The SFPUC provides projections of its future wholesale water rates, which are built into the rate projections in this study:

January 2022 - \$4.10 per HCF
July 2022 - \$4.32 per HCF
July 2023 - \$4.65 per HCF
July 2024 - \$4.92 per HCF
July 2025 - \$5.37 per HCF

The SFPUC updates its projections each year as part of the rate-making process legally prescribed in the wholesale Water Supply Agreement. California Government Code Section 53756 authorizes water suppliers to adjust their rates in response to changes in pass-through costs. We recommend that the District incorporate annual pass-through adjustments in its residential and commercial rates. Recycled water rates would change in relation to pass-through adjustments to commercial rates to maintain a ratio of 90% of the commercial rate charged.

13. **Implement Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors.** Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors are designed to offset the amount of revenue shortfall caused by conservation during specific Board-adopted, water shortage stages. The Board of Directors can choose to implement the Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors during declared water shortage emergencies. The Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors are designed to align with the

³ Debt service coverage is the amount of rate revenue available to pay debt service after operating expenses have been paid. The minimum required revenue coverage is 1.20 times the amount of annual debt service after operating expenses have been paid from rate revenue.

District's six water shortage levels in the District's adopted Water Shortage Contingency Plan and are applied to the volumetric rates to ensure that there are sufficient revenues to fund the District's obligations.

Table ES-4. Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors by WSCP-Defined Water Shortage Stage and Customer Class

Class	Stage 1 Up to 10% Reduction	Stage 2 Up to 20% Reduction	Stage 3 Up to 30% Reduction	Stage 4 Up to 40% Reduction	Stage 5 Up to 50% Reduction	Stage 6 Greater than 50% Reduction
Single Family	1.023	1.076	1.142	1.228	1.342	1.476
Commercial	1.025	1.086	1.164	1.268	1.416	1.566

To be applied to the non-shortage rates in effect at the time of the shortage declaration

IMPLEMENTATION

After increasing rates effective January 1, 2022, the District should monitor its rates before implementing subsequent rate increases. Several factors influence the accuracy of the projections. For example, the cost of SFPUC water is subject to annual adjustment by the SFPUC. In addition, customer demand is subject to water supply availability, which cannot be precisely projected.

Each year the District should determine how much, if any, pass-through adjustment is required as soon as the SFPUC submits its updated wholesale rates, which is typically in April or May of each year. The wholesale rate used for the projections in this study should be compared with the updated rate and the difference either added to or subtracted from the District's volumetric rates.

1. INTRODUCTION

Since 2001, HF&H Consultants, LLC has assisted the North Coast County Water District (District) with its water rates and capacity charges. Most recently in 2016, HF&H performed a five-year water rate update, recommending implementation of proposed rates each year. Due in large part to wholesale water costs remaining less than modeled projections, the District did not have to implement the approved, maximum rates as recommended by the study. In 2021, the District requested HF&H to perform a new five-year cost-of-service rate study. The purpose of this report is to document the analysis and summarize our assumptions, findings, and recommendations.

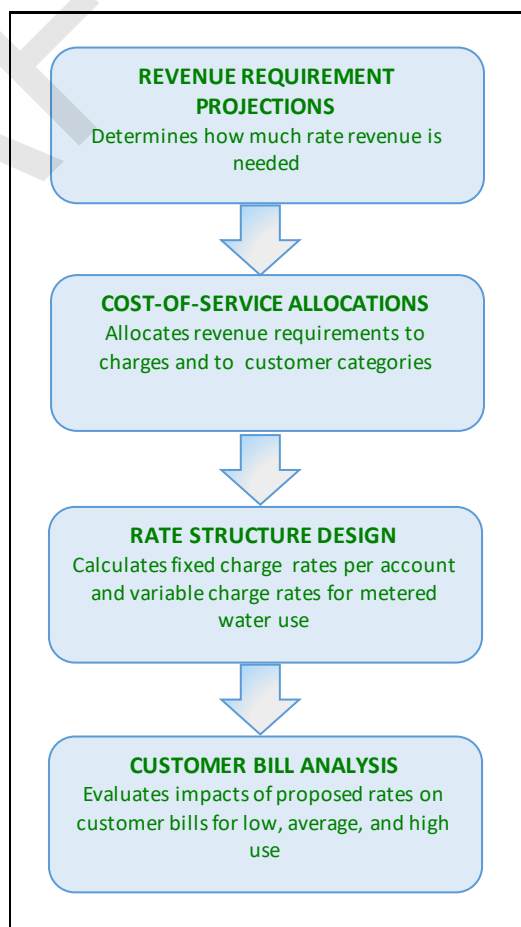
The report is organized to explain the how the revenue requirements are determined over the next five years. As part of the documentation, this report includes a copy of the spreadsheet model that was used to derive rates.

STUDY PURPOSE

The purpose of this study is to conduct a cost-of-service analysis that will determine rates that proportionally recover the cost of providing the District's water service. Toward that end, the cost-of-service analysis determined how much revenue should be generated by each component of the rate structures so that rate payers within each customer class are charged for their proportionate shares of the cost of providing service. The cost-of-service analysis is tailored specifically to the District's customer classes and the rate structures.

STUDY PROCESS

The rate study was conducted following industry standards and practices promulgated by the American Water Works Association⁴ and the Water Environment Federation.⁵ A comprehensive rate study involves the four steps shown in the adjacent diagram.



⁴ *Principles of Water Rates, Fees, and Charges*. American Water Works Association Manual M1. 2012.

⁵ *Financing and Charges for Wastewater Systems*. Water Environment Federation Manual of Practice 27. 2018.

Revenue requirements were projected for a five-year planning period based on operations, maintenance, capital expenses, and contributions to reserves. The cost-of-service analysis allocates the projected expenses among the customer classes in proportion to their use of the systems. Rates are then designed so that rate payers are charged equitably. The impact on customers is then determined by comparing bills under the proposed rates with bills under the current rates.

REPORT ORGANIZATION

This report describes each of the four rate-making steps for the District's water rates. A glossary of technical terms and acronyms is provided following the Table of Contents. An appendix contains a copy of portions of the rate model that are not included in the body of the report text as tables and figures.⁶

DRAFT

⁶ The full rate model contains projections that extend well beyond the ten-year period considered for this report and were therefore impractical to include in the appendix.

2. REVENUE REQUIREMENT PROJECTIONS

The revenue requirement analysis began with the FY 2021-22 budgeted O&M and capital expenditures. Revenue requirements for each fiscal year were then projected over a five-year planning period, through FY 2025-26. Revenue increases needed to cover the projected revenue requirements were then determined. Through comparison with projected revenue from current rates. Annual surpluses and deficits were then applied to the reserve funds. Rates were then increased to cover expenses and maintain operating and capital reserves.

ASSUMPTIONS AND PROJECTIONS

The District's FY 2021-22 budget served as the basis for determining the revenue requirement. The operating and maintenance expenses were projected through FY 2025-26 using appropriate escalation factors. Capital expenses were projected based on the District's current capital improvement program. Projects were segregated into categories depending on whether they are funded from cash on a pay-as-you-go basis or from bond proceeds. In addition to the District's budgeted expenses, the revenue requirement includes transfers to the Operating and Capital Improvement Reserves.

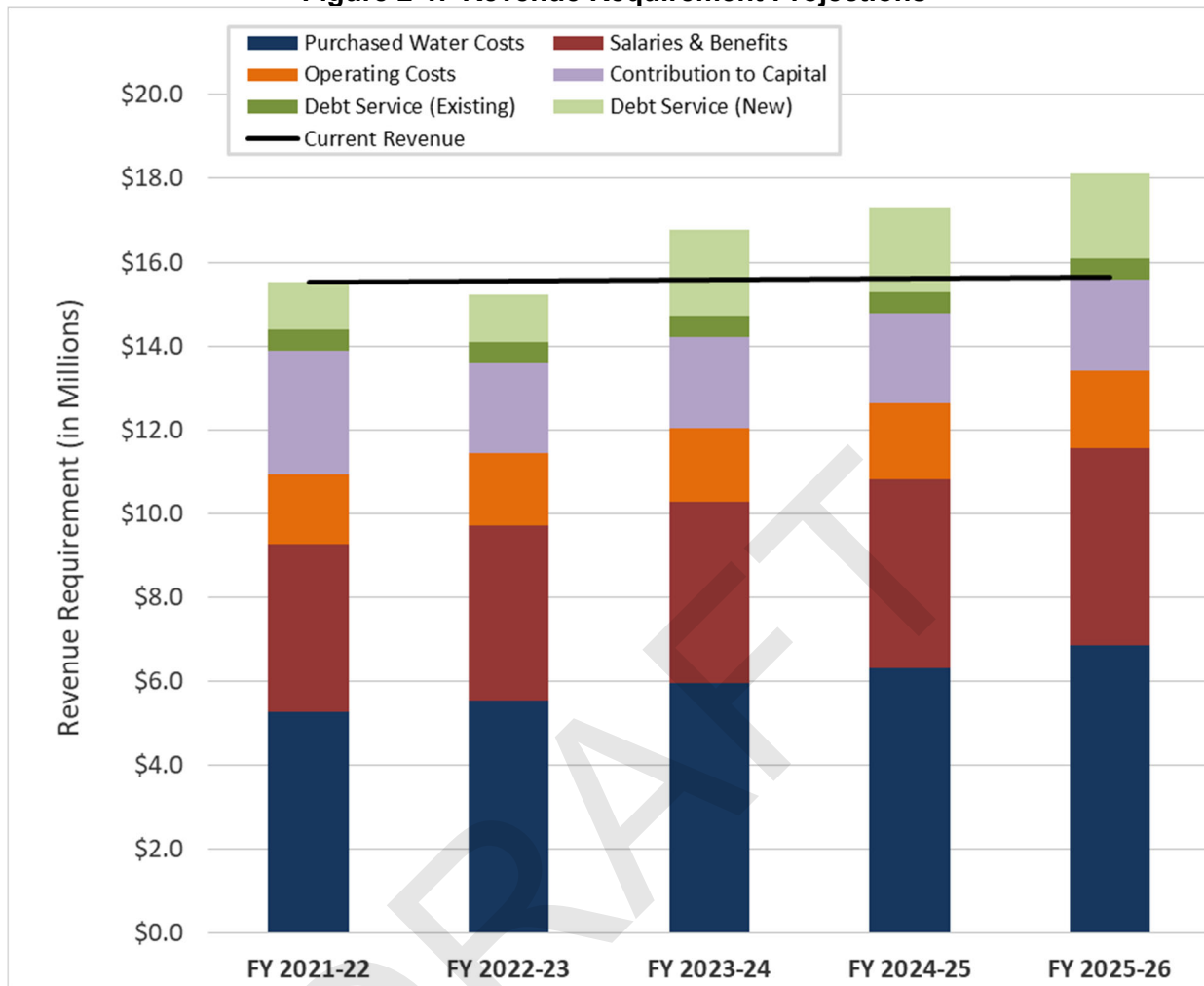
The assumptions shown in **Table 2-1** were used to project expenses through FY 2025-26.

Table 2-1. Modeling Assumptions

	Budget	Projected					
		FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26
a General Inflation	Per Budget		2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
b Utilities	Per Budget		5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
c Salary Increases	Per Budget		2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
d Pension	Per Budget		7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%
e SFPUC Water Rate per HCF	\$4.10	\$4.10	\$4.32	\$4.65	\$4.92	\$5.37	
f SFPUC Purchases (HCF)	1,222,211	1,137,860	1,146,155	1,154,451	1,162,746	1,171,042	
g Assumed Losses	9.2%	10.8%	10.8%	10.8%	10.8%	10.8%	
h Liability Insurance	Per Budget		5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
i Interest on Earnings	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	
j Non-rate Revenues	Per Budget		1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%
k % Cutbacks due to Conserv.	0.0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
l Growth in Accounts	0.0%	0.00%	0.24%	0.24%	0.24%	0.30%	
m Construction Cost Inflation	Per Budget		3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
n Benefit Increases	Per Budget		7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%
o Change in Residential Consumption			0.0%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%
p Change in Commercial Consumption			0.0%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%
q Change in Recycled Water Consumption			0.0%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%

The resulting revenue requirement projections are shown in **Figure 2-1** as stacked bars. In addition, the revenue from current rates is shown as a solid black line.

Figure 2-1. Revenue Requirement Projections



The expenditure categories are as follows:

SFPUC Water Purchases

The San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC) provides nearly all of the District’s water at a cost set by the SFPUC. The cost of SFPUC water depends on the SFPUC’s rates, which are set by the SFPUC and are out of the District’s control, and the amount of water purchased. The District’s customers are very efficient water users. Their per capita water use is among some of the lowest in the State.

Projections of future water purchase expenses relied on SFPUC rates and future demand. SFPUC rates are projected to increase from the current rate of \$4.10 per HCF to \$5.37 per HCF by FY 2025-26, an average annual increase of 7.7%. It’s worth noting during the previous 2016 study, SFPUC projected rates would increase from \$4.10 to \$5.50 by FY 2020-21. However, rates remained static as of FY 2016-17. It’s possible the wholesale water

rate projections don't fully materialize, but the model conservatively follows information provided by SFPUC.

Water purchase projections assume future demand will increase slightly, due to growth. Projections of demand in FY 2021-22 (1,137,860) rely on an initial volume of water based on the three-year average of February 2017 through January 2020 water purchases. The District contracted with EKI to conduct a study of future demand from 2025-2045. Projections of water purchases for FY 2025-26 (1,171,042 HCF) align with the 2025 water purchase volume from this demand study. Projections of water purchases in years two through four of the study rely on interpolation between these figures, assuming a constant rate of growth.

Operating and Other Expenses

O&M and other expenses are projected to gradually increase during the projection period. These expenses are within the District's direct control and have been held to low annual increases. Collectively, these expenses are represented by the red (Salaries & Benefits) and orange portions of the revenue requirement.

Capital Improvements

The District's five-year capital plan assumes \$44.0 million in project costs. More than \$33 million of this total is attributed to four projects. The District has planned repair and/or replacement of three storage tanks: Sheila, Fassler, and Royce, and plans to upgrade its headquarters building. While the District plans to fund these projects through additional debt issuance, it will fund the remaining \$11.0 million of its capital improvements program on a pay-as-you-go (PAYGo) basis. These PAYGo projects reflect the District's need to renew and replace its infrastructure to keep pace with depreciation. Without these expenditures, service levels will be affected, which could lead to service interruptions, water quality violations, and other unacceptable conditions. The District anticipates spending approximately \$2.1 million annually for PAYGo capital projects.

Existing Debt Service

The District's existing debt service includes approximately \$516,000 in annual payments for a 2012-issued bond. Payments extend through the five-year period of the study, ending in 2028.

Proposed Debt Service

The District plans to issue two separate issuances of debt (totaling approximately \$33.0 million in the five-year period) to fund construction projects associated with upgrading its headquarters building and three of its storage tanks: Sheila, Fassler, and Royce. Our model assumes bond proceeds in FY 2021-22 of \$20,572,000 and in FY 2023-24 of \$12,965,000. As a result, the District's total debt service will increase from \$516,000 to \$1.64 million in FY 2021-22 and to \$2.54 million by FY 2023-24.

Rates need to generate sufficient revenue to cover the District's annual expenditures and to maintain adequate reserves.

RESERVE FUNDS

Reserves are required to stabilize rates and to provide for contingencies. Reserves can be drawn on in years when the District experiences above average costs and augmented during years when costs are below average. The District's reserves are used for operating and capital purposes. Each of these purposes has its own requirements that lead to minimum and optimum target balance. Rates must be set so that the fund balance achieves the target balance.

Operating Reserve Component

The operating component of the reserves provides working capital for month-to-month O&M expenditures. With sufficient working capital, the District can operate without cash flow constraints. The District's approved reserve policy is six months of operating expenses. This meets our recommendation of a minimum operating reserve that is equal to at least 1.5 times the bill frequency (or three months in the District's case), which is the equivalent of one quarter of one year's O&M expenditures. The District's Reserves should never drop below this minimum balance.

Capital Improvement Reserve Component

The capital improvement component of the reserves provides working capital for the District's capital improvement program. The fund balance needs to be sufficient to at least pay contractors without delays caused by cash flow limitations. The fund balance can be larger so that the District can fund larger construction projects on a pay-as-you-go basis, thereby eliminating financing costs.

The District's approved policy requires a reserve threshold using the combined sum of the five-year average of previous annual capital improvement expenses and the projection of three months' worth of budgeted PAYGo projects.

Debt Reserve Component

The purpose of a debt reserve is to provide funding to avoid defaulting on the loan if the District failed to make a loan payment. The District has an approved policy of 1.2 times the annual debt service payment.

Retirement Fund Reserve Component

The District currently has a \$5.0 million target balance for funding Other-Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) and other future pension-related expenses.

REVENUE INCREASES

Revenue increases were derived to cover the District's costs and to fund its reserves. **Table 2-2** summarizes the projected revenue from current rates, annual revenue

requirements, annual variances, and the rate increases necessary to cover the District's costs.

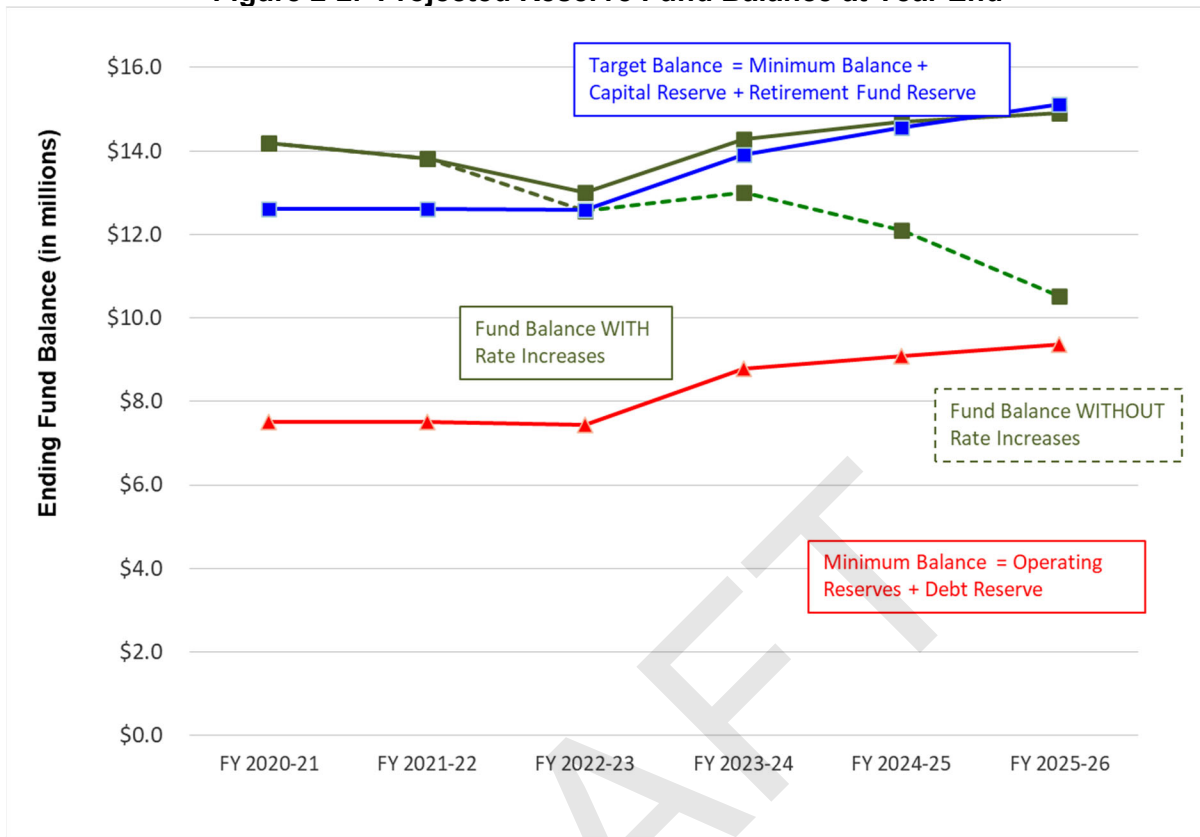
Table 2-2. Rate Increase Calculations

		FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26
Revenue From Current Rates	a	\$13,919,254	\$13,930,257	\$13,941,260	\$13,952,263	\$13,966,018
Revenue Requirement		\$15,528,152	\$15,236,419	\$16,765,046	\$17,323,381	\$18,118,141
Less: Non-Operating Revenue		(\$1,608,899)	(\$1,624,148)	(\$1,639,550)	(\$1,655,107)	(\$1,670,818)
Net Revenue Requirement	b	\$13,919,254	\$13,612,270	\$15,125,495	\$15,668,275	\$16,447,323
Revenue Shortfall	c = a - b	\$0	\$317,987	(\$1,184,235)	(\$1,716,011)	(\$2,481,305)
Rate Increase Necessary	c ÷ a	0.0%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%

Rate increases accounted for rate revenue, growth, and future revenue requirements. The projected revenue from current rates increases due to growth in consumption that was identified in the District's Demand Study and factors in population growth stated in the District's Urban Water Management Plan. The revenue requirement (shown in greater detail in **Figure 2-1**) increases significantly in FY 2021-22 to fund capital improvements and the increased cost of purchased water. When the revenue from current rates is compared with the net revenue requirements (i.e., revenue requirement less non-operating revenue), there is a deficit variance that requires revenue increases.

For purposes of rate setting, the following combined reserve target balances were established. The red line labeled "Minimum Balance" (triangle symbols) represents the target balance for the operating reserve and bond reserve components of the reserves. The blue line labeled "Target Balance" (square symbols) is the sum of the minimum balance plus the capital reserve, emergency reserve, and retirement fund reserve components. **Figure 2-2** provides an overview of the District's reserves in relation to the established Minimum Balance and Target Balance lines.

Figure 2-2. Projected Reserve Fund Balance at Year End



The dashed green line shows what the fund balance would be without the projected revenue increases. The fund balance drops approximately \$4.0 million over the five-year period, and ends on a downward trajectory in FY 2025-26 on course to be less than the minimum balance by FY 2026-27. The solid green line showing the reserve balance with revenue increases is projected to drop initially as the District uses reserves to fund capital improvements. However, with prescribed rate increases, this fund balance projection follows the target balance line during the three final years of the study period.

Revenue increases are achieved by increasing rates. In years when rates are not being restructured to align with the cost of service, rates would be increased by the same percentage to generate the required revenue increase. For example, a 3.0% revenue increase would be achieved with a 3.0% across-the-board increase in the current service charges and residential and commercial volumetric charges. In the current rate study, however, rates are being restructured to align with the cost of service. As a result, different percentage increases in the service and volume charges will occur. The derivation of these rate increases is explained in the next section of this report.

3. COST-OF-SERVICE ANALYSIS

METHODOLOGY

A Cost-of-Service (COS) analysis determines the unit cost of the services provided to the District's water customers. Each customer class is charged the same unit cost for its share of the services that it requires. In this way, the total revenue requirement is proportioned between the fixed service charges and the volumetric charges; the volumetric charges are further proportioned among the customer classes. This methodology is consistent with industry standards promulgated by the American Water Works Association⁷ and referred to as the "base/extra capacity method."

The District provides demand services and customer services to water customers. Demand services include the costs related to meeting average and peak levels of demand. Customer services include the costs related to customer accounts and the capacity that customers require. The cost-of-service analysis performed in this study also follows the "base/extra capacity method."

The analytical procedure contains the following steps:

1. **Cost classification** - Costs in the FY 2021-22 revenue requirement are classified into the service categories related to providing for customer demands and for customer service. FY 2021-22 costs are used for the cost-of-service analysis because they are the most recent budget year.
2. **Cost allocation** - The classified costs are allocated to the functions associated with each service. For demand services, the functions are levels of service that comprise average day, maximum day, and maximum hour demands. For customer services, the functions are customer accounts and customer capacity.

The classifications of major costs are summarized as follows:

Demand services

- Base day - non-seasonal daily demand based on winter water use.
- Average day - average daily demand utilizing base supply plus a small portion for peaking beyond winter water use levels.
- Maximum day - peaking on the maximum day: peak supply, transmission mains to distribution storage, booster pumps.
- Maximum hour - peak hour on the maximum day: a portion of distribution storage, distribution mains to customers, hydrants, conservation programs.

⁷ *Principles of Water Rates, Fees, and Charges*. Manual M1. American Water Works Association. 2017.

Customer services

- Accounts: meter reading, billing, accounting, customer service, fire services.
- Capacity: a portion of distribution storage, distribution mains to customers, hydrants, conservation programs.

Composite services

- Indirect allocations for costs that are not directly related to either the demand or customer service functions: reserves transfers, debt service.

Working with District staff, the individual line items in the revenue requirements were classified into either the demand or customer service categories. Certain costs, however, are not directly related to either demand or customer services. Such costs are considered to be composite in function and are allocated based on a composite of the direct allocations to the demand and customer service categories.

ALLOCATION FACTORS

Within the demand service function, allocations are made to varying levels of service ranging from average day demand to the highest level of peak demand for outdoor water use and irrigation during the peak hour of the peak day. With these allocations, rates can be designed to proportionately charge customers based on their demands.

Table 3-1 summarizes the flows by customer class for each of the service levels and the corresponding load factors. The majority of the District's services are related to meeting customer demands that can vary from low, base demands with very little seasonal fluctuation for irrigation or tourism to high, peak demands that can be over 2.2 times the base demand.

Table 3-1. Estimated Demands and Load Factors By Service Level

	Base Non- Seasonal Day	Average Day	Maximum Day	Maximum Hour
Flow (HCF/Day)				
Residential	1,759	1,897	2,570	3,726
Commercial ¹	826	978	1,398	2,027
Total	2,585	2,875	3,968	5,754
Load Factors				
Ratio of Flows to Average Day				
Residential	0.93	1.00	1.35	1.96
Commercial ¹	0.84	1.00	1.43	2.07
Total	0.90	1.00	1.38	2.00
Ratio of Flows to Base Non-Seasonal Day				
Residential	1.00	1.08	1.46	2.12
Commercial ¹	1.00	1.18	1.69	2.45
Total	1.00	1.11	1.54	2.23

¹Commercial flows include Recycled Water consumption

The service levels are defined as follows:

1. **Base Day (Non-Seasonal)** – The average winter demand (2,585 HCF) when seasonal peaking is minimal based on customer billing data for February 2018 to January 2019. The base day demand was derived for each customer class from the District’s customer billing data for February 2018 through January 2019, using the lowest two month period of metered consumption.
2. **Average Day** – The flow on the average day (2,875 HCF) is 1.11 times the base day system-wide flow (2,585 HCF). For residential customers, average day flow (1,897 HCF) is about 8.0% (1.08 times) more flow than base winter water use. For non-residential customers, the average day is 1.18 times base winter water use, which is presumably due to irrigation for parks and schools.
3. **Maximum Day** – The flow on the maximum day of the year is based on District data, which indicates that maximum day flow (3,968 HCF) is 1.54 times the base winter flow. The maximum day flow is 1.38 times the average day flow, as reported by EKI in the District’s 2021-published demand study. For design purposes, facilities such as transmission pipelines, pump stations, and treatment plants are designed to meet maximum day flows; a flow of two times average day flow is used to design these facilities. The District’s data shows that its maximum day is 1.38 times the average day, which is less than the design criterion.
4. **Maximum Hour** – The maximum hourly flow is estimated to be two times the maximum day flow based on engineering design criteria used for sizing infrastructure. The value must be estimated for lack of data. The maximum hour is therefore 2.23 times the base winter demand. For design purposes, facilities such as distribution pipelines and storage reservoirs are designed to meet maximum hour flows; a flow of four times average day flow is used to design these facilities.

The District's data shows that its maximum day is 1.38 times the average day, which is also slightly less than the design criterion.

Service levels need to increase to accommodate increasing levels of peak demands, which include irrigation, tourism, and other seasonal water uses. Providing for higher service levels requires larger infrastructure. In a cost-of-service analysis, the cost of the infrastructure is allocated to the corresponding level of service. The allocation factors are shown in **Table 3-2**.

The allocation factors are calculated using load factors from **Figure 3-1**. The load factors represent how much higher average day, maximum day, and maximum hour flows are compared with the minimal flows. The load factors indicate how much additional capacity is required to supply higher levels of service. For example, the average day load factor for the system is 1.11. Of that total 1.11 load, 0.11 is related to the average day peak, which is 10.1% of the total average day load. For purposes of allocating costs associated with meeting average day demands, 10.1% is allocated to the average day service and 89.9% is allocated to the base day service.

Table 3-2. Base/Extra Capacity Allocation Factors

	Base Day	Avg. Day	Max. Day	Max. Hour	
Residential Load Factors	1.00	1.08	1.46	2.12	
Base (Non-seasonal Avg)	100.0%				100.0%
Avg Day	92.7%	7.3%			100.0%
Max Day	68.4%	5.4%	26.2%		100.0%
Max Hour	47.2%	3.7%	18.1%	31.0%	100.0%
Commercial Load Factors	1.00	1.18	1.69	2.45	
Base (Non-seasonal Avg)	100.0%				100.0%
Avg Day	84.4%	15.6%			100.0%
Max Day	59.1%	10.9%	30.0%		100.0%
Max Hour	40.7%	7.5%	20.7%	31.0%	100.0%
Total Load Factors	1.00	1.11	1.54	2.23	
Base (Non-seasonal Avg)	100.0%				100.0%
Avg Day	89.9%	10.1%			100.0%
Max Day	65.1%	7.3%	27.5%		100.0%
Max Hour	44.9%	5.1%	19.0%	31.0%	100.0%

Note: factors shown are rounded, percentages reflect actual ratios of non-rounded figures.

Table 3-3 summarizes the District's major operating and capital expenses according to the services they provide. The expenses are listed in order from their source at the SFPUC master meter to the District through the transmission pipelines, pumps, storage tanks, and distribution mains to the customer meters. The expenses are classified based on the associated service level and the corresponding allocation factors are shown.

Table 3-3. Services Provided By District Facilities

Operating and Capital Expenses	Demand Service Levels				Customer Accounts	Total
	Non-Peaking Base (1.93 mgd or 2585 hcf)	Peaking				
		Average Day (2.15 mgd or 2875 hcf)	Maximum Day (2.97 mgd or 3968 hcf)	Maximum Hour (4.3 mgd or 10,962 hcf)		
Source of Supply						
SFPUC service charge					100%	100%
SFPUC purchased water	90%	10%				100%
BAWSCA debt service					100%	100%
Transmission pipelines						
12" diameter and larger	65%	7%	28%			100%
Pump stations	65%	7%	28%			100%
Purification/water quality	65%	7%	28%			100%
Potable water storage tanks	45%	5%	19%	50%		100%
Distribution pipelines						
Under 12" diameter	45%	5%	19%	50%		100%
Customer service						
Admin, Metering & Billing					100%	100%

Flow rates are based on CY 2018 - HCF customer demands.

Mgd = million gallons per day.

Mg = million gallons

Hcf = hundred cubic feet. 1 hcf is a cube 4.6 feet on edge.

Table 3-3 allocation factors were used to apportion the revenue requirement in **Table 3-4**. In this figure the revenue requirement for FY 2021-22 is allocated to the four demand related service categories (\$9,772,105) and the customer accounts category (\$4,147,148). The next step in the cost-of-service analysis is to allocate each of the demand related expenses between the residential and commercial customer classes.⁸ In doing this, the capital and O&M components are kept separate, which is needed for subsequent rate design.

⁸ The customer accounts expenses are recovered through the District's service charges, which are independent of customer classes.

Table 3-4. Cost-of-Service Allocations

	FY 2021-22 Budget	Allocation Factor	Base Nonseasonal	Average Day	Maximum Day	Maximum Hour	Customer Accounts
O&M Expenses							
<u>110- Plant</u>							
Salaries & Benefits	\$293,500	Avg. Day	\$263,810	\$29,690	\$0	\$0	\$0
SFPUC Purchased Water							
Quantity Charge	\$4,665,225	Avg. Day	\$4,193,292	\$471,933	\$0	\$0	\$0
Service Charge	\$200,443	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$200,443
Utilities	\$275,000	Max Day	\$179,117	\$20,159	\$75,725	\$0	\$0
Supplies & Equipment	\$102,700	Max Day	\$66,892	\$7,528	\$28,280	\$0	\$0
Fees	\$100,000	Avg. Day	\$89,884	\$10,116	\$0	\$0	\$0
<u>120 - Distribution</u>							
Salaries & Benefits	\$1,360,800	Max Day	\$886,335	\$99,752	\$374,713	\$0	\$0
Utilities	\$45,000	Max Hr.	\$20,214	\$2,275	\$8,546	\$13,966	\$0
Supplies & Equipment	\$151,530	Max Hr.	\$68,067	\$7,661	\$28,776	\$47,027	\$0
Recycle Water Ops.	\$7,000	Max Hr. Only	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,000	\$0
Fees	\$17,000	Avg. Day	\$15,280	\$1,720	\$0	\$0	\$0
<u>130 - Admin</u>							
Salaries & Benefits	\$2,382,580	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,382,580
Utilities	\$26,000	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$26,000
Supplies & Equipment	\$126,160	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$126,160
Fees	\$70,510	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$70,510
Rebate program	\$65,000	Max Hr. Only	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$65,000	\$0
General & Administrative	\$680,150	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$680,150
Subtotal - O&M Expenses	\$10,568,597		\$5,782,890	\$650,833	\$516,039	\$132,992	\$3,485,843
	100.0%	O&M Comp.	54.7%	6.2%	4.9%	1.3%	33.0%
Capital Expenses							
BAWSCA D/S	\$388,512	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$388,512
PAYGo Projects	\$2,154,676	PAYGo Comp.	\$804,546	\$90,547	\$309,355	\$401,552	\$548,676
Existing Debt Service	\$514,475	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$514,475
Future Debt Service - Syst. Imp's	\$597,449	Debt Svc Comp. - Syst.	\$389,139	\$43,795	\$164,515	\$0	\$0
Future Debt Service - HQ Bldg	\$532,331	Debt Svc Comp. - Bldg	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$532,331
Subtotal - Capital Expenses	\$4,187,443		\$1,193,684	\$134,343	\$473,870	\$401,552	\$1,983,994
	100.0%	Cap Comp.	28.5%	3.2%	11.3%	9.6%	47.4%
Subtotal - O&M and Capital	\$14,756,040		\$6,976,574	\$785,176	\$989,910	\$534,544	\$5,469,837
	100.0%	Exp Comp.	47.3%	5.3%	6.7%	3.6%	37.1%
Non-Operating Revenue							
Fire Standby	(\$58,939)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$58,939)
Water Connections	(\$25,000)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$25,000)
Renewal of Service	(\$21,000)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$21,000)
Late Charges	(\$70,000)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$70,000)
Miscellaneous Revenues	(\$50,000)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$50,000)
Lease Revenues	(\$238,960)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$238,960)
Taxes & Assessments	(\$1,070,000)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$1,070,000)
Transmission & Storage	(\$75,000)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$75,000)
Gain on Sale of Assets	\$0	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	(\$1,608,899)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$1,608,899)
Transfer to/(from) Reserves	\$772,112	Exp Comp.	\$365,050	\$41,084	\$51,797	\$27,970	\$286,210
Total Revenue Requirement	\$13,919,254		\$7,341,624	\$826,261	\$1,041,707	\$562,514	\$4,147,148
						\$9,772,105	\$4,147,148
						Volumetric	Service

The allocation factors for costs classified as Customer Service are either 100% customer account or capacity allocations. **Table 3-5** summarizes the allocation factors for the demand and customer service costs, as previously identified in **Table 3-3**. In addition, the figure below shows the composite allocations. The O&M and Capital composite allocations are based on subtotals of the O&M and Capital costs that were directly allocated to either the demand or customer service categories. The PAYGo composite is based on the subtotals of capital projects specifically funded through PAYGo. The expense composite allocates revenue requirements for any necessary reserve transfers based on the subtotals of all O&M, capital costs, including future debt service.

There are two separate debt service composite allocations. The first debt service composite allocates system improvement costs associated with the three large storage tank projects. While these projects are intended to be funded through debt issuance, the costs are allocated to volumetric rates so that customers placing demand on the system are paying for the costs to maintain the storage which serves this demand. The expense composite is based on the combined subtotal of all directly classified costs. The second debt service composite allocates debt service payments for the headquarters building to customer service. In this manner, all customers will share the cost of the District's updated administration facilities.

Table 3-5. Cost-of-Service Allocation Factors

System-Wide Allocation Factors	Base	Average Day	Maximum Day	Maximum Hour	Customer Accounts	Total
Base Day	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Average Day	89.9%	10.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Max Day	65.1%	7.3%	27.5%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Max Hour	44.9%	5.1%	19.0%	31.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Max Hour Only	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Customer	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
O&M Composite	54.7%	6.2%	4.9%	1.3%	33.0%	100.0%
PAYGo Composite	37.3%	4.2%	14.4%	18.6%	25.5%	100.0%
Debt Svc Composite	65.1%	7.3%	27.5%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Debt Svc Composite	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Exp Composite	47.3%	5.3%	6.7%	3.6%	37.1%	100.0%

The expenses that are allocated to Demand Service Levels are recovered from the District's volumetric charges. Certain portions of the costs are allocated to the Customer Accounts category, which are recovered from the District's fixed service charges. **Table 3-5** provides a detailed breakdown of the expenses and cost-of-service allocations.

The allocations to individual classes are proportioned in **Table 3-6** to the classes' flows in each category of service. For example, the residential class is allocated 68.04% of the base costs based on the fact that residential flow is 1,758 HCF of the total 2,585 HCF base flow.

Table 3-6. Customer Class Cost-of-Service Allocations for Demand Service Levels

Volumetric Cost of Service	Base	Average Day	Maximum Day	Maximum Hour	Total
Volumetric Revenue Requirement					
Capital	\$1,558,734	\$175,427	\$525,667	\$429,522	\$2,689,351
O&M incl. SFPUC and other	\$5,782,890	\$650,833	\$516,039	\$132,992	\$7,082,755
	\$7,341,624	\$826,261	\$1,041,707	\$562,514	\$9,772,105
Units of Service (HCF)					
Residential	1,759	1,897	2,570	3,726	
Commercial	826	978	1,398	2,027	
	2,585	2,875	3,968	5,754	
Proportional Allocation Factors					
Residential	68.04%	65.97%	64.76%	64.76%	
Commercial	31.96%	34.03%	35.24%	35.24%	
	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Cost of Service					
Residential					
Capital	\$1,060,594	\$115,736	\$340,446	\$278,178	\$1,794,953
O&M incl. SFPUC and other	\$3,934,793	\$429,378	\$334,211	\$86,132	\$4,784,513
	\$4,995,386	\$545,113	\$674,657	\$364,310	\$6,579,466
Commercial					
Capital	\$498,141	\$59,692	\$185,221	\$151,344	\$894,397
O&M incl. SFPUC and other	\$1,848,097	\$221,455	\$181,829	\$46,860	\$2,298,242
	\$2,346,238	\$281,147	\$367,050	\$198,204	\$3,192,639
	\$7,341,624	\$826,261	\$1,041,707	\$562,514	\$9,772,105
Unit Cost of Service (\$/HCF)	\$ 2,840.61	\$ 287.36	\$ 262.52	\$ 97.77	\$ 0.27
Revenue Requirement Allocations					
Residential	\$4,995,386	\$545,113	\$674,657	\$364,310	\$6,579,466
Commercial	\$2,346,238	\$281,147	\$367,050	\$198,204	\$3,192,639
	\$7,341,624	\$826,261	\$1,041,707	\$562,514	\$9,772,105

The residential class is allocated \$6,579,466 of the total demand related expenses and the commercial class is allocated \$3,192,639. These customer class allocations and the expense attributable to customer accounts are compared with the estimated revenue from current rates in **Table 3-7**.

Table 3-7. Current Rate Revenue Compared With the Cost-of-Service

Components of Rate Structure	Current Revenue ¹ (no rate increase)		Cost of Service		Difference COS Minus Current	
Volumetric						
Residential	\$6,317,137		\$6,579,466		\$262,329	4.2%
Commercial	\$3,017,408		\$3,192,639		\$175,231	5.8%
	\$9,334,545	67%	\$9,772,105	70%	\$437,560	4.7%
Service/Meter Charges	\$4,584,708	33%	\$4,147,148	30%	(\$437,560)	-9.5%
	\$13,919,254	100%	\$13,919,254	100%	\$0	0.0%

¹Based on Projected FY 2021-22 Water Use at Current Rates

The comparison of revenue from current rates with the revenue requirement indicates the following:

- Service charges need to decrease 9.5%.
- Volumetric charges need to increase 4.2% for residential customers and increase 5.8% for commercial customers.

Rates need to be designed to generate each class's share of the revenue requirement related to volumetric charges. The next section provides the recommended modifications to the service charge and volumetric charges needed to meet the cost-of-service.

4. RATE DESIGN

This section discusses the design of volumetric charge for residential and non-residential customers and the fixed service charges, which are independent of customer class.

CURRENT RATES

The District's rate payers pay the sum of two charges for water service on a bi-monthly basis: a fixed service (meter) charge based on the size of the service connection plus a volumetric charge based on metered water use during the prior bi-monthly billing period. Current rates are summarized in **Tables 4-1** and **4-2**.

The service charges are the same regardless of customer class. In other words, the charge for a meter of a given size is the same for all meters of that size regardless of which class of customer is served.

Table 4-1. Current Bi-monthly Service Charges

Meter Size	Charge per Account
5/8"	\$53.48
3/4"	\$58.87
1"	\$74.97
1 1/2"	\$96.36
2"	\$155.65
3"	\$588.64
4"	\$749.39
6"	\$1,124.12
8"	\$1,552.33
10"	\$2,087.73
12"	\$2,623.13

The volumetric charges vary depending on the customer class. Single-family residential customers pay tiered consumption charges also referred to as "increasing block rates." Residential customers pay rates for each range of consumption (tier or block); the rate in each tier increases as consumption increases. The total volumetric charge is the sum of the consumption in each tier multiplied times the respective rate in each tier. The current residential increasing block rates comprise four tiers.

Table 4-2. Current Bi-monthly Volumetric Rates

Customer Class	Current Tier Size	\$/HCF
Residential		
Tier 1	1-5 HCF	\$6.60
Tier 2	6-10 HCF	\$7.86
Tier 3	11-19 HCF	\$13.53
Tier 4	Over 19 HCF	\$22.72
Commercial		\$8.49
Recycled Water		\$7.50

Commercial (including multi-family residential customers) customers' volumetric rates are uniform and do not increase with increasing use the way they do for the single-family residential customers. Recycled water volumetric rates are also uniform.

WATER USAGE CHARGES

The District has separate volumetric charge⁹ structures for residential and non-residential customers. Residential volumetric charges are tiered, which is appropriate because of the variation in demands within a comparatively homogeneous class of customers. The tiered rate structure corresponds to levels of service that range from low, essential needs to high, discretionary needs. The rate for each tier is set to reflect the cost of providing for the amount of peaking that is required. Calculating the tiered rates for residential customers needs to ensure that the rates reflect the cost of providing service across the range of tiers.

Non-residential volumetric charges are uniform, which is appropriate because this class comprises commercial and municipal uses that are very heterogeneous but whose water uses – which vary considerably – are less discretionary compared to residential water use. Calculating the uniform rate for commercial customers is less complex than tiered rate calculations but needs to be integrated with the calculation of recycled water rates, which are based on contractual terms.

Residential Volumetric Charges

The use of four tiers has been in place for the District's residential customers for several years. The number of tiers and the location of the breakpoints between tiers is determined by evaluation of the District's historical water consumption, as discussed previously in Section 3. Each breakpoint was calculated utilizing the total residential daily demand consumption divided by the number of accounts, 12,038, as shown in **Table 4-3**.

⁹ The official title is "water usage charge." For ease of discussion, the terms "volumetric charge" or "volumetric rate" are used in this report.

Table 4-3. Residential Tier Breakpoint Calculation

	Base Non- Seasonal Day	Average Day	Maximum Day	Maximum Hour
Residential Daily Volume	1,759	1,897	2,570	3,726
Bi-Monthly Volume (60 days)	105,514	113,820	154,193	223,580
Accounts	12,038	12,038	12,038	12,038
Flow Per Account (HCF bimonthly)	8.77	9.46	12.81	18.57

This calculated the average day tier breakpoint of 9.46 HCF (1,897 HCF per day x 60 days ÷ 12,038 accounts) and the maximum day tier breakpoint of 12.81 HCF (2,570 HCF per day x 60 days ÷ 12,038 accounts). Since the District bills customers based on whole number increments only, the average day tier breakpoint was set to 9 HCF and the maximum day tier breakpoint was rounded up to 13 HCF. All consumption above the 13 HCF is assumed to be maximum hour peaking demand and billed at the maximum hour tiered rate.

Having breakpoints at 9 HCF for both tiers of base day and average day consumption would eliminate the need for four total tiers. However, in working with District staff, the decision was made instead to follow previous practice, with the first tier maintained the tier breakpoint of 5 HCF. This location represents a demand of 62 gallons per day (GPD), which is in line with the average inside water use per capita in the state, 55 gallons per day, as stated in Senate Bill 606/Assembly Bill 1668. In effect, a demand this low represents inside water use for a household of slightly more than one person, approximately half the household size in the District of 2.3.

Maintaining the first breakpoint at 5 HCF creates a first tier for ultra-low water use. If all households were this size, the District would require approximately half as much infrastructure capacity (5 HCF/9.46 CCF = 0.53). Hence, the cost of providing service to ultra-low customers could exclude approximately half of the capital cost. It is noted that in **Figure 3-4** nearly half of the capital costs (\$1.98 million divided by \$4.18 million equals 0.47) is already allocated to the service charge. It was therefore concluded that the rate for Tier 1 would include only the O&M component because the capital cost for ultra-low water use is already recovered by the service charge. **Table 4-4** shows that the capital component is distributed across the flows for Tiers 2, 3 and 4 only.

After setting these breakpoints, volumetric rates were calculated as shown in **Table 4-4**.

Table 4-4. Residential Volumetric Rates – FY 2021-22

Residential Volumetric Rates	Tier 1	Tier 2	Subtotal T1/T2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Total
Demand Condition	Base	Average Day		Maximum Day	Maximum Hour	
Tier Structure						
Volume per tier (HCF)	0-5	6-9	0-9	10-13	Over 13	Total
HCF by Tier	313,164	193,721	506,885	83,461	102,059	692,405
Revenue Requirement by Tier						
O&M incl. SFPUC and other			\$4,364,170	\$334,211	\$86,132	\$4,784,513
HCF in Tiers 1, 2, 3, and 4			692,405	185,520	102,059	
O&M Cost Increment	\$6.30	\$6.30	\$6.30	\$1.80	\$0.84	
Capital			\$1,176,329	\$340,446	\$278,178	\$1,794,953
HCF in Tiers 2, 3, and 4			379,241	185,520	102,059	
Capital Cost Increment	\$0.00	\$3.10	\$3.10	\$1.84	\$2.73	
	\$0	\$0	\$5,540,500	\$674,657	\$364,310	\$6,579,466
Rate Increments						
Base/Avg Day						
O&M incl. SFPUC and other	\$6.30	\$6.30		\$6.30	\$6.30	
Capital	\$0.00	\$3.10		\$3.10	\$3.10	
Maximum Day						
O&M incl. SFPUC and other				\$1.80	\$1.80	
Capital				\$1.84	\$1.84	
Maximum Hour						
O&M incl. SFPUC and other					\$0.84	
Capital					\$2.73	
Total Rate per Tier	\$6.30	\$9.40		\$13.04	\$16.61	

Table 4-5 compares the breakpoints and rates for the current and cost-of-service-based tiers for single-family residential accounts. The percentage increases differ from tier to tier. For example, the tier 1 rate decreases 4.5% (from \$6.60 to \$6.30 per HCF) on January 1, 2022 and the tier 2 rate increases 19.6% (from \$7.86 to \$9.40 per HCF). The differing percentage increases occur as a result of re-aligning the rates with the cost-of-service. After the rate adjustment effective January 1, 2022, to re-align the rates with the cost-of-service, the projected increases in subsequent years can be made across-the-board without making further adjustments to the rate structure for the cost-of-service, which should remain fairly stable during the rate projection period.

Table 4-5. Comparison of Current and COS-Based Residential Tiers

Customer Class	Current Tier Size	\$/HCF	Customer Class	Proposed Tier Size	Proposed				
					FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26
				% Change effective date	various 1/1/2022	3.0% 7/1/2022	3.0% 7/1/2023	3.0% 7/1/2024	3.0% 7/1/2025
Residential			Residential						
Tier 1	0-5 HCF	\$6.60	Tier 1	0-5 HCF	\$6.30	\$6.49	\$6.68	\$6.88	\$7.09
Tier 2	6-10 HCF	\$7.86	Tier 2	6-9 HCF	\$9.40	\$9.68	\$9.97	\$10.27	\$10.58
Tier 3	11-19 HCF	\$13.53	Tier 3	10-13 HCF	\$13.04	\$13.43	\$13.83	\$14.24	\$14.67
Tier 4	Over 19 HCF	\$22.72	Tier 4	Over 13 HCF	\$16.61	\$17.11	\$17.62	\$18.15	\$18.69
Commercial		\$8.49	Commercial		\$8.98	\$9.25	\$9.52	\$9.81	\$10.10
Recycled Water		\$7.50	Recycled Water		\$8.08	\$8.32	\$8.57	\$8.83	\$9.09

The size of Tier 1 is the same for both the existing and proposed structures. Tiers 2, 3, and 4 for the proposed tiers do not include as much water as the existing tiers because of increased efficiency. For an average household, the size of Tiers 1 and 2 cover inside water use with a small allowance for discretionary outside water use.

Tiers 3 and 4 correspond to higher levels of service for irrigation and other seasonal water uses. Tier 3 demand corresponds to maximum day peaking, which occurs in the summer for irrigation. Tier 4 is the highest level of service for peak hour demands when the system is at its highest output. The proposed tiers are compressing from their existing sizes to reflect the effects of conservation. As less peaking demand is placed on the system a greater portion of consumption is reported in Tiers 1 and 2.

Commercial Volumetric Charges

The commercial volumetric charge is a uniform rate. For FY 2021-22, the volumetric charge is derived by dividing the volumetric portion of the commercial revenue requirement in **Figure 3-5** by the projected commercial water use. The District also supplies recycled water for irrigation at a contractual rate equal to 90% of the commercial rate. The 10% reduction reflects the fact that recycled water quality limits the use of recycled water to irrigation. This limitation reduces the value of the recycled water. The cost reduction is allocated to other commercial water users who may be future users of recycled water. When this adjustment is made, the commercial uniform volumetric charge is \$8.98 per HCF and the uniform recycled water volumetric charge is \$8.08 per HCF.

Pass-Through Adjustment

The cost of SFPUC water is the single largest component of the District’s revenue requirements. Because the District has no control over the SFPUC’s wholesale water rate, this cost is simply passed through to the District’s customers. The SFPUC provides projections of its future wholesale water rates, which are built into the rate projections in this study. The SFPUC updates its projections each year as part of the rate-making

process legally prescribed in the wholesale Water Supply Agreement. California Government Code Section 53756 authorizes water suppliers to adjust their rates in response to changes in pass-through costs. We recommend that the District incorporate annual pass-through adjustments in its volumetric rates.

Each year the District should determine how much, if any, pass-through adjustment is required as soon as the SFPUC submits its updated wholesale rates, which is typically in April or May each year. The wholesale rate used for the projections in this study should be compared with the updated rate and the difference either added or subtracted from the District's volumetric rates for residential and commercial customers. The wholesale rates per HCF used in this study¹⁰ are as follows:

FY 2021-22 - \$4.10
FY 2022-23 - \$4.32
FY 2023-24 - \$4.65
FY 2024-25 - \$4.92
FY 2025-26 - \$5.37

For example, if the updated SFPUC rate for FY 2022-23 is \$4.42, the \$0.10 difference should be added to the volumetric rates charged to residential and commercial water customers. If the updated SFPUC rate is less than the foregoing rates, the difference should be subtracted from the District's volumetric rates. In other words, the adjustment should be made in either direction.

Recycled water rates would change in relation to pass-through adjustments to commercial rates to maintain a ratio of 90% of the commercial volumetric rate charged. In the example above, if the volumetric rates increased by \$0.10, commercial water rates would increase from \$9.25 to 9.35 per HCF in FY 2022-23. However, recycled water rates would increase by \$0.10, from \$8.32 to \$8.42, so that the new recycled rate would continue to be equal to 90% of the commercial volumetric rate.

FIXED CHARGES

Figure 3-6 indicated that the revenue from fixed charges needs to decrease from \$4,584,708 to \$4,147,148. No change is needed in the fixed charge structure, which is graduated from smallest to largest meter sizes based on the nominal capacity of meters.

¹⁰ Rates included in letter from SFPUC to Nicole Sandkulla RE: Fiscal Year 2021-22 Wholesale Water Rates Notice, dated May 7, 2021.

Supply and Distribution Charges

Decreasing the existing service charges¹¹ across-the-board by 9.5% will serve to generate the required revenue. **Table 4-6** summarizes the current and proposed service charges after the 9.5% decrease effective January 1, 2022 and the future revenue increases needed, in accordance with **Figure 2-2**.

Table 4-6. Current and Proposed Bi-monthly Service Charges Per Account

Meter Size	Current Charge per Account	Proposed				
		FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26
	% Increase	-9.5%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
	effective date	1/1/2022	7/1/2022	7/1/2023	7/1/2024	7/1/2025
5/8"	\$53.48	\$48.38	\$49.83	\$51.32	\$52.86	\$54.45
3/4"	\$58.87	\$53.25	\$54.85	\$56.50	\$58.20	\$59.95
1"	\$74.97	\$67.81	\$69.84	\$71.94	\$74.10	\$76.32
1 1/2"	\$96.36	\$87.16	\$89.77	\$92.46	\$95.23	\$98.09
2"	\$155.65	\$140.79	\$145.01	\$149.36	\$153.84	\$158.46
3"	\$588.64	\$532.46	\$548.43	\$564.88	\$581.83	\$599.28
4"	\$749.39	\$677.87	\$698.21	\$719.16	\$740.73	\$762.95
6"	\$1,124.12	\$1,016.84	\$1,047.35	\$1,078.77	\$1,111.13	\$1,144.46
8"	\$1,552.33	\$1,404.18	\$1,446.31	\$1,489.70	\$1,534.39	\$1,580.42
10"	\$2,087.73	\$1,888.48	\$1,945.13	\$2,003.48	\$2,063.58	\$2,125.49
12"	\$2,623.13	\$2,372.78	\$2,443.96	\$2,517.28	\$2,592.80	\$2,670.58

The bi-monthly service charge is payable whether or not any water is used during the billing period and irrespective of the amount of water, if any, used.

Portable Meters

The charges for portable water meters for construction and other temporary situations are the same as the service charges above in **Figure 4-6**.

Fire Protection Service

The charges for all private fire protection service connections, which include all structures that have a fire service line are increasing at the same percentages as described above and summarized in **Findings and Recommendations Section of the Executive Summary (Item #6)**. **Table 4-7** summarizes the current and proposed bi-monthly fire protection service charges.

¹¹ The official title is "supply and distribution charge." For ease of discussion, the term "service charge" is used in this report.

Table 4-7. Current and Proposed Bi-monthly Fire Protection Charges

Meter Size	Current Rates	Proposed Bi-monthly Rates				
		1/1/2022	7/1/2022	7/1/2023	7/1/2024	7/1/2025
	% Change	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
2" or Less	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.36	\$12.73	\$13.11	\$13.51
4"	\$37.52	\$37.52	\$38.65	\$39.80	\$41.00	\$42.23
6"	\$75.03	\$75.03	\$77.28	\$79.60	\$81.99	\$84.45
8"	\$150.06	\$150.06	\$154.56	\$159.20	\$163.97	\$168.89

WATER SHORTAGE REVENUE STABILIZATION FACTORS

During prolonged shortages, customers are required to conserve or even ration their water use. These shortages can include locally declared water shortages caused by facility operations, State mandated reductions, or natural disasters including droughts. The magnitude of the water savings can significantly reduce water sales revenue from quantity charges.

During shortages, costs do not decrease in direct proportion to decreases in water use because typically over 60% of the costs are fixed regardless of how much water is supplied. In the District's case, 61% of costs are fixed and the remaining 39% of costs vary in proportion to water use. Hence, a 15% reduction in water use by customers may only reduce costs about 5.8% (i.e., 15% of the 39% of costs that vary in proportion to water use). With the revised cost-of-service based rates, the District will receive 30% of its revenue from fixed charges and the remaining 70% of revenue will come from water use charges (volumetric rates). Therefore a 15% reduction in water sales results in a 10.5% reduction in revenue (i.e., 15% of 70% of the revenue from volumetric rates). This means that, in a year-long 15% shortage, 94.1% of the costs are incurred while only 89.5% of the revenue is received, which is a 4.6% revenue shortfall.

Reserves may be able to cover the revenue shortfall during brief rationing periods. For longer or more severe rationing periods, temporary volumetric rate increases are needed to offset this revenue shortfall in order to maintain service levels. On average, the temporary volumetric rate increases are designed to be revenue neutral. In other words, customers will pay increased volumetric rates, which when multiplied by their reduced demand, will generate only enough water use charge revenue to cover costs.

The District proposes to use Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors to make the temporary volumetric rate adjustments that are needed during official water shortage emergencies declared by the Board of Directors to offset the revenue shortfalls caused by conservation. Although the Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors are designed to be revenue neutral, they must be implemented in compliance with the Proposition 218 protest process.

Water Shortage Contingency Plan Levels

The District's Water Shortage Contingency Plan (WSCP), adopted in June 2021, was developed to serve as a flexible framework of planned response measures to mitigate future water supply shortages. During shortages, the District requests shared contributions from all its customers towards meeting water use reduction goals during periods of water shortage. The WSCP also directs the District to focus its water conservation efforts on reducing discretionary water uses such as outdoor irrigation, while attempting to preserve uses that are essential to health and safety and minimize economic and other impacts to its customers.

Consistent with state requirements the District's WSCP is based on the six shortage levels shown in **Table 4-8**. During a water shortage, the District will implement a range of actions to reduce water use and help ensure that demand for water does not exceed supply. Such actions may include public outreach campaigns, water efficiency customer assistance and rebate programs, operational changes, and prohibitions and restrictions on some uses. In the more severe stages of shortage, the District will also implement water rationing and require mandatory water reductions.

The District has planned demand-reduction actions and other actions for each shortage level in the WSCP, and the District calculated corresponding reductions that could be achieved for each level. **Table 4-8** lists the estimated percentage reductions that will be achieved when implementing the demand reduction actions and other actions specified in the WSCP for each shortage level. As can be seen in the table, for a shortage level up to 10% (Stage 1), the District's planned actions result in a 5% reduction in water use, and the actions for a shortage of up to 20% (Stage 2) result in a 15% reduction in water use.

Table 4-8. Water Use Reductions Required for Each Stage of the District's WSCP

	Water Shortage Contingency Plan-Required Reductions Based on District-Declared Drought Stage					
	Stage 1 Up to 10% Reduction	Stage 2 Up to 20% Reduction	Stage 3 Up to 30% Reduction	Stage 4 Up to 40% Reduction	Stage 5 Up to 50% Reduction	Stage 6 Over 50% Reduction
WSCP-Estimated Water Use Reduction	5%	15%	25%	35%	45%	53%

As described further below, 2018 water consumption data was analyzed to determine the reduction requirement for both residential and commercial customer classes for each shortage level in the WSCP to meet the overall water savings assumed at that level.

Methodology

Since the passage of Proposition 218, recurrent water shortages have led an increasing number of water suppliers to adopt revenue stabilization adjustments that do not trigger

the Proposition 218 protest process each time an adjustment is made. This is accomplished by including the Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factor Adjustment procedure in the Proposition 218 notice at the time rates are adopted in compliance with Proposition 218. The notice describes the process, which rate payers have the right to protest. Barring a majority protest, the adjustment process is adopted as part of the rate increase and can be implemented as needed during the term of the adopted rate increases.

The adjustment process includes factors by which quantity (volumetric) charge rates are adjusted in alignment with the reduction stages in the WSCP. The factors are only applied to the quantity (volumetric) charge rates and not to the service charge rates to capture a customer's changes in water demand. As part of the recommended revenue stabilization factors, it is proposed that the shortage reductions will vary by customer class. Each class' reduction will be determined by reducing "outdoor" water use (seasonal water use) 2.5 times more than "indoor" (average winter water use) water use. It is assumed that seasonal "outdoor" water demand is primarily for irrigation, which is a lower beneficial use than non-seasonal "indoor" demand, which is primarily related to health and safety needs. In the District's case, all water consumption by non-single family residential customers is counted as commercial consumption in the figures that follow.

Analysis

Based on calendar year 2018 metered consumption data, the resulting reductions are summarized in **Table 4-9**. The reductions shown represent the customer class reductions required to achieve the reduction associated with each shortage stage. The customer class reductions are greater or less than the overall average for each stage depending on how much of each class' water demand is seasonal.

Table 4-9. Required Water Use Reductions by Class for Each Drought Shortage Stage as Described in the District's WSCP

Class	Stage 1 Up to 10% Reduction	Stage 2 Up to 20% Reduction	Stage 3 Up to 30% Reduction	Stage 4 Up to 40% Reduction	Stage 5 Up to 50% Reduction	Stage 6 Greater than 50% Reduction
Single Family	5%	14%	24%	34%	43%	52%
Commercial	5%	16%	27%	37%	48%	56%

Table 4-10 shows the calculation of each customer class' respective shortage reduction required during each shortage stage. The annual demand for each class is separated into indoor and outdoor water use where indoor water use is defined as the period from March through April multiplied times 6 to get the annualized indoor water use over 12 months. Subtracting indoor water use from the total annual water use determines the seasonal outdoor water use.

The percentage reductions for each customer class required to achieve the overall reduction for a particular stage are derived so that outdoor consumption is reduced 2.5 times indoor consumption. In a Stage 1 shortage, a 4.3% reduction in indoor water use and a 10.9% reduction in outdoor water use are required to achieve an overall 5% reduction. Applying the same reduction factors to each class results in different overall reductions for the class based on the relative proportions of their indoor and outdoor water use.

To achieve the 5% Stage 1 reduction, single family and commercial customers are required to conserve 5%. However, in Stages 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, Commercial customers are required to conserve a larger percentage than single family customers. This is because commercial customers have higher seasonal use compared to single family customers, as a result of lower residential irrigation demand and seasonal commercial demand driven by tourism. Note that the reduction required in Stage 6 is so great that all outdoor water use is eliminated. In the example shown in **Table 4-10**, a 53% reduction is assumed, requiring indoor water use to be cut back 47.7%, which is a 2.1-to-1.0 relationship, not 2.5-to-1.0.

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Table 4-10. Calculation of Shortage Reductions by Stage and Customer Class

5% Stage 1 Reduction (up to 10% reduction)									
Class	Baseline Annual Demand (HCF)			Reductions					
	Total	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Total	Total
Single Family	692,405	641,874	50,531	4.3%	10.9%	27,865	5,484	33,350	5%
Commercial	357,114	301,476	55,638	4.3%	10.9%	13,088	6,038	19,126	5%
Total	1,049,519	943,350	106,169	4.3%	10.9%	40,953	11,523	52,476	5.0%
15% Stage 2 Reduction (up to 20% reduction)									
Class	Baseline Annual Demand (HCF)			Reductions					
	Total	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Total	Total
Single Family	692,405	641,874	50,531	13.0%	32.6%	83,596	16,453	100,049	14%
Commercial	357,114	301,476	55,638	13.0%	32.6%	39,264	18,115	57,379	16%
Total	1,049,519	943,350	106,169	13.0%	32.6%	122,860	34,568	157,428	15.0%
25% Stage 3 Reduction (up to 30% reduction)									
Class	Baseline Annual Demand (HCF)			Reductions					
	Total	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Total	Total
Single Family	692,405	641,874	50,531	21.7%	54.3%	139,327	27,421	166,748	24%
Commercial	357,114	301,476	55,638	21.7%	54.3%	65,439	30,192	95,632	27%
Total	1,049,519	943,350	106,169	21.7%	54.3%	204,766	57,613	262,380	25.0%
35% Stage 4 Reduction (up to 40% reduction)									
Class	Baseline Annual Demand (HCF)			Reductions					
	Total	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Total	Total
Single Family	692,405	641,874	50,531	30.4%	76.0%	195,058	38,389	233,447	34%
Commercial	357,114	301,476	55,638	30.4%	76.0%	91,615	42,269	133,884	37%
Total	1,049,519	943,350	106,169	30.4%	76.0%	286,673	80,659	367,332	35.0%
45% Stage 5 Reduction (up to 50% reduction)									
Class	Baseline Annual Demand (HCF)			Reductions					
	Total	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Total	Total
Single Family	692,405	641,874	50,531	39.1%	97.7%	250,789	49,358	300,147	43%
Commercial	357,114	301,476	55,638	39.1%	97.7%	117,791	54,346	172,137	48%
Total	1,049,519	943,350	106,169	39.1%	97.7%	368,579	103,704	472,284	45.0%
53% Stage 6 Reduction (greater than 50% reduction)									
Class	Baseline Annual Demand (HCF)			Reductions					
	Total	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Total	Total
Single Family	692,405	641,874	50,531	47.7%	100.0%	306,241	50,531	356,772	52%
Commercial	357,114	301,476	55,638	47.7%	100.0%	143,835	55,638	199,473	56%
Total	1,049,519	943,350	106,169	47.7%	100.0%	450,076	106,169	556,245	53.0%

The service charges are fixed and generate about 30% of the total rate revenue regardless of shortages. The remaining 70% of revenue is generated by the volumetric rates. In deriving the Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors, the factors will only apply to the volumetric rates because fluctuations in water use correlate with fluctuations in

variable costs. Each customer class has its own set of Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors corresponding to its reduction in each stage of shortage.

The formula for the Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors comprises conservation and variable cost components. The conservation component adjusts to account for the required reduction in water demand. The variable cost component adjusts to account for the portion of variable costs that is covered by the quantity charges. The Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors are the product of the conservation component multiplied by the variable cost component. Each component is defined as follows:

Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factor = Conservation Component multiplied times Variable Cost Component, where

Conservation Component = $1/(1 - a)$, where

a = required percentage reduction, which varies by customer class.

Variable Cost Component = $(b - (c * a))/b$, where

a = required percentage reduction, which varies by customer class;

b = percentage of revenue from total service charges and volumetric rates for all customer classes that is attributable to volumetric rates, an amount that is 70% based on the cost-of-service analysis; and

c = percentage of total revenue requirement covered by service charges and volumetric rates that varies based on fluctuations in demand, an amount that is currently 39%.¹²

The following example illustrates how the formula determined the 1.023 Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factor in **Table 4-11** for the single family customer class in a Stage 1 shortage in which an overall conservation goal of 5% if required.

Conservation Component: $1/(1 - a) = 1/(1 - 0.0482) = 1.0506$, where

a = required percentage reduction is 4.82% for the single-family customer class (see **Table 4-10**, where a rounded 5% is shown).

Variable Cost Component: $(b - (c * a))/b = (0.70 - (0.39 * 0.0482))/0.70 = 0.9731$, where

¹² The cost of SFPUC water is the largest example of a variable cost, which varies with water demand.

$a = 4.82\%$ reduction for single family customers in a Stage 1 shortage.

$b = 70\%$ of total rate revenue is generated by quantity charges; and

$c = 39\%$ of revenue requirement is related to variable costs.

Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factor = $1.0506 * 0.9731 = 1.0224$ or 1.023 , as it is shown in **Table 4-11**.

The single family residential quantity charge rates in effect under non-shortage conditions would be multiplied by 1.023 to derive the quantity charge rates to be in effect during a Stage 1 water shortage. **Table 4-11** shows the Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors that would be applied to the rates that would normally be in effect absent declared shortages.

Table 4-11. Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors by WSCP-Defined Water Shortage Stage and Customer Class

Class	Stage 1 Up to 10% Reduction	Stage 2 Up to 20% Reduction	Stage 3 Up to 30% Reduction	Stage 4 Up to 40% Reduction	Stage 5 Up to 50% Reduction	Stage 6 Greater than 50% Reduction
Single Family	1.023	1.076	1.142	1.228	1.342	1.476
Commercial	1.025	1.086	1.164	1.268	1.416	1.566

To be applied to the non-shortage rates in effect at the time of the shortage declaration

Implementation

The recommended Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors in **Table 4-11** are implemented only during periods of declared water shortage emergencies. Once a mandatory shortage is declared, the Board of Directors has discretion to enact Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Adjustments corresponding to the level of shortage reduction implemented using the factors provided in **Table 4-10**. The adjustments can go in either direction from stage to stage depending on whether the level of reduction is increasing or decreasing during the shortage. At least 30 days prior to making the adjustment, notice must be provided to rate payers, which can be included in the customer’s bills. No protest process is required. These adjustments would be temporary and rates would return to the regular schedule at the conclusion of the water shortage emergency.

They act similarly to the pass-through adjustment for the cost of SFPUC purchased water, which was incorporated into the Proposition 218 notice in the last rate increase. The pass-through adjustment allows the District to adjust volumetric rates to track any difference between the SFPUC rates that were included in the model and the actual rates adopted

each year by SFPUC. The pass-through adjustment can also be made by providing 30-day notice in the customer bills without triggering the need for a Proposition 218 protest process.

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5. CUSTOMER BILL IMPACTS

RESIDENTIAL BILLS

Table 5-1 tabulates the current and proposed bills for residential customers with a 5/8" service. The bills are calculated from 0 to 30 HCF. At 0 HCF, only the service charge is shown. From 1 HCF and higher the bi-monthly demand is shown in both HCF and GPD. The color changes highlight the four tiers. The dollar difference compares the proposed bills with the current bills.

Table 5-1. Current and Proposed Residential Bill Comparison

Bi-Monthly Demand		Residential Bi-Monthly Bills (5/8" Service)		
		Current	Proposed FY 2021-22	Difference
HCF	Gal/Day			
0	0	\$ 53.48	\$48.38	\$ (5.10)
1	12	\$ 60.08	\$ 54.68	\$ (5.40)
2	25	\$ 66.68	\$ 60.98	\$ (5.70)
3	37	\$ 73.28	\$ 67.28	\$ (6.00)
4	50	\$ 79.88	\$ 73.58	\$ (6.30)
5	62	\$ 86.48	\$ 79.88	\$ (6.60)
6	75	\$ 94.34	\$ 89.28	\$ (5.06)
7	87	\$ 102.20	\$ 98.68	\$ (3.52)
8	100	\$ 110.06	\$ 108.08	\$ (1.98)
9	112	\$ 117.92	\$ 117.48	\$ (0.44)
10	125	\$ 125.78	\$ 130.52	\$ 4.74
11	137	\$ 139.31	\$ 143.56	\$ 4.25
12	150	\$ 152.84	\$ 156.60	\$ 3.76
13	162	\$ 166.37	\$ 169.64	\$ 3.27
14	175	\$ 179.90	\$ 186.25	\$ 6.35
15	187	\$ 193.43	\$ 202.86	\$ 9.43
16	199	\$ 206.96	\$ 219.47	\$ 12.51
17	212	\$ 220.49	\$ 236.08	\$ 15.59
18	224	\$ 234.02	\$ 252.69	\$ 18.67
19	237	\$ 247.55	\$ 269.30	\$ 21.75
20	249	\$ 270.27	\$ 285.91	\$ 15.64
21	262	\$ 292.99	\$ 302.52	\$ 9.53
22	274	\$ 315.71	\$ 319.13	\$ 3.42
23	287	\$ 338.43	\$ 335.74	\$ (2.69)
24	299	\$ 361.15	\$ 352.35	\$ (8.80)
25	312	\$ 383.87	\$ 368.96	\$ (14.91)
26	324	\$ 406.59	\$ 385.57	\$ (21.02)
27	337	\$ 429.31	\$ 402.18	\$ (27.13)
28	349	\$ 452.03	\$ 418.79	\$ (33.24)
29	362	\$ 474.75	\$ 435.40	\$ (39.35)
30	374	\$ 497.47	\$ 452.01	\$ (45.46)

NON-RESIDENTIAL BILLS

Table 5-2 tabulates the current and proposed bills for non-residential customers with a 1" service, which is a common size for a non-residential customer. The average non-residential bill is 60 HCF.

Table 5-2. Current and Proposed Non-Residential Bill Comparison

Bi-Monthly Demand		Commercial Bi-Monthly Bills (1" Service)		
		Current	Proposed FY 2021-22	Difference \$
HCF	Gal/Day			
0	0	\$ 74.97	\$ 67.81	\$ (7.16)
10	125	\$ 159.87	\$ 157.61	\$ (2.26)
20	249	\$ 244.77	\$ 247.41	\$ 2.64
30	374	\$ 329.67	\$ 337.21	\$ 7.54
40	499	\$ 414.57	\$ 427.01	\$ 12.44
50	623	\$ 499.47	\$ 516.81	\$ 17.34
60	748	\$ 584.37	\$ 606.61	\$ 22.24
70	873	\$ 669.27	\$ 696.41	\$ 27.14
80	997	\$ 754.17	\$ 786.21	\$ 32.04
90	1122	\$ 839.07	\$ 876.01	\$ 36.94
100	1247	\$ 923.97	\$ 965.81	\$ 41.84
120	1496	\$ 1,093.77	\$ 1,145.41	\$ 51.64

Table 5-3 compares the District's current and proposed residential volumetric rates to some of its neighboring water suppliers. The number of tiers and water use within each tier differs between jurisdictions. The breakpoints indicate when a customer begins paying the next tier's rate, which differ amongst the jurisdictions.

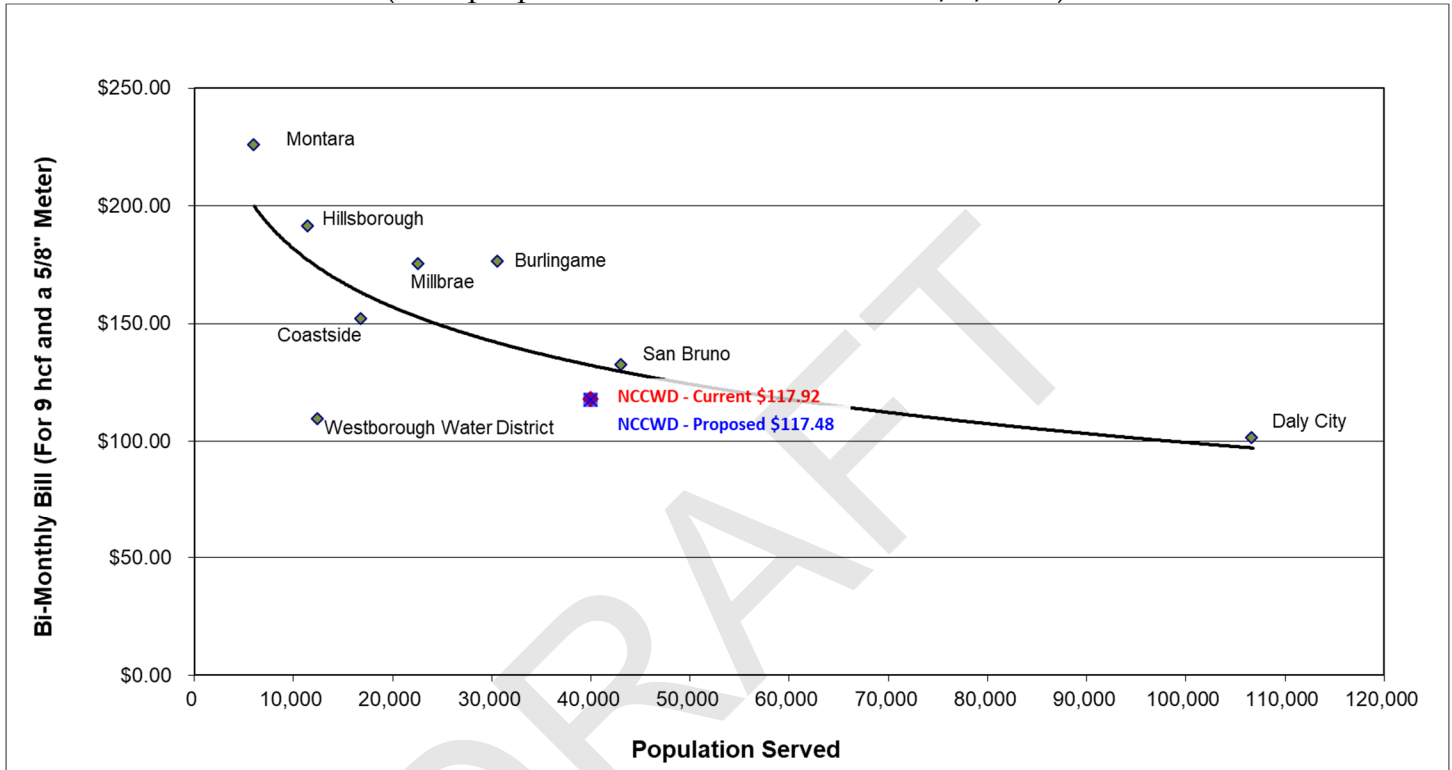
Table 5-3. Comparison of Residential Volumetric Rates with Other Jurisdictions

Rates per Tier (\$/CCF)								
	NCCWD		Burlingame	Coastside	Hillsborough	Montara	San	Daly
	Current	Proposed					Bruno	City
Tier 1	\$6.60	\$6.30	\$9.79	\$9.65	\$5.98	\$8.36	9.01	\$6.24
Tier 2	\$7.86	\$9.40	\$10.98	\$14.12	\$7.59	\$11.17	10.78	\$8.26
Tier 3	\$13.53	\$13.04	\$12.18	\$17.08	\$10.43	\$13.94	14.33	\$11.40
Tier 4	\$22.72	\$16.61	\$13.38		\$15.92	\$19.53		
Tier 5			\$14.58					
Breakpoints (Bi-monthly CCF)								
BP #1	5	5	5	8	20	6	20	26
BP #2	10	9	11	16	44	13	40	52
BP #3	19	13	21		70	27		
BP #4			32					

Figure 5-1 compares average residential bills (service charge and volumetric charge) for the District with some of its neighboring water suppliers based on the average customer water use of 9 HCF during a bi-monthly billing period. The bi-monthly bills are plotted against the population served. In this way, economies of scale can be accounted for because larger agencies often have lower costs per customer.

The curved dark line is a trend line. The trend line drops from left to right indicating the effect of economies of scale. The District's current and proposed bills fall below the trend line.

Figure 5-1. Comparison of Residential Bi-Monthly Bills with Other Jurisdictions
(with proposed rate increase effective 1/1/2022)



We note that the rates for other agencies are based on currently available published sources. All rates shown have been updated at least within the last three calendar years. Any proposed rate increases that have not yet been implemented are not shown.

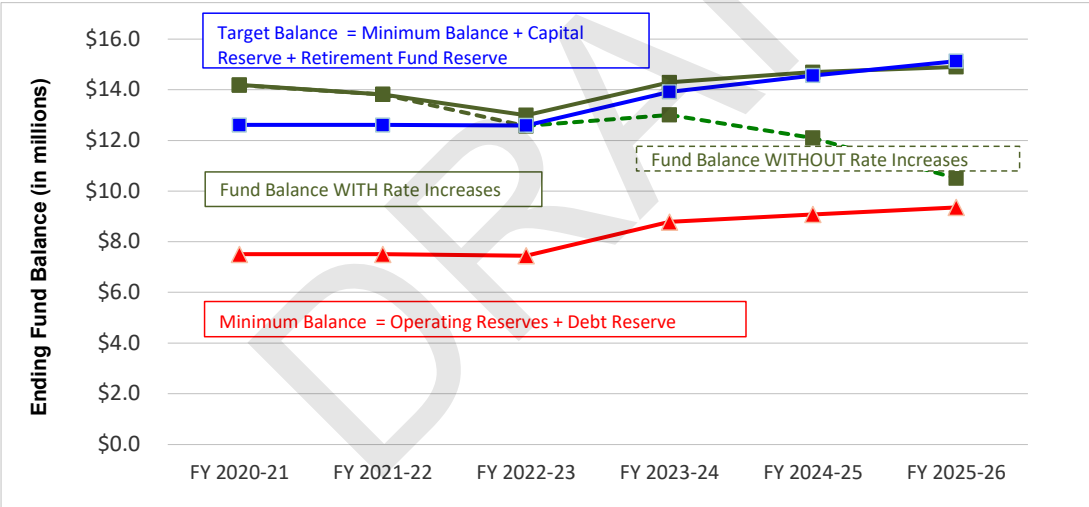
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APPENDIX. RATE MODEL

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	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1	North Coast County Water District									
2	Water Rate Study									
3	Table 1A. Summary									
4										
5	<i>Fiscal Year:</i>	FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	Notes		
6	Rate Increases	<i>eff. date</i>	1/1/2022	7/1/2022	7/1/2023	7/1/2024	7/1/2025			
7			<i>COS Adjs</i>							
8	Service Charge Rate Increase		-9.5%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%			
9										
10	Residential Volumetric Rate Increase		4.2%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%			
11	Commercial Volumetric Rate Increase		5.8%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%			
12			0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%			
13										
14	Revenue Increases		0.0%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	Growth + Rate Increases; To Tables 3, 4		
15										
16	PAYGO-Funded Capital		\$3,438,382	\$3,840,000	\$665,000	\$1,470,000	\$1,360,000	\$2,154,676	Average Annual PAYGO	
17	Bond-Funded Capital		\$550,000	\$12,121,000	\$14,381,000	\$625,000	\$5,860,000	\$33,537,000	Total Debt-funded Capital	
18										
19								1st bond issuance (FY 2021-22)	\$20,880,580	including issuance costs
20								2nd bond issuance (FY 2023-24)	\$13,159,475	including issuance costs
21	Debt Coverage Ratio		7.97	2.86	2.84	1.77	1.74	1.62	\$34,040,055	Total Bond Issuance
22										
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1	North Coast County Water District										
2	Water Rate Study										
3	Table 1B. General										
4											
5											
6	Assumptions			FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	Source	Notes
7											
8	a	General Inflation		Per Budget	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	NCCWD	To Table 2
9	b	Utilities		Per Budget	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	NCCWD	To Table 2
10	c	Salary Increases		Per Budget	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	NCCWD	To Table 2
11	d	Pension		Per Budget	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	NCCWD	To Table 2
12	e	SFPUC Water Rate per HCF		\$4.10	\$4.10	\$4.32	\$4.65	\$4.92	\$5.37	NCCWD email 5/7/2021	To Table 2
13		SFPUC Purchases (HCF)		1,222,211	1,137,860	1,146,155	1,154,451	1,162,746	1,171,042	Projected 2025 Demand per EKI Study	To Table 2, 6a
14		Assumed Losses		9.2%	10.8%	10.8%	10.8%	10.8%	10.8%	Calculated Losses CY 2019 Demand (EKI Study) versus District Meter Consumption	To Table 2
15	f	Liability Insurance		Per Budget	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	NCCWD	To Table 2
16	g	Interest on Earnings		1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	NCCWD	To Table 4
17	h	Non-rate Revenues		Per Budget	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	NCCWD	To Table 2
18	i	% Cutbacks due to Conserv.		0.0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	NCCWD _ Executive Order B-29-15	To Tables 2,3
19	j	Growth in Accounts		0.0%	0.00%	0.24%	0.24%	0.24%	0.30%	NCCWD 2020 UWMP, Table 3-2	To Table 3A
20	k	Construction Cost Inflation		Per Budget	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	NCCWD / HF&H estimate	To Table 5
21	l	Benefit Increases		Per Budget	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	NCCWD	To Table 2
22	m	Change in Residential Consumption			0.0%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%		To Table 6a
23	n	Change in Commercial Consumption			0.0%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%		To Table 6a
24	o	Change in Recycled Water Consumption			0.0%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%		To Table 6a
25											
26	Target Fund Balances					List of Model Worksheets					
27	<u>Operating Fund</u>										Table 1A. Summary
28	Purpose		For O&M cash flow during the year								Table 1B. General
29	Funding priority		Highest.								Table 2. Revenue Requirement
30	Minimum balance		Cannot go negative								Table 3a. Revenue Increase
31	Target balance		Three months of operating expenses								Table 3b. Commodity Revenue at Current Rates
32	District Policy		Six months of operating expenses								and Projected FY 2021-22 Water Use/Sales
33											
34	<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u>										Table 4. Reserves
35	Purpose		To be used for replacement of Equipment/ Facilities								Table 5. CIP
36	Funding priority		Low								Table 6a. Volumetric Charge Revenue
37	Minimum balance		Cannot go negative								Table 6b. Service (Meter) Charge Revenue Calculation
38	Target balance		Average annual expenditure increased by Assumption (12) above								Table 7. Debt Service Schedule and Debt Coverage
39	District Policy		Previous 5 years actual avg annual CIP + 3 mo's budgeted CIP PAYGo								Table 8. Loading Factors
40											
41	<u>Bond Fund</u>										Table 9. Allocations
42	Purpose		For acquisition and construction of facilities and infrastructure for new customers.								
43	Funding priority		As needed								

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
44		Minimum balance	Cannot go negative								
45		Target balance	100% of all deposited funds								
46		District Policy	1.2 x annual debt service								
47											
48		<u>Retirement Fund</u>									
49		Purpose	Fund retiree benefits								
50		Funding priority	When possible								
51		Minimum balance	Cannot go negative								
52		Target balance	\$5,000,000								
53											
54		<u>Emergency Reserve</u>									
55		Purpose	For emergent, unplanned projects brought on by natural disasters or failure of critical system elements								
56		Funding priority	When possible								
57		Minimum balance	Cannot go negative								
58		Target balance	Three months operating expenses								
59		District Policy	Three months operating expenses								
60											
61		<u>Drought Contingency Fund</u>									
62		Purpose	For additional cash flow when drought creates reduction of revenue								
63		Funding priority	Low								
64		Minimum balance	Cannot go negative								
65		Target balance	\$500,000								

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	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	North Coast County Water District												
2	Water Rate Study												
3	Table 2. Revenue Requirement												
4													
5													
6	Account #		Table 1B		Estimated	Budgeted	Projected						
7	SFPUC Water Purchases		Factors		FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	Notes		
8	Quantity Charge	e			\$5,011,065	\$4,665,225	\$4,951,390	\$5,368,195	\$5,720,711	\$6,288,493	From Table 1B		
9	Service Charge				\$200,443	\$200,443	\$200,443	\$200,443	\$200,443	\$200,443	4% of Qty. Charge		
10	BAWSCA Surcharge				\$431,172	\$388,512	\$388,512	\$388,512	\$388,512	\$388,512	Per BAWSCA February 2021 agenda packet		
11													
12					\$ 5,642,680	\$ 5,254,179	\$ 5,540,345	\$ 5,957,150	\$ 6,309,665	\$ 6,877,448			
13													
14	Salaries & Benefits												
15	5111 Regular Salary	c			\$ 1,836,000	\$ 2,032,000	\$2,072,640	\$2,114,093	\$2,156,375	\$2,199,502			
16	5112 Overtime	c			40,700	38,000	\$38,760	\$39,535	\$40,326	41,132			
17	5113 Duty	c			64,000	66,000	\$67,320	\$68,666	\$70,040	71,441			
18	5114 Temporary Employment	c			-	-	-	-	-	-			
19	5640 Payroll Taxes	c			143,000	150,100	\$153,102	\$156,164	\$159,287	162,473			
20	5641 Workers Compensation	l			50,000	50,000	\$53,500	\$57,245	\$61,252	65,540			
21	5642 Health Insurance	c			335,000	373,300	\$380,766	\$388,381	\$396,149	404,072			
22	5642A Retiree Health Insurance	d			326,000	326,000	\$348,820	\$373,237	\$399,364	427,319			
23	5643 Employee Retirement	d			680,000	759,000	\$812,130	\$868,979	\$929,808	994,894			
24	5644 Retiree COLA Benefit	d			97,000	97,100	\$103,897	\$111,170	\$118,952	127,278			
25	5645 Director's Health Insurance	l			111,000	115,000	\$123,050	\$131,664	\$140,880	150,742			
26	5646 Life Insurance	l			14,000	15,880	\$16,992	\$18,181	\$19,454	20,815			
27	5647 Employee Welfare	l			500	500	\$535	\$572	\$613	655			
28	5940 Directors Fees	l			10,000	14,000	\$14,980	\$16,029	\$17,151	18,351			
29													
30					\$3,707,200	\$4,036,880	\$4,186,492	\$4,343,917	\$4,509,649	\$4,684,215			
31													
32	O & M												
33	5230 Utilities	b	i		\$349,000	\$346,000	\$363,300	\$381,465	\$400,538	\$420,565			
34	5312 Lab	a			25,000	25,000	\$25,500	26,010	26,530	27,061			
35	5314 Regulatory Fees/Other Services - Misc.	a			100,000	105,000	\$107,100	109,242	111,427	113,655			
36	5315 Contract Services	a			12,000	12,000	\$12,240	12,485	12,734	12,989			
37	5350 Tools & Equipment	a			14,000	14,000	\$14,280	14,566	14,857	15,154			
38	5410 Meters	a			-	-	-	-	-	-			
39	5411 Asphaltic Materials	a			2,000	-	\$0	-	-	-			
40	5412 Operating Supplies	a			6,500	6,500	\$6,630	6,763	6,898	7,036			
41	5420 Inventory	a			60,000	60,000	\$61,200	62,424	63,672	64,946			
42	5513 Payment Center Fees	a	i		500	510	\$520	531	541	552			
43	5514 On-line Payment Fees	a			70,000	70,000	\$71,400	72,828	74,285	75,770			
44	5621 Printing & Office Supplies	a			13,500	11,530	\$11,761	11,996	12,236	12,480			
45	5623 Telephone	a			20,500	20,000	\$20,400	20,808	21,224	21,649			
46	5624 Janitor & Gardener	a			21,000	22,000	\$22,440	22,889	23,347	23,814			
47	5627 Postage	a			2,000	40,000	\$40,800	41,616	42,448	43,297			
48	5628 General Manager's Expenses	a			2,000	5,000	\$5,100	5,202	5,306	5,412			
49	5629 Vehicle Maintenance	a			20,000	20,000	\$20,400	20,808	21,224	21,649			
50	5631 Office Building Maintenance	a			-	5,000	\$5,100	5,202	5,306	5,412			
51	5632 Fuel	a			37,000	37,100	\$37,842	38,599	39,371	40,158			
52	5635 Staff Training	a			4,000	5,000	\$5,100	5,202	5,306	5,412			
53	5650 Office Equipment	a			15,000	15,000	\$15,300	15,606	15,918	16,236			
54	5655 Office Equipment Lease	a			8,000	8,000	\$8,160	8,323	8,490	8,659			
55	5661 Uniforms & Safety Equip.	a			13,000	15,200	\$15,504	15,814	16,130	16,453			
56	5670 Repairs & Maintenance	a			115,000	65,000	\$66,300	67,626	68,979	70,358			
57	5675 Flushing	a			-	-	-	-	-	-			
58	5725 BMP Compliance	a			65,000	65,000	\$66,300	67,626	68,979	70,358			
59	5730 Misc. Supplies	a			6,000	6,060	\$6,181	6,305	6,431	6,560			
60	Recycle Water Operations	a			7,000	7,000	\$7,140	7,283	7,428	7,577			
61	5735 Emergency Repairs	a			-	-	-	-	-	-			
62													
63					\$988,000	\$985,900	\$1,015,998	\$1,047,217	\$1,079,605	\$1,113,214			
64													
65													
66	Non-Operating Expenditures												
67	5620 Advertising	a			\$4,000	\$5,000	\$5,100	\$5,202	\$5,306	\$5,412			
68	5522 Bad Debt Write-Off	a			25,000	25,000	\$25,500	26,010	26,530	27,061			

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	North Coast County Water District												
2	Water Rate Study												
3	Table 2. Revenue Requirement												
4													
5													
6	Account #	Table 1B	Estimated	Budgeted	Projected								
65	5523	Factors	FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	Notes				
66	5622	a	-	-	-	-	-	-					
67	5625	a	20,000	20,400	\$20,808	21,224	21,649	22,082					
68	5626	a	1,500	1,500	\$1,530	1,561	1,592	1,624					
69	5626A	a	45,000	45,000	\$45,900	46,818	47,754	48,709					
70	5630	f	75,000	78,750	\$80,325	81,932	83,570	85,242					
71	5637	a	75,000	80,000	\$84,000	88,200	92,610	97,241					
72	5680	a	10,000	10,000	\$10,200	10,404	10,612	10,824					
73	5681	a	70,000	70,000	\$71,400	72,828	74,285	75,770					
74	5682	a	21,000	21,000	\$21,420	21,848	22,285	22,731					
75	5683	a	265,000	172,500	\$175,950	179,469	183,058	186,720					
76	5685	a	10,000	10,000	\$10,200	10,404	10,612	10,824					
77	5687	a	15,000	25,000	\$25,500	26,010	26,530	27,061					
78	5720	a	3,000	3,000	\$3,060	3,121	3,184	3,247					
79	5730	a	5,000	3,000	\$3,060	3,121	3,184	3,247					
80	5731	a	-	-	-	-	-	-					
81	5732	a	700	700	\$714	728	743	758					
82	5733	a	1,000	1,000	\$1,020	1,040	1,061	1,082					
83	5734	a	500	500	\$510	520	531	541					
84	5735	a	1,500	1,800	\$1,836	1,873	1,910	1,948					
85	5941	a	-	25,000	\$25,500	26,010	26,530	27,061					
86	5942	a	3,000	6,000	\$6,120	6,242	6,367	6,495					
87		Subtotal, Non-Operating Expenditures	\$726,200	\$680,150	\$696,153	\$712,596	\$729,494	\$746,862					
88		Annual Change		-6.3%	2.4%	2.4%	2.4%	2.4%					
89													
90		Total Expenses	\$ 11,064,080	\$ 10,957,109	\$ 11,438,987	\$ 12,060,880	\$ 12,628,413	\$ 13,421,739					
91		Annual Change		-1.0%	4.4%	5.4%	4.7%	6.3%					
92													
93		Debt Service											
94	5800	CSCDA RBP 2012 C	\$516,525	\$514,475	\$512,975	\$519,075	\$511,900	\$513,325	From Table 7				
95		FY 2021-22 Debt Issuance	\$0	\$1,129,780	\$1,129,780	\$1,129,780	\$1,129,780	\$1,129,780	From Table 7				
96		FY 2023-24 Debt Issuance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$900,635	\$898,612	\$898,621	From Table 7				
97		Subtotal, Debt Service	\$516,525	\$1,644,255	\$1,642,755	\$2,549,490	\$2,540,291	\$2,541,726					
98		Annual Change		218.3%	-0.1%	55.2%	-0.4%	0.1%					
99		Non-Rate Revenues											
100	4210	Fire Standby	(\$58,200)	(\$58,939)	(\$58,939)	(\$58,939)	(\$58,939)	(\$58,939)					
101	4230	Water Connections	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)					
102	4240	Renewal of Service	(23,000)	(21,000)	(21,210)	(21,422)	(21,636)	(21,853)					
103	4260	Late Charges	0	(70,000)	(70,700)	(71,407)	(72,121)	(72,842)					
104	4870	Miscellaneous Revenues	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,500)	(51,005)	(51,515)	(52,030)					
105	4910	Lease Revenues	(232,000)	(238,960)	(241,350)	(243,763)	(246,201)	(248,663)					
106	4930	Taxes & Assessments	(800,000)	(1,070,000)	(1,080,700)	(1,091,507)	(1,102,422)	(1,113,446)					
107	4980	Transmission & Storage	(75,000)	(75,000)	(75,750)	(76,508)	(77,273)	(78,045)					
108	4977	Gain on Sale of Assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	Future years per District input				
109		Subtotal, Revenue	(\$1,263,200)	(\$1,608,899)	(\$1,624,148)	(\$1,639,550)	(\$1,655,107)	(\$1,670,818)					
110		Other Transfers to/(from)											
111		Transfer to/(from) Capital Improvement Fund	\$0	\$2,154,676	\$2,154,676	\$2,154,676	\$2,154,676	\$2,154,676	From Table 4				
112		Transfer to/(from) Operating Fund	\$0	\$772,112	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	From Table 4				
113		Transfer to/(from) Retirement Fund (GASB 45)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	From Table 4				
114		Transfer to/(from) Capital Improvement - Depreciation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	To Table 4				
115		Transfer to/(from) Emergency Reserve	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	From Table 4				
116		Total Transfers	\$0	\$2,926,788	\$2,154,676	\$2,154,676	\$2,154,676	\$2,154,676					
117		Annual Change			-26.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%					
118													
119		Net Revenue Requirement	\$ 10,317,405	\$ 13,919,254	\$ 13,612,270	\$ 15,125,495	\$ 15,668,275	\$ 16,447,323	To Table 3				
120		Annual Change		34.9%	-2.2%	11.1%	3.6%	5.0%					

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	North Coast County Water District							
2	Water Rate Study							
3	Table 3a. Revenue Increase							
4								
5		Months	Projected					Notes
6		in first FY	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	
7								
8	Service Charge Revenue @ Current Rates		\$4,584,708	\$4,584,708	\$4,584,708	\$4,584,708	\$4,584,708	From Table 6b
9	Volumetric Charge Revenue @ Current Rates		\$9,334,545	\$9,334,545	\$9,334,545	\$9,334,545	\$9,334,545	From Table 6a
10	Revenue from Growth		\$0	\$11,003	\$22,007	\$33,010	\$46,764	From Table 1B
11	Revenue from Current Rates		\$13,919,254	\$13,930,257	\$13,941,260	\$13,952,263	\$13,966,018	
12	Net Revenue Requirement		\$13,919,254	\$13,612,270	\$15,125,495	\$15,668,275	\$16,447,323	From Table 2
13	Operating Surplus/(Shorfall)		\$0	\$317,987	(\$1,184,235)	(\$1,716,011)	(\$2,481,305)	To Table 4
14								
15	Service Charge Revenue							
16	Annual Increases		-9.5%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	
17			January 1, 2022	July 1, 2022	July 1, 2023	July 1, 2024	July 1, 2025	
18								
19	Revenue from Current Rates		\$4,584,708	\$4,595,712	\$4,606,715	\$4,617,718	\$4,631,472	a
20	<u>Revenue from Rate Adjustments</u>							
21	FY 2021-22	6	(\$218,780)	(\$438,610)	(\$439,661)	(\$440,711)	(\$442,023)	
22	FY 2022-23	12		\$124,713	\$125,012	\$125,310	\$125,683	
23	FY 2023-24	12			\$128,762	\$129,070	\$129,454	
24	FY 2024-25	12				\$132,942	\$133,338	
25	FY 2025-26	12					\$137,338	
26	Subtotal, Revenue from Rate Increases		(\$218,780)	(\$313,897)	(\$185,887)	(\$53,389)	\$83,789	b
27								
28								
29	Adjusted Service Charge Revenue		\$4,365,928	\$4,281,814	\$4,420,828	\$4,564,329	\$4,715,262	c = a + b
30								
31	Volumetric Charge Revenue							
32	Service Charge Increases		4.7%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	
33			January 1, 2022	July 1, 2022	July 1, 2023	July 1, 2024	July 1, 2025	
34								
35	Revenue from Current Rates		\$9,334,545	\$9,334,545	\$9,334,545	\$9,334,545	\$9,334,545	d
36	Annual Increases							
37	FY 2021-22	6	\$218,780	\$437,560	\$437,560	\$437,560	\$437,560	
38	FY 2022-23	12		\$293,163	\$293,163	\$293,163	\$293,163	
39	FY 2023-24	12			\$301,958	\$301,958	\$301,958	
40	FY 2024-25	12				\$311,017	\$311,017	
41	FY 2025-26	12					\$320,347	
42	Subtotal, Revenue from Rate Increases		\$218,780	\$730,723	\$1,032,681	\$1,343,698	\$1,664,046	e
43								
44	Adjusted Service Charge Revenue		\$9,553,325	\$10,065,269	\$10,367,227	\$10,678,243	\$10,998,591	f = d + e
45								
46								
47	Adjusted Service Charge Revenue		\$4,365,928	\$4,281,814	\$4,420,828	\$4,564,329	\$4,715,262	c
48	Adjusted Volumetric Charge Revenue		\$9,553,325	\$10,065,269	\$10,367,227	\$10,678,243	\$10,998,591	f
49	Total Rate Revenue		\$13,919,254	\$14,347,083	\$14,788,055	\$15,242,572	\$15,713,853	
50								
51	Net Revenue Requirements		\$13,919,254	\$13,612,270	\$15,125,495	\$15,668,275	\$16,447,323	
52	Net Transfer (From)/To Reserves		\$0	\$734,813	(\$337,441)	(\$425,702)	(\$733,470)	To Table 4
53								
54	Overall Revenue Increase		0.0%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	North Coast County Water District					
2	Water Rate Study					
3	Table 3b. Commodity Revenue at Current Rates and Projected FY 2021-22 Water Use/Sales					
4						
5						
6		Annual	Rates	Annual		
7		Water Use (hcf)	(\$/hcf)	Revenue		
8		Current Tiers				
9	Residential					
10	Tier 1	313,164	\$6.60	\$2,066,882		
11	Tier 2	211,063	\$7.86	\$1,658,955		
12	Tier 3	133,809	\$13.53	\$1,810,436		
13	Tier 4	34,369	\$22.72	\$780,864		
14	Subtotal	692,405		\$6,317,137		
15						
16	Commercial					
17		342,478	\$8.49	\$2,907,638		
18	Subtotal	342,478		\$2,907,638		
19						
20	Recycled Water					
21		14,636	\$7.50	\$109,770		
22	Subtotal	14,636		\$109,770		
23						
24	Total	1,049,519		\$9,334,545		
25						

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1	North Coast County Water District									
2	Water Rate Study									
3	Table 4. Reserves									
4										
5			Table		Budgeted		Projected			
6			1B	FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	Notes
7										
8	Reserve Funds With Rate Increases									
9										
10	OPERATING RESERVE									
11					\$6,864,068	\$6,702,542	\$5,946,228	\$5,664,875	\$5,291,565	
12					\$0	\$734,813	(\$337,441)	(\$425,702)	(\$733,470)	From Table 3
13	Transfers (To)/From									
14					\$772,112					To Table 2
15					(\$1,000,000)	(\$100,000)	\$0	\$0	\$0	From Below
16					\$0	(\$1,450,000)	\$0	\$0	\$0	From Below
17					\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	From Below
18					\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	From Below
19				Subtotal	\$6,636,180	\$5,887,354	\$5,608,787	\$5,239,173	\$4,558,094	
20				Estimated Interest Earnings	g	\$66,362	\$58,874	\$56,088	\$52,392	\$45,581
21				Ending Balance	\$6,864,068	\$6,702,542	\$5,946,228	\$5,664,875	\$5,291,565	\$4,603,675
22				<i>Minimum Balance (6 mo. operations)</i>	<i>\$5,532,040</i>	<i>\$5,478,555</i>	<i>\$5,719,494</i>	<i>\$6,030,440</i>	<i>\$6,314,207</i>	FY 2021-21 Ending balance as of 3/2021; includes customer deposit, accrued PTO; excludes OPEB.
23	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND									
24					\$1,500,000	\$1,228,457	(\$356,866)	\$1,144,138	\$1,847,103	
25	Expenses									
26					(\$3,438,382)	(\$3,840,000)	(\$665,000)	(\$1,470,000)	(\$1,360,000)	From Table 5
27	Transfers (To)/From									
28					\$2,154,676	\$2,154,676	\$2,154,676	\$2,154,676	\$2,154,676	To Table 2
29					\$1,000,000	\$100,000				To Above
30				Subtotal	\$1,216,294	(\$356,866)	\$1,132,810	\$1,828,815	\$2,641,779	
31				Estimated Interest Earnings	g	\$12,163	\$0	\$11,328	\$18,288	\$26,418
32				Ending Balance	\$1,500,000	\$1,228,457	(\$356,866)	\$1,144,138	\$1,847,103	\$2,668,197
33				<i>Target Balance</i>	<i>k</i>	<i>\$2,014,949</i>	<i>\$2,080,187</i>	<i>\$1,950,295</i>	<i>\$2,143,262</i>	<i>\$2,280,166</i>
34	BOND FUND									
35					\$524,575	\$529,821	\$1,999,619	\$2,019,615	\$2,039,811	
36	Expenses									
37					\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	From Table 5
38	Transfer (To)/From Operating Reserve									
39					\$524,575	\$1,979,821	\$1,999,619	\$2,019,615	\$2,039,811	To Above
40					\$5,246	\$19,798	\$19,996	\$20,196	\$20,398	
41				Ending Balance	\$524,575	\$529,821	\$1,999,619	\$2,019,615	\$2,039,811	\$2,060,209
42				<i>Target Balance (1.2 x 1 yr debt service pymt)</i>	<i>\$524,575</i>	<i>\$1,973,106</i>	<i>\$1,971,306</i>	<i>\$3,059,388</i>	<i>\$3,048,350</i>	<i>\$3,050,071</i>
43	RETIREMENT FUND (OPEB)									
44					\$5,000,000	\$5,050,000	\$5,100,500	\$5,151,505	\$5,203,020	
45	Transfers (To)/From									
46										To Table 2
47										To Above
48				Subtotal	\$5,000,000	\$5,050,000	\$5,100,500	\$5,151,505	\$5,203,020	
49				Estimated Interest Earnings	g	\$50,000	\$50,500	\$51,005	\$51,515	\$52,030
50				Ending Balance	\$5,000,000	\$5,050,000	\$5,100,500	\$5,151,505	\$5,203,020	\$5,255,050
51				<i>Target Balance (\$SM)</i>	<i>\$326,000</i>	<i>\$326,000</i>	<i>\$326,000</i>	<i>\$326,000</i>	<i>\$326,000</i>	
52										
53				Estimated Interest Revenue		\$133,770	\$129,172	\$138,417	\$142,391	\$144,427
										To Table 7

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
54	EMERGENCY FUND									
55	Beginning Balance				\$300,000	\$303,000	\$306,030	\$309,090	\$312,181	
56	Transfers (To)/From									
57	Revenue Requirements									To Table 2
58	Operating Reserve									To Above
59		Subtotal			\$300,000	\$303,000	\$306,030	\$309,090	\$312,181	
60		Estimated Interest Earnings	g		\$3,000	\$3,030	\$3,060	\$3,091	\$3,122	
61		Ending Balance		\$300,000	\$303,000	\$306,030	\$309,090	\$312,181	\$315,303	
62		<i>Target Balance (3 mo. operations)</i>			\$2,766,020	\$2,739,277	\$2,859,747	\$3,015,220	\$3,157,103	
63										
64				FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	
65		Total Reserves Without Increase		\$14,188,643	\$13,813,820	\$12,574,516	\$13,008,757	\$12,097,197	\$10,514,673	
66		Total Reserves with Increase		\$14,188,643	\$13,813,820	\$12,995,511	\$14,289,224	\$14,693,680	\$14,902,435	
67		Minimum Balance		\$7,505,145	\$7,505,145	\$7,449,860	\$8,778,881	\$9,078,790	\$9,364,277	Op + Bond Reserve
68		Target Balance		\$12,612,114	\$12,612,114	\$12,595,324	\$13,914,923	\$14,563,271	\$15,127,547	Minimum + OPEB + Capital Reserve
69										

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A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	North Coast County Water District											
2	Water Rate Study											
3	Table 5. CIP											
4	Note: values reflected in future years have been escalated at 3% annually from current year dollars.											
5												
6												
7	Project Name											
8	CIP Project No.											
9	Account No.											
10	Project Type											
11	Budgeted											
12	FY 2020-21											
13	FY 2021-22											
14	FY 2022-23											
15	FY 2023-24											
16	FY 2024-25											
17	FY 2025-26											
18	Allocation Factor											
19	Funding Source											
20	Groundwater Study	WS.3 - WS.6	1116-611	Potable Water Supply	\$ 50,000	\$ 75,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Hour Only	PAYGo
21	Recycled Water Study	--	--	Recycled Water	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Hour Only	PAYGo
22	Hydraulic Model Update	--	--	Potable Water Supply	\$ 135,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Average Day	PAYGo
23	Optional Tasks: Water Master Plan Update	--	--	Potable Water Supply	\$ -	\$ 95,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Average Day	PAYGo
24	San Pedro Creek Diversion Repair	WS.1	1116-610B	Potable Water Supply	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 110,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Average Day	PAYGo
25	Seismic Study Improvements	--	--	Potable Water Supply	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	Average Day	PAYGo
26	Christen Hill Tank - Consultant/Inspector	--	1935-103B	Potable Water Storage	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Day	PAYGo
27	Christen Hill Tank - Gate Improvement	--	1935-103C	Potable Water Storage	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Day	PAYGo
28	Fassler Tank Design and Construction	--	--	Potable Water Storage	\$ -	\$ 200,000	\$ 415,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Day	PAYGo
29					\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,480,000	\$ -	\$ -	Max Day	Debt-Financed
30	Second Royce Tank Design and Construction	--	--	Potable Water Storage	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 625,000	\$ 5,860,000	Max Day	Debt-Financed
31	Repair/Replacement of Tank Vents	--	--	Potable Water Storage	\$ 100,000	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Day	PAYGo
32	Sheila Tank Design and Construction	T.10	1117-135	Potable Water Storage	\$ 415,000	\$ 75,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Day	PAYGo
33					\$ -	\$ 550,000	\$ 4,220,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Day	Debt-Financed
34	Tank Hatch Intrusion Alarms - 10 Hatches	--	--	Potable Water Storage	\$ 39,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Day	PAYGo
35	21" Pipeline Inspection	--	--	Potable Piping Improvements	\$ 55,000	\$ 55,000	\$ -	\$ 65,000	\$ -	\$ -	Max Hour	PAYGo
36	Balboa Pipeline Replacement Inspection	--	1117-145	Potable Piping Improvements	\$ 40,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Hour	PAYGo
37	Fittings for Potable Hose System	--	1117-182B	Potable Piping Improvements	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Hour	PAYGo
38	Loop at Everglades Dr Pipeline Replacement	PL.15A	--	Potable Piping Improvements	\$ 200,000	\$ 390,000	\$ 2,670,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Hour	PAYGo
39	Shoreside Levee Pipeline Replacement	PL.10A	--	Potable Piping Improvements	\$ 45,000	\$ 360,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Hour	PAYGo
40	Highway 1 Crossing - Manor Dr	PL.2A	1117-146	Potable Piping Improvements	\$ 40,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Max Hour	PAYGo
41	Annual Main Replacement Program	--	--	Potable Piping Improvements	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	Max Hour	PAYGo
42	Advanced Metering Infrastructure Study	--	--	Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Customer	PAYGo
43	Two-Way Radio System Upgrade	--	--	Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Customer	PAYGo
44	Vehicle Purchase - Backhoe	--	--	Miscellaneous	\$ 125,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Customer	PAYGo
45	Vehicle Purchase - General	--	1119-122B	Miscellaneous	\$ 70,000	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Customer	PAYGo
46	Vehicle Replacement - Pickup Trucks	--	--	Miscellaneous	\$ 70,000	\$ 35,000	\$ -	\$ 35,000	\$ -	\$ 35,000	Customer	PAYGo
47	Computer Upgrades/SCADA, Office	--	1118-172B	Buildings	\$ 25,000	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Customer	PAYGo
48	Francisco Building Repairs	--	1118-112B	Buildings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Customer	PAYGo
49	Francisco District Headquarters Upgrades	O.3	--	Buildings	\$ 61,000	\$ 1,353,382	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Customer	PAYGo
50					\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,901,000	\$ 7,901,000	\$ -	\$ -	Customer	Debt-Financed
51	Redundant Off-Site SCADA System at Gypsy Hill	--	1915-103B	Buildings	\$ 32,000	\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Customer	PAYGo
52	Annual Flushing and Dead-End Blow-Offs	A.3	1117-145	Annual Projects	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	Customer	PAYGo
53	Annual Valve Exercise Program	A.5	1117-145	Annual Projects	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	Customer	PAYGo
54	Easement Protection (Annual)	A.6	1117-165	Annual Projects	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	Customer	PAYGo
55	Emergency Repairs	--	1117-145	Annual Projects	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 60,000	Customer	PAYGo
56	Fire Hydrant Replacement Program	A.4	1117-170	Annual Projects	\$ 30,000	\$ 120,000	\$ 120,000	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000	Customer	PAYGo
57	Meter Replacement Program	A.2	1117-169	Annual Projects	\$ 95,000	\$ 95,000	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000	\$ 70,000	\$ 70,000	Customer	PAYGo
58	Pressure Regulator Station Upgrades	A.1	1117-183B	Annual Projects	\$ 100,000	\$ 210,000	\$ 215,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 70,000	Max Day	PAYGo
59	Recycled Water	--	1116-201B	Annual Projects	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	Max Hour Only	PAYGo
60	Reservoir Fence Maintenance	A.6	1117-113	Annual Projects	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	Max Hour	PAYGo
61	Reservoir Site Paving	A.7	1117-112	Annual Projects	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	Max Hour	PAYGo
62												
63				PAYGo	1,892,000	3,438,382	3,840,000	665,000	1,470,000	1,360,000	12,665,382	
64				Debt-Financed	-	550,000	12,121,000	14,381,000	625,000	5,860,000	33,537,000	
65				Grand Total	1,892,000	3,988,382	15,961,000	15,046,000	2,095,000	7,220,000	46,202,382	

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	North Coast County Water District						
2	Water Rate Study						
3	Table 6a. Volumetric Charge Revenue		Current Tiers w/ Consumption from: CY 2018 - HCF				
4							
5							
6	Projected	Projected					
7	Demand (HCF)	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	
8							
9	Residential						
10	Tier 1		313,164	315,447	317,730	320,013	322,296
11	Tier 2		193,721	195,134	196,546	197,958	199,371
12	Tier 3		83,461	84,069	84,678	85,286	85,895
13	Tier 4		102,059	102,803	103,547	104,291	105,035
14	Subtotal		692,405	697,453	702,501	707,549	712,597
15	Commercial						
16			342,478	344,975	347,472	349,968	352,465
17	Subtotal		342,478	344,975	347,472	349,968	352,465
18	Recycled Water						
19			14,636	14,743	14,849	14,956	15,063
20	Subtotal		14,636	14,743	14,849	14,956	15,063
21	Total Demand (HCF)		1,049,519	1,057,170	1,064,822	1,072,473	1,080,125
22							
23							
24	Rates	Current	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26
25	Residential						
26			COS Rate	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
27	Tier 1	\$6.60	\$6.30	\$6.49	\$6.68	\$6.88	\$7.09
28	Tier 2	\$7.86	\$9.40	\$9.68	\$9.97	\$10.27	\$10.58
29	Tier 3	\$13.53	\$13.04	\$13.43	\$13.83	\$14.25	\$14.68
30	Tier 4	\$22.72	\$16.61	\$17.11	\$17.62	\$18.15	\$18.69
31							
32	Commercial						
33		\$8.49	\$8.98	\$9.25	\$9.52	\$9.81	\$10.10
34							
35	Recycled Water						
36		\$7.50	\$8.08	\$8.32	\$8.57	\$8.83	\$9.09
37							
38	Revenue		FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26
39	months effective		6	12	12	12	12
40	Residential						
41	Tier 1		\$2,019,908	\$2,046,936	\$2,123,604	\$2,203,029	\$2,285,309
42	Tier 2		\$1,671,815	1,889,284	1,960,047	2,033,355	2,109,297
43	Tier 3		\$1,108,776	1,129,151	1,171,443	1,215,256	1,260,644
44	Tier 4		2,006,988	1,758,783	1,824,658	1,892,903	1,963,600
45	Subtotal		\$6,807,487	\$6,824,154	\$7,079,752	\$7,344,543	\$7,618,850
46	Commercial						
47			\$2,991,015	\$3,189,710	\$3,309,180	\$3,432,947	\$3,561,162
48	Recycled Water						
49			\$114,009	\$122,683	\$127,278	\$132,038	\$136,970
50	Total Revenue		\$9,912,511	\$10,136,547	\$10,516,209	\$10,909,528	\$11,316,982
51							
52			to Table 1	to Table 1	to Table 1	to Table 1	to Table 1

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	North Coast County Water District												
2	Water Rate Study												
3	Table 6b. Service (Meter) Charge Revenue Calculation												
4													
5	Meter Report												
6	2/10/2021												
7		Commercial	Residential	Irrigation	Public	Multi Unit	Portable	Recycled Water	Unassigned Class	Subtotal	Fire	Total	
8	5/8"	281	10,770	53	32	157	5		679	11,977	40	12,017	
9	3/4"	16	257	4	2	46			16	341	2	343	
10	1"	56	482	14	18	52		1	16	639	172	811	
11	1.5"	24		11	8	37			7	87	1	88	
12	2"	22	2	16	24	23		2	5	94		94	
13	3"	1				6	9		17	33		33	
14	4"			1	2	1		3	1	8	1	9	
15	6"	1			4					5		5	
16	8"				1					1		1	
17	10"									-		-	
18	12"									-		-	
19		401	11,511	99	91	322	14	6	741	13,185	216	14,162	
20													
21	unknown	3				2			1	6		6	
22													

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	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	
1	North Coast County Water District													
2	Water Rate Study													
3	Table 6b. Service (Meter) Charge Revenue Calculation													
23	Annual		Projected											
24	Meter Count		FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26							
25		Current												
26														
27	5/8"	11,977	11,977	12,006	12,035	12,063	12,100							
28	3/4"	341	341	342	343	343	344							
29	1"	639	639	641	642	644	646							
30	1.5"	87	87	87	87	88	88							
31	2"	94	94	94	94	95	95							
32	3"	33	33	33	33	33	33							
33	4"	8	8	8	8	8	8							
34	6"	5	5	5	5	5	5							
35	8"	1	1	1	1	1	1							
36	10"	0	0	0	0	0	0							
37	12"	0	0	0	0	0	0							
38		13,185	13,185	13,217	13,248	13,280	13,320							
39														
41	Bi-monthly		Projected											
42	Service Charges		FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26							
43		Current												
44		Proposed Change	-9.5%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%						
45		Eff. Date	1/1/2022	7/1/2022	7/1/2023	7/1/2024	7/1/2025							
46														
47	5/8"	\$53.48	\$48.38	\$49.83	\$51.32	\$52.86	\$54.45							
48	3/4"	\$58.87	\$53.25	\$54.85	\$56.49	\$58.19	\$59.94							
49	1"	\$74.97	\$67.81	\$69.85	\$71.94	\$74.10	\$76.33							
50	1.5"	\$96.36	\$87.16	\$89.78	\$92.47	\$95.25	\$98.10							
51	2"	\$155.65	\$140.79	\$145.02	\$149.37	\$153.85	\$158.47							
52	3"	\$588.64	\$532.46	\$548.43	\$564.89	\$581.83	\$599.29							
53	4"	\$749.39	\$677.87	\$698.20	\$719.15	\$740.73	\$762.95							
54	6"	\$1,124.12	\$1,016.84	\$1,047.34	\$1,078.76	\$1,111.12	\$1,144.46							
55	8"	\$1,552.33	\$1,404.18	\$1,446.30	\$1,489.69	\$1,534.38	\$1,580.41							
56	10"	\$2,087.73	\$1,888.48	\$1,945.13	\$2,003.49	\$2,063.59	\$2,125.50							
57	12"	\$2,623.13	\$2,372.78	\$2,443.96	\$2,517.28	\$2,592.80	\$2,670.59							
59														
60	Annual		Projected											
61	Revenue		FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26							
62		Current												
63														
64	5/8"	\$3,843,180	\$3,476,390	\$3,589,276	\$3,705,827	\$3,826,162	\$3,952,770							
65	3/4"	120,448	108,953	\$112,490	116,143	119,915	123,883							
66	1"	287,435	260,002	\$268,445	277,162	286,162	295,631							
67	1.5"	50,300	45,499	\$46,977	48,502	50,077	51,734							
68	2"	87,787	79,408	\$81,987	84,649	87,398	90,290							
69	3"	116,551	105,427	\$108,851	112,385	116,035	119,874							
70	4"	35,971	32,538	\$33,594	34,685	35,811	36,996							
71	6"	33,724	30,505	\$31,496	32,518	33,574	34,685							
72	8"	9,314	8,425	\$8,699	8,981	9,273	9,580							
73	10"	0	0	\$0	0	0	0							
74	12"	0	0	\$0	0	0	0							
75		\$4,584,708	\$4,147,148	\$4,281,814	\$4,420,853	\$4,564,407	\$4,715,444	To Table 2						
76		To Table 3												
77														
78														

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1	North Coast County Water District									
2	Water Rate Study									
3	Table 7. Debt Service Schedule and Debt Coverage									
4										
5		FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	Notes		
6										
7	CSCDA Pooled Revenue and Bond Program Series 2012C (matures 10/2028)									
8	Principal	\$395,000	\$405,000	\$420,000	\$440,000	\$445,000	\$460,000			
9	Interest	\$121,525	\$109,475	\$92,975	\$79,075	\$66,900	\$53,325			
10		\$516,525	\$514,475	\$512,975	\$519,075	\$511,900	\$513,325	To Table 2		
11	Debt Financing									
12	1st Loan Start:	FY 2021-22								
13	Bond Proceeds	\$20,572,000								
14	Bond Issuance Cost	1.5%								
15	Loan Amount	\$20,880,580								
16	Payment Term (years)	30								
17	Interest Rate	3.5%								
18	Principal		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025			
19	Interest		\$402,450	\$416,659	\$431,370	\$446,600	\$462,368			
20			\$727,329	\$713,120	\$698,410	\$683,180	\$667,412			
21		\$0	\$1,129,780	\$1,129,780	\$1,129,780	\$1,129,780	\$1,129,780	To Table 2		
22	2nd Loan Start:	FY 2023-24								
23	Bond Proceeds	\$12,965,000								
24	Bond Issuance Cost	1.5%								
25	Loan Amount	\$13,159,475								
26	Payment Term (years)	30								
27	Interest Rate	5.5%								
28	Principal		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025			
29	Interest		\$0	\$0	\$179,296	\$187,269	\$197,833			
30			\$0	\$0	\$721,339	\$711,342	\$700,788			
31			\$0	\$0	\$900,635	\$898,612	\$898,621			
32	Total Debt Service	\$516,525	\$1,644,255	\$1,642,755	\$2,549,490	\$2,540,291	\$2,541,726	To below		
33										
34	Debt Coverage									
35	Revenue									
36	Water Service & Volumetric Charges	\$13,919,254	\$13,919,254	\$14,347,083	\$14,788,055	\$15,242,572	\$15,713,853	From Table 3		
37	Fire Standby	\$58,200	\$58,939	\$58,939	\$58,939	\$58,939	\$58,939	From Table 3		
38	Water Connections	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	From Table 3		
39	Renewal of Service	\$23,000	\$21,000	\$21,210	\$21,422	\$21,636	\$21,853	From Table 3		
40	Late Charges	\$0	\$70,000	\$70,700	\$71,407	\$72,121	\$72,842	From Table 3		
41	Lease Revenues	\$232,000	\$238,960	\$241,350	\$243,763	\$246,201	\$248,663	From Table 3		
42	Taxes & Assessments	\$800,000	\$1,070,000	\$1,080,700	\$1,091,507	\$1,102,422	\$1,113,446	From Table 3		
43	Miscellaneous Revenues	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,500	\$51,005	\$51,515	\$52,030	From Table 3		
44	Storage & Transmission	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,750	\$76,508	\$77,273	\$78,045	From Table 4		
45	Estimated Interest Earnings	\$0	\$133,770	\$129,172	\$138,417	\$142,391	\$144,427	From Table 4		
46	Total Revenue	\$15,182,454	\$15,661,923	\$16,100,403	\$16,566,022	\$17,040,070	\$17,529,098			
47	Expenses									
48	SFPUC Water Purchases	\$5,642,680	\$5,254,179	\$5,540,345	\$5,957,150	\$6,309,665	\$6,877,448	From Table 2		
49	Salaries & Benefits	\$2,604,200	\$2,854,780	\$2,921,645	\$2,990,530	\$3,061,525	\$3,134,723	From Table 2		
50	O & M	\$988,000	\$985,900	\$1,015,998	\$1,047,217	\$1,079,605	\$1,113,214	From Table 2		
51	Pension /Health/GASB 45 Benefits	\$1,103,000	\$1,182,100	\$1,264,847	\$1,353,386	\$1,448,123	\$1,549,492	From Table 2		
52	Non-Operating Expenditures	\$726,200	\$680,150	\$696,153	\$712,596	\$729,494	\$746,862	From Table 2		
53	Total Expenses	\$11,064,080	\$10,957,109	\$11,438,987	\$12,060,880	\$12,628,413	\$13,421,739			
54										
55	Net Operating Cash Flow	\$4,118,374	\$4,704,814	\$4,661,416	\$4,505,143	\$4,411,657	\$4,107,359			
56	Debt Service	\$516,525	\$1,644,255	\$1,642,755	\$2,549,490	\$2,540,291	\$2,541,726	From Above		
57	Coverage Ratio	7.97	2.86	2.84	1.77	1.74	1.62	Minimum 1.2x		

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O			
1	North Coast County Water District																	
2	Water Rate Study																	
3	Table 8. Loading Factors																	
4																		
5	FACTORS																	
6						CY 2018 - HCF												
7											Max.		Max					
8						Total		Base		Seasonal		Bill Period	Summer Bill					
9	Flow (HCF/Day)																	
10	Residential					1,759		1,897		2,570		3,726						
11	Commercial ¹					826		978		1,398		2,027						
12	Total					2,585		2,875		3,968		5,754						
13						Load Factors												
14	Ratio of Flows to Average Day																	
15	Residential					0.93		1.00		1.35		1.96						
16	Commercial ¹					0.84		1.00		1.43		2.07						
17	Total					0.90		1.00		1.38		2.00						
18																		
19	Ratio of Flows to Base Non-Seasonal Day																	
20	Residential					1.00		1.08		1.46		2.12						
21	Commercial ¹					1.00		1.18		1.69		2.45						
22	Total					1.00		1.11		1.54		2.23						
23																		
24	¹ Commercial flows exclude Recycled Water consumption																	
25																		
26																		
27																		
28						Base Day		Avg. Day		Max. Day		Max. Hour						
29	Residential Load Factors					1.00		1.08		1.46		2.12						
30	Base (Non-seasonal Avg)					100.0%						100.0%						
31	Avg Day					92.7%		7.3%				100.0%						
32	Max Day					68.4%		5.4%		26.2%		100.0%						
33	Max Hour					47.2%		3.7%		18.1%		31.0%		100.0%				
34																		
35	Commercial Load Factors					1.00		1.18		1.69		2.45						
36	Base (Non-seasonal Avg)					100.0%						100.0%						
37	Avg Day					84.4%		15.6%				100.0%						
38	Max Day					59.1%		10.9%		30.0%		100.0%						
39	Max Hour					40.7%		7.5%		20.7%		31.0%		100.0%				
40																		
41	Total Load Factors					1.00		1.11		1.54		2.23						
42	Base (Non-seasonal Avg)					100.0%						100.0%						
43	Avg Day					89.9%		10.1%				100.0%						
44	Max Day					65.1%		7.3%		27.5%		100.0%						
45	Max Hour					44.9%		5.1%		19.0%		31.0%		100.0%				
46																		
47	Flow Per Account (HCF bimonthly)					Accounts												
48						Base Day		Avg. Day		Max. Day		Max. Hour						
49	Residential					9		9		13		19		12,038				
50	Commercial					53		63		90		131		932				
51	Total																	

	Total	Base	Seasonal	Max. Bill Period	Max Summer Bill
Total Water	1,049,519	943,350	106,169	193,636	
(less) Residential	(692,405)	(641,874)	(50,531)	(123,427)	
Commercial	357,114	301,476	55,638	70,209	
(less) Golf Course Water	(6,723)	(96)	(6,627)	(3,058)	
Commercial Adjusted	350,391	301,380	49,011	67,151	

	Total	Base	Seasonal	Max. Bill Period	Max Summer Bill
Commercial Adjusted	350,391	301,380	49,011	67,151	1,119
Residential	692,405	641,874	50,531	123,427	2,057
Total Water Adjusted	1,042,796	943,254	99,542	190,578	3,176

Peak Day vs. Avg. Day		
Residential		1.08
Non-Resi		1.14
Total		1.10

Note
Maximum Day:Avg Day ratio provided by EKI demand study based on CY 2019 data
Max Hour :Max Day ratio provided by EKI Deman study based on CY 2019 data

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
1	North Coast County Water District								
2	Water Rate Study								
3	Table 9. Allocations								
4									
5		FY 2021-22	Allocation	Base	Average	Maximum	Maximum	Customer	
6		Budget	Factor	Nonseasonal	Day	Day	Hour	Accounts	
7		O&M Expenses							
8		110- Plant							
9		Salaries & Benefits	\$293,500	Average Day	\$263,810	\$29,690	\$0	\$0	\$0
10		SFPUC Purchased Water							
11		Quantity Charge	\$4,665,225	Average Day	\$4,193,292	\$471,933	\$0	\$0	\$0
12		Service Charge	\$200,443	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$200,443
13		Utilities	\$275,000	Max Day	\$179,117	\$20,159	\$75,725	\$0	\$0
14		Supplies & Equipment	\$102,700	Max Day	\$66,892	\$7,528	\$28,280	\$0	\$0
15		Fees	\$100,000	Average Day	\$89,884	\$10,116	\$0	\$0	\$0
16		120 - Distribution							
17		Salaries & Benefits	\$1,360,800	Max Day	\$886,335	\$99,752	\$374,713	\$0	\$0
18		Utilities	\$45,000	Max Hour	\$20,214	\$2,275	\$8,546	\$13,966	\$0
19		Supplies & Equipment	\$151,530	Max Hour	\$68,067	\$7,661	\$28,776	\$47,027	\$0
20		Recycle Water Ops.	\$7,000	Max Hour Only	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,000	\$0
21		Fees	\$17,000	Average Day	\$15,280	\$1,720	\$0	\$0	\$0
22		130 - Admin							
23		Salaries & Benefits	\$2,382,580	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,382,580
24		Utilities	\$26,000	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$26,000
25		Supplies & Equipment	\$126,160	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$126,160
26		Fees	\$70,510	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$70,510
27		Rebate program	\$65,000	Max Hour Only	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$65,000	\$0
28		General & Administrative	\$680,150	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$680,150
29		Subtotal - O&M Expenses	\$10,568,597		\$5,782,890	\$650,833	\$516,039	\$132,992	\$3,485,843
30			100.0%	<i>O&M Composite</i>	54.7%	6.2%	4.9%	1.3%	33.0%
31		Capital Expenses							
32		BAWSCA D/S	\$388,512	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$388,512
33		PAYGo Projects	\$2,154,676	PAYGo Composite	\$804,546	\$90,547	\$309,355	\$401,552	\$548,676
34		Existing Debt Service	\$514,475	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$514,475
35		Future Debt Service - Syst. Imp	\$597,449	Debt Svc Composite - Syst. Imp	\$389,139	\$43,795	\$164,515	\$0	\$0
36		Future Debt Service - HQ Build	\$532,331	Debt Svc Composite - Bldg	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$532,331
37		Subtotal - Capital Expenses	\$4,187,443		\$1,193,684	\$134,343	\$473,870	\$401,552	\$1,983,994
38			100.0%	<i>Cap Composite</i>	28.5%	3.2%	11.3%	9.6%	47.4%
39		Subtotal - O&M and Capital	\$14,756,040		\$6,976,574	\$785,176	\$989,910	\$534,544	\$5,469,837
40			100.0%	<i>Exp Composite</i>	47.3%	5.3%	6.7%	3.6%	37.1%
41		Non-Operating Revenue							
42		Fire Standby	(\$58,939)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$58,939)
43		Water Connections	(\$25,000)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$25,000)
44		Renewal of Service	(\$21,000)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$21,000)
45		Late Charges	(\$70,000)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$70,000)
46		Miscellaneous Revenues	(\$50,000)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$50,000)
47		Lease Revenues	(\$238,960)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$238,960)
48		Taxes & Assessments	(\$1,070,000)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$1,070,000)
49		Transmission & Storage	(\$75,000)	Customer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$75,000)
50			(\$1,608,899)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$1,608,899)
51									
52		Transfer to/(from) Reserves	\$772,112	<i>Exp Composite</i>	\$365,050	\$41,084	\$51,797	\$27,970	\$286,210
53									
54		Total Revenue Requirement	\$13,919,254		\$7,341,624	\$826,261	\$1,041,707	\$562,514	\$4,147,148
55								\$9,772,105	\$4,147,148
56								<i>Volumetric</i>	<i>Service</i>

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
57									
58			FY 2021-22	Allocation	Base	Average	Maximum	Maximum	Customer
59			Budget	Factor	Nonseasonal	Day	Day	Hour	Accounts
60			Revenue Requirement Recap						
61			Capital (plus transfer to reserv	\$4,959,555	\$1,558,734	\$175,427	\$525,667	\$429,522	\$2,270,204
62			O&M incl. SFPUC and other	\$8,959,698	\$5,782,890	\$650,833	\$516,039	\$132,992	\$1,876,944
63				\$13,919,254	\$7,341,624	\$826,261	\$1,041,707	\$562,514	\$4,147,148
64			Distribution by Functional Components						
65			Capital	100%	31%	4%	11%	9%	46%
66			O&M incl. SFPUC and other	100%	65%	7%	6%	1%	21%
68				100%	53%	6%	7%	4%	30%
69			System-Wide Allocation Factors						
70			Base	Average	Maximum	Maximum	Customer	Fire	Total
71				Day	Day	Hour	Accounts		
72			Volumetric Allocations						
73			Base Day	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
74			Average Day	89.9%	10.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
75			Max Day	65.1%	7.3%	27.5%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
76			Max Hour	44.9%	5.1%	19.0%	31.0%	0.0%	100.0%
77			Max Hour Only	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%
78			Customer	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
79			Fire	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
80			O&M Composite	54.7%	6.2%	4.9%	1.3%	33.0%	0.0%
81			PAYGo Composite	37.3%	4.2%	14.4%	18.6%	25.5%	0.0%
82			Debt Svc Composite - Syst. Ir	65.1%	7.3%	27.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
83			Debt Svc Composite - Bldg	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
84			Exp Composite	47.3%	5.3%	6.7%	3.6%	37.1%	0.0%
85			Volumetric Cost of Service						
86			Base	Average	Maximum	Maximum	Total	Annual	Avg. Cost
87				Day	Day	Hour		HCF	Per HCF
88			Volumetric Revenue Requirement						
89			Capital	\$1,558,734	\$175,427	\$525,667	\$429,522	\$2,689,351	
90			O&M incl. SFPUC and other	\$5,782,890	\$650,833	\$516,039	\$132,992	\$7,082,755	
91				\$7,341,624	\$826,261	\$1,041,707	\$562,514	\$9,772,105	
92			Units of Service (HCF)						
93			Residential	1,759	1,897	2,570	3,726		
94			Commercial	826	978	1,398	2,027		
95				2,585	2,875	3,968	5,754		
96			Proportional Allocation Factors						
97			Residential	68.04%	65.97%	64.76%	64.76%		
98			Commercial	31.96%	34.03%	35.24%	35.24%		
99				100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%		
100			Cost of Service						
101			Residential						
102			Capital	\$1,060,594	\$115,736	\$340,446	\$278,178	\$1,794,953	
103			O&M incl. SFPUC and other	\$3,934,793	\$429,378	\$334,211	\$86,132	\$4,784,513	
104				\$4,995,386	\$545,113	\$674,657	\$364,310	\$6,579,466	
105			Commercial						
106			Capital	\$498,141	\$59,692	\$185,221	\$151,344	\$894,397	
107			O&M incl. SFPUC and other	\$1,848,097	\$221,455	\$181,829	\$46,860	\$2,298,242	
108				\$2,346,238	\$281,147	\$367,050	\$198,204	\$3,192,639	
109				\$7,341,624	\$826,261	\$1,041,707	\$562,514	\$9,772,105	
110			Unit Cost of Service (\$/HCF)						
111			\$	2,840.61	\$	287.36	\$	262.52	\$
112								97.77	\$
								0.27	

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
113									
114		Volumetric Cost of Service	Base	Average Day	Maximum Day	Maximum Hour	Total	Annual HCF	Avg. Cost Per HCF
115		Revenue Requirement Allocations							
116		Residential	\$4,995,386	\$545,113	\$674,657	\$364,310	\$6,579,466		
117		Commercial	\$2,346,238	\$281,147	\$367,050	\$198,204	\$3,192,639	355,650	\$8.98
118			\$7,341,624	\$826,261	\$1,041,707	\$562,514	\$9,772,105		
120									
121									
122		Components of Rate Structure	Current Revenue¹		Cost of Service		Difference		
123			(no rate increase)				COS Minus Current		
124		Volumetric							
125		Residential	\$6,317,137		\$6,579,466		\$262,329	4.2%	
126		Commercial	\$3,017,408		\$3,192,639		\$175,231	5.8%	
127			\$9,334,545	67%	\$9,772,105	70%	\$437,560	4.7%	
128		Service/Meter Charges	\$4,584,708	33%	\$4,147,148	30%	(\$437,560)	-9.5%	
129			\$13,919,254	100%	\$13,919,254	100%	\$0	0.0%	
130									
131									
132									
133									
134									
135		Residential Volumetric Rates	Tier 1	Tier 2	Subtotal T1/T2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Total	
136		Demand Condition	Base	Average Day		Maximum Day	Maximum Hour		
137									
138		Tier Structure							
139		Volume per tier (HCF)	0-5	6-9	0-9	10-13	Over 13	Total	
140		HCF by Tier	313,164	193,721	506,885	83,461	102,059	692,405	
141									
142		Revenue Requirement by Tier							
143		O&M incl. SFPUC and other			\$4,364,170	\$334,211	\$86,132	\$4,784,513	
144		HCF in Tiers 1, 2, 3, and 4			692,405	185,520	102,059		
145		O&M Cost Increment	\$6.30	\$6.30	\$6.30	\$1.80	\$0.84		
146									
147		Capital			\$1,176,329	\$340,446	\$278,178	\$1,794,953	
148		HCF in Tiers 2, 3, and 4			379,241	185,520	102,059		
149		Capital Cost Increment	\$0.00	\$3.10	\$3.10	\$1.84	\$2.73		
150			\$0	\$0	\$5,540,500	\$674,657	\$364,310	\$6,579,466	
151									
152		Rate Increments							
153		Base/Avg Day							
154		O&M incl. SFPUC and other	\$6.30	\$6.30		\$6.30	\$6.30		
155		Capital	\$0.00	\$3.10		\$3.10	\$3.10		
156		Maximum Day							
157		O&M incl. SFPUC and other				\$1.80	\$1.80		
158		Capital				\$1.84	\$1.84		
159		Maximum Hour							
160		O&M incl. SFPUC and other					\$0.84		
161		Capital					\$2.73		
162		Total Rate per Tier	\$6.30	\$9.40		\$13.04	\$16.61		
163									

¹Based on Projected FY 2021-22 Water Use at Current Rates

²Based on 2-Bond Issuance Scenario of CIP Funding



Notice of Public Hearing on Proposed Water Rates

Wednesday, November 17, 2021 at 7:00 P.M.

To view the agenda, including participation and viewing instructions, go to: nccwd.com

To join the webinar, visit zoom.us/join and use Webinar ID: 744 9512 0395 Passcode: 975180

To join via telephone, call (253) 215-8782 and enter Webinar ID: 744 9512 0395 Passcode: 975180

For requests for accommodations or alternate formats, contact (650) 355-3462

Dear Customer/Record Property Owner:

The Board of Directors of the North Coast County Water District (District) will hold a public hearing to consider adoption of new rate schedules with adjustments to the Water Usage Charges (potable and recycled), Supply and Distribution Charges, Portable Meter Charges, and Fire Protection Service Connection Charges, as well as new Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Adjustments for the next five years. All these charges are collectively referred to in this Notice as "Water Rates." The proposed rates are described in this notice. To learn more about the District or to review the complete 2021 Water Rate Study, visit www.nccwd.com/rates.

About North Coast County Water District

The North Coast County Water District provides water to approximately 39,000 residents through more than 12,000 service connections, and is the sole water purveyor for the City of Pacifica. The District is a public agency that is governed by a five-member Board of Directors elected by residents within the District's boundaries. The District operates and maintains a complex potable water distribution system with varying topography and 32 separate but interconnected pressure zones. The infrastructure network includes approximately 130 miles of pipelines, 11 storage tanks, 4 pump stations, and thousands of various assets such as fire hydrants, water meters, and valves. The District purchases 100% of its potable water from the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC), receiving approximately 2.5 million gallons of treated water per day. The District also operates a small recycled water system with a pump station, a storage tank, and over 3 miles of pipelines.

It is the mission of the District to serve our customers by delivering a sufficient quantity of high-quality water in the most cost-effective, reliable, and environmentally sensitive manner.

Investing in Our Community's Water Future

As a public agency, North Coast County Water District is largely funded by our customers through rates and charges for water services. Your money is directly reinvested to pay for the water that you use every day and less visible expenses like operation, maintenance, replacement, and improvement of the distribution system, as well as costs for administration, debt service, and maintaining prudent financial reserves. In accordance with State Proposition 218, the proposed changes to the Water Rates are based on the 2021 Water Rate Study report dated September 15, 2021 (available online at nccwd.com/rates). The Water Rate Study is designed to ensure that the District does not collect more revenue than is necessary to cover these costs, and that the rate structure is aligned with the proportional cost of providing the services. The proposed adjustments in Water Rates are needed to cover the costs associated with:

- Purchasing treated water from San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC)
- Maintaining, replacing, and rehabilitating aging water infrastructure
- Planning/construction of (3) three new reservoirs
- Planning/construction of new District headquarters
- Energy to pump and distribute water
- Preparations for emergency response and recovery
- Debt service obligations
- Meeting legal and regulatory requirements
- Other administrative and operating expenses



To learn more about the District's upcoming projects, please visit www.nccwd.com/projects

How Bills are Calculated

The District's water service charges are billed on a bi-monthly basis. Water service charges include two components: 1) a Water Usage Charge for water used over a two-month period; and 2) a Supply and Distribution Charge based on the meter size. The customer's bill is the sum of these two charges. The Water Usage Charge for residential accounts is billed according to a 4-tier rate structure with water first billed in Tier 1 and subsequently billed in higher tiers as water use increases. As required by law, the District's Water Rate Study calculated the cost of service attributable to each of the four tiers. The Water Usage Charge for all other accounts including commercial, public and multi-unit is billed at a uniform rate.

Proposed Realignment of Tiers for Residential Accounts and Changes to Water Usage Charges

The District is proposing the following changes to the tier structure of the Water Usage Charges. The size of Tier 1 is the same for both the existing and proposed structures. The proposed size of Tiers 2 and 3 do not include as much water as the existing tiers because of increased efficiency. For an average household, the size of Tiers 1 and 2 cover inside water use with a small allowance for discretionary outside water use. Tiers 3 and 4 correspond to higher levels of service for irrigation and other seasonal water uses. Tier 3 demand corresponds to maximum day peaking, which occurs in the summer for irrigation. Tier 4 is the highest level of service for peak hour demands when the system is at its highest output. The proposed tiers are compressing from their existing sizes to reflect the effects of conservation. As less peaking demand is placed on the system, a greater portion of consumption is reported in Tiers 1 and 2. The proposed realignment of the tiers for residential accounts is described in more detail in the 2021 Water Rate Study.

Table 1 – Proposed Changes to Tier Structure for Residential Customers

Residential	Existing Size of Tiers	Proposed Size of Tiers
Tier 1	0-5 CCF	0-5 CCF
Tier 2	6-10 CCF	6-9 CCF
Tier 3	11-19 CCF	10-13 CCF
Tier 4	OVER 19 CCF	OVER 13 CCF

Table 2 – Proposed Changes to Water Usage Charges

Customer Class	Current	Proposed Rates Per CCF				
		FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26
Residential		<i>Eff. 1/1/2022</i>	<i>Eff. 7/1/2022</i>	<i>Eff. 7/1/2023</i>	<i>Eff. 7/1/2024</i>	<i>Eff. 7/1/2025</i>
Tier 1	\$6.60	\$6.30	\$6.49	\$6.68	\$6.88	\$7.09
Tier 2	\$7.86	\$9.40	\$9.68	\$9.97	\$10.27	\$10.58
Tier 3	\$13.53	\$13.04	\$13.43	\$13.83	\$14.24	\$14.67
Tier 4	\$22.72	\$16.61	\$17.11	\$17.62	\$18.15	\$18.69
Commercial*						
Uniform rate	\$8.49	\$8.98	\$9.25	\$9.52	\$9.81	\$10.10
Recycled Water						
Uniform rate	\$7.50	\$8.08	\$8.32	\$8.57	\$8.83	\$9.09

Note: 1 CCF = 748 Gallons

*Includes Portable Meters, Master Meters Multi-Unit Residential, Commercial, Public, and Fire Standby.



Proposed Changes to Supply and Distribution Charges

The District is proposing the following schedule for changes to its Supply and Distribution Charges for Fiscal Year (FY) 2021-22 through FY 2025-26, as presented in Table 3. With the exception of the FY 2021-22 adjustment that would take place January 1, all other changes would be effective July 1 each year or as soon thereafter, with notice provided to customers not less than 30 days before the effective date of the adjustment.

Table 3 – Bi-Monthly Supply and Distribution Charges

Meter Size	Current Rates	Proposed Rates				
		FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26
		<i>Eff. 1/1/2022</i>	<i>Eff. 7/1/2022</i>	<i>Eff. 7/1/2023</i>	<i>Eff. 7/1/2024</i>	<i>Eff. 7/1/2025</i>
5/8"	\$53.48	\$48.38	\$49.83	\$51.32	\$52.86	\$54.45
3/4"	\$58.87	\$53.25	\$54.85	\$56.50	\$58.20	\$59.95
1"	\$74.97	\$67.81	\$69.84	\$71.94	\$74.10	\$76.32
1.5"	\$96.36	\$87.16	\$89.77	\$92.46	\$95.23	\$98.09
2"	\$155.65	\$140.79	\$145.01	\$149.36	\$153.84	\$158.46
3"	\$588.64	\$532.46	\$548.43	\$564.88	\$581.83	\$599.28
4"	\$749.39	\$677.87	\$698.21	\$719.16	\$740.73	\$762.95
6"	\$1,124.12	\$1,016.84	\$1,047.35	\$1,078.77	\$1,111.13	\$1,144.46
8"	\$1,552.33	\$1,404.18	\$1,446.31	\$1,489.70	\$1,534.39	\$1,580.42
10"	\$2,087.73	\$1,888.48	\$1,945.13	\$2,003.48	\$2,063.58	\$2,125.49
12"	\$2,623.13	\$2,372.78	\$2,443.96	\$2,517.28	\$2,592.80	\$2,670.58

The charge for all private fire protection service connections, which include all structures that have a fire service line, is proposed to be as shown in Table 4.

Table 4 – Bi-Monthly Fire Protection Service Connections

Meter Size	Current	Proposed Rates				
		FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26
		<i>Eff. 1/1/2022</i>	<i>Eff. 7/1/2022</i>	<i>Eff. 7/1/2023</i>	<i>Eff. 7/1/2024</i>	<i>Eff. 7/1/2025</i>
2" or less	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.36	\$12.73	\$13.11	\$13.51
4"	\$37.52	\$37.52	\$38.65	\$39.80	\$41.00	\$42.23
6"	\$75.03	\$75.03	\$77.28	\$79.60	\$81.99	\$84.45
8"	\$150.06	\$150.06	\$154.56	\$159.20	\$163.97	\$168.89



Estimating Your Water Bill

Customer bills will be adjusted by varying amounts depending on the bi-monthly water usage and the size of the meter.

The calculation of a bi-monthly bill from the District for water service to a typical single family home with the rates proposed for January 2022 is shown below. This example assumes a standard 5/8" meter and 10 CCFs of water usage:

Based on Current Rates Effective January 1, 2021:

Water Usage: \$33.00 [5 CCF x \$6.60 (Tier 1 rate)] + \$39.03 [5 CCF x \$7.86 (Tier 2 rate)] = **\$72.30**

Supply & Distribution: **\$53.48**

Current Total Bill = **\$125.78**

Based on Proposed Rates Effective January 1, 2022:

Water Usage: \$31.50 [5 CCF x \$6.30 (Tier 1 rate)] + \$37.60 [4 CCF x \$9.40 (Tier 2 rate)]
+\$13.04 [1 CCF x \$13.04 (Tier 3 rate)] = **\$82.14**

Supply & Distribution: **\$48.38**

Proposed Total Bill = **\$130.52**

Customers can reference a recent bill from District to identify their account type, meter size, water usage (for that billing period). Then, using the tables on the previous pages, find the proposed Water Usage Charges and Supply and Distribution Charges appropriate for their account. Contact a Customer Service Representative at 650-355-3462 for assistance in determining how the proposed rates may affect your bill.

Pass-through adjustment for the cost of SFPUC purchased water

As previously noted, the District purchases 100% of its water supply from the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC). Because the District has no control over the SFPUC's wholesale water rate, this cost is simply passed through to the District's customers. The SFPUC provides projections of its future wholesale water rates, which are built into the rate projections utilized in the Water Rate Study. SFPUC rates are projected to increase from the current rate of \$4.10 per CCF to \$4.32 per CCF in July 2022, \$4.65 per CCF in July 2023, \$4.92 per CCF in July 2024, and \$5.37 per CCF in July 2025. Pursuant to California Government Code Section 53756, the District is proposing to pass through any additional increases in the SFPUC wholesale water rates that are above these projected SFPUC wholesale water rates.

A pass through will be implemented by increasing the District's proposed Water Usage Charge by the amount of the SFPUC wholesale water rate increase in cents per CCF in excess of the projected SFPUC wholesale rate. For example, if the updated SFPUC rate for FY 2022-23 changes to \$4.42, the \$0.10 difference should be added to the Water Usage Charge charged to residential and commercial customers. Similarly, the District is proposing to pass through any savings in the SFPUC wholesale water rates that are below the projected wholesale water rates. Recycled water rates would change in relation to pass-through adjustments to commercial rates to maintain a ratio of 90% of the commercial volumetric rate charged. In the example above, if the volumetric rates increased by \$0.10, commercial water rates would increase from \$9.25 to 9.35 per HCF in FY 2022-23. Recycled water rates would increase by \$0.10, from \$8.32 to \$8.42, so that the new recycled rate would continue to be equal to 90% of the commercial volumetric rate.

Prior to implementing a pass-through of the SFPUC wholesale water rates, the District will send written notification to all customers at least 30 days prior to the effective date.



Rate Adjustments During Water Shortages

To recover its costs of service and remain financially stable during periods of drought and reduced water sales, the District is proposing a temporary Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Adjustment that corresponds to the water shortage. During a water shortage, the District will implement a range of actions to reduce water use and help ensure that demand for water does not exceed supply. Such actions may include public outreach campaigns, water efficiency customer assistance and rebate programs, operational changes, and prohibitions and restrictions on some water uses. In the more severe stages of shortage, the District will also implement water rationing and require mandatory water reductions. The District’s Water Shortage Contingency Plan, adopted in June 2021, describes the six drought stages and can be viewed at nccwd.com.

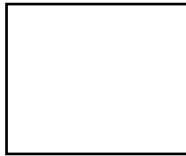
The proposed Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors, by which Water Usage Charges are adjusted in conjunction with the varying reduction stages, are presented in Table 5. The factors are only applied to the Water Usage Charges and not to the Supply and Distribution Charges. The proposed Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors for each stage are multiplied by the existing water usage rates at the time a shortage is declared to set the Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Adjustments. As an example, the Tier 1 single family water usage rate is proposed to be \$6.30 starting January 1, 2022. If a Stage 1 shortage were declared in that year, and the Board of Directors chose to enact corresponding Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Adjustments, the Tier 1 water usage rate, \$6.30, would be multiplied by the Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factor of 1.023, which would equate to \$6.44 per CCF in Tier 1. Similarly, the Tier 2 water usage rate, \$9.40, would also be multiplied by the Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factor of 1.023, which would equate to \$9.62 per CCF in Tier 2.

Table 5 – Proposed Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Adjustments by Water Shortage Stage¹ and Customer Class

Customer Class	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4	Stage 5	Stage 6
	0-10% Reduction	11-20% Reduction	21-30% Reduction	31-40% Reduction	41-50% Reduction	>50% Reduction
Single Family Residential	1.023	1.076	1.142	1.228	1.342	1.476
Commercial	1.025	1.086	1.164	1.268	1.416	1.566

¹Water shortage stages are described in the District’s Water Shortage Contingency Plan (available at nccwd.com)

Once a mandatory shortage is declared, the Board of Directors has discretion to enact Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Adjustments using the Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Factors corresponding to the level of shortage reduction implemented. These adjustments would be temporary and would return to the regular schedule when the District's Board determines that the water shortage emergency is over. The adjustments can go in either direction from stage to stage depending on whether the level of reduction is increasing or decreasing during the shortage. At least 30 days prior to making the adjustment, the District will send written notification to all customers at least 30 days prior to the effective date.



North Coast County Water District
P.O. Box 1039
Pacifica, CA 94044

Board Of Directors

Thomas Piccolotti, President
Jack Burgett, Vice-President
Joshua Cosgrove, Director
Anne De Jarnatt, Director
Ron Ash, Director

ATTENTION: This notice contains important information about Proposed Water Rate Adjustments and Temporary Water Shortage Charges

Fold -----

Notice of Public Hearing

On **Wednesday, November 17, 2021 at 7:00 p.m.**, the North Coast County Water District will hold a public hearing, solely utilizing a virtual public meeting format, to consider the proposed increases to Water Usage Charges, Supply and Distribution Charges, Portable Meter Charges, and Fire Protection Service Connection Charges, as well adopting temporary Water Shortage Revenue Stabilization Adjustments, as described in this notice. Information (including instructions) and meeting documents are available online at: www.nccwd.com To slow the spread of COVID-19 and to protect the health of the public and staff, the District is conducting virtual public meetings with video and telephone options. Online: www.zoom.us/join - Webinar ID: 744 9512 0395 Passcode: 975180 Phone: (253) 215-8782

Information regarding the proposed increased charges is available for review during business hours at the District’s Office, 2400 Francisco Blvd., Pacifica. For questions, call (650) 355-3462. Additional information about the proposed rate increases may be found at www.nccwd.com/rates

How to Protest

All property owners and customers receiving water service are invited to attend the virtual Public Hearing and be heard about proposed increases to the charges for water services. A District water customer or property owner may protest these proposed rate changes by submitting a written protest by mail to: NCCWD, P.O. Box 1039, Pacifica, CA 94044 or by email to: rates@nccwd.com. Mailed written protests must be received (not postmarked) by the District no later than 5:00 p.m. on Wednesday, November 17, 2021, the day of the Public Hearing. Oral comments during the Public Hearing are welcome, but will not qualify as a formal protest. Written protests submitted during the Public Hearing must be submitted by email before the Public Hearing concludes.

The protest must (1) include the name of the property owner(s) or customer, (2) include the assessor’s parcel number(s) or street address(es) of all property(ies) serviced, and (3) indicate opposition to the proposed rate increase. Only one written protest per identified parcel or property will be counted for purposes of determining whether there is a majority protest.

En Español

Este aviso contiene información importante sobre las tarifas de agua propuestas y los cargos por escasez temporalde agua. Para hablar con alguien sobre este aviso, llame (650) 355-3462.

STAFF

ADRIANNE CARR, PH.D.
GENERAL MANAGER

SCOTT DALTON
ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER
– OPERATIONS

Phone (650) 355-3462
Fax (650) 355-0735



DIRECTORS

THOMAS J. PICCOLOTTI, *President*
JACK BURGETT, *Vice-President*
JOSHUA COSGROVE, *Director*
RON ASH, *Director*
ANNE DE JARNATT, *Director*
RUSSELL CONROY,
Director Emeritus
2400 Francisco Blvd.
P.O. Box 1039
Pacifica, CA 94044
www.nccwd.com

STAFF REPORT

TO: Board of Directors
FROM: Adrienne Carr, General Manager
DATE: September 22, 2021
RE: Consider Approval of an Amendment to the EKI Environment & Water Agreement in an Amount Not to Exceed \$45,200 for the Phase 2 Groundwater Resources Investigation

BACKGROUND

The North Coast County Water District (District) provides water to approximately 39,000 residents through roughly 12,000 potable water connections. The District currently purchases 100% of its potable water from the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC), which delivers water from the San Francisco Regional Water System (RWS). While this is a reliable source of water, it is important to the District to pursue alternative sources to augment supplies, buffer against drought, and potentially provide a backup supply during an emergency.

The District contracted with EKI Environment & Water in November 2020 to perform two planning studies, one of which was focused on developing groundwater resources to diversify the District's water supply portfolio and increase District resiliency.

At the July 21, 2021 Regular Board Meeting, staff from EKI provided presentations of the results of these Phase 1 studies to the Board. The Phase 1 Groundwater Supply Evaluation Study relied entirely on data and reports that were either publicly available or provided to EKI by the District; no field investigations were performed as part of the Phase 1 Study. Findings from the Phase 1 Study indicated a potential for usable groundwater resources in the San Pedro Valley Groundwater Basin (Basin) located in the southern portion of the District service area.

The Board expressed interest in proceeding with a second phase of the groundwater study focusing primarily on conducting a field investigation to explore potential groundwater yields in the Basin. Subsequently, EKI submitted the attached proposal outlining a scope of work for a Phase 2 Study which focuses on a field-based groundwater resources investigation.

INFORMATION

The scope of work in the attached proposal includes five tasks. The first task, which is critical to complete before any subsequent tasks, is determination of access to any existing well(s) and/or property to perform the field investigation. The next three tasks relate to planning, performance, and analysis/reporting of the field investigation, with several “optional” subtasks. The exact scope of these three tasks will depend in large part on the results from Task 1. The fifth task is overall communications and project management.

If the first task reveals that there is not a usable existing well, then the District would need to complete the optional tasks included in this scope of work, the first of which is conduct an assessment of where to site a new well to support the aquifer testing. Any new well would be designed to convert into a groundwater extraction well for potential future use. If a new well was needed, the cost of the investigation would increase significantly. The attached proposal details the scope and costs of each task.

Staff is proposing to proceed with the investigation assuming that there is an existing well that would be usable for the study. If it is found that the existing wells are not suitable for the investigation, then staff would return to the Board for authorization of the optional tasks.

FISCAL IMPACT

The FY 2021-22 CIP Budget includes \$125,000 for groundwater and recycled water assessments. If there is an existing well that can be used for the aquifer testing, the cost of the Phase 2 investigation would be not to exceed \$45,200. If it is found that the existing wells can not be used for the aquifer testing, the cost of the investigation would be not to exceed \$145,500.

RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends that the Board approve an amendment to the EKI Environment & Water Agreement in an amount not-to-exceed \$45,200 for Phase 2 Groundwater Resources Investigation.

ALTERNATIVE

Staff considered an alternative to the recommended action. The alternative would be to approve the entire proposed scope of work including the optional tasks for a total not-to-exceed cost of \$145,500. This would allow work to continue on the project without further approvals from the Board, if there was not an existing well suitable for the testing. However, given that the total cost to complete the proposed optional tasks exceeds the amount budgeted for this project in the CIP, staff did not recommend this alternative.

Attachment

Proposal for Phase 2 Groundwater Resources Investigation, letter proposal dated August 26, 2021

26 August 2021

Adrienne Carr, Ph.D.
General Manager
North Coast County Water District
2400 Francisco Boulevard
Pacifica, CA 94044

Subject: **Proposal for Phase 2 Groundwater Resources Investigation**
North Coast County Water District
(EKI C1-137)

Dear Ms. Carr:

EKI Environment & Water, Inc. (EKI) is pleased to present this proposal for consulting services to conduct a Phase 2 Groundwater Resources Investigation (“Phase 2 Study”) for the North Coast County Water District (District). This proposal was prepared in response to your request on 23 July 2021 and previous discussions.

BACKGROUND

EKI previously conducted a Phase 1 groundwater resources investigation (Phase 1 Study) for the District, results of which were presented by EKI in a technical memorandum (TM) dated 14 April 2021 and in meetings with the District’s Conservation/Alternative Supply Source Committee on 2 June 2021 and with the District’s Board of Directors on 21 July 2021. The Phase 1 Study relied entirely on data and reports that were either publicly available or provided to EKI by the District; no field investigations were performed as part of the Phase 1 Study. Findings from the Phase 1 Study indicated a potential for usable groundwater resources in the San Pedro Valley Groundwater Basin (Basin) located in the southern portion of the District.

Key uncertainties and recommended next steps to further assess the feasibility of developing the groundwater resource were included in the TM and discussed at both aforementioned meetings. These recommendations included an engineering study on integration of groundwater into the existing water system, cost/benefit analysis, evaluation of permitting requirements and pathways, development and implementation of a monitoring program to fill data gaps, and evaluation of potential surface water/groundwater interactions. Through discussions with the Board of Directors at the July 2021 meeting and with District staff, EKI understands that the District is interested in having EKI conduct a field-based verification of the estimated groundwater yields as a first step. This proposal presents a scope of work for this Phase 2 Study which focuses on this field-based groundwater resources investigation.

SCOPE OF WORK

Generally speaking, the field investigation centers around performing one or more aquifer tests in selected location(s) in the Basin. The purpose of this testing is to “stress” the aquifer by pumping

groundwater from well(s) while monitoring drawdown to determine how the aquifer responds. Information gained through this effort will be used to validate the groundwater resource production potential that was estimated during the Phase 1 Study. As stated in the Phase 1 study report, in order to obtain estimates of aquifer storage properties a multi-well test is required, with a pumped well and one or more observation wells. At a minimum, an observation well screened in the same aquifer as the test well is required; in addition, a well screened in the shallow zone near San Pedro Creek could be used to assess potential groundwater/surface water connection.

The scope of work presented below includes five tasks. The first task, which is critical to complete before any subsequent tasks, is determination of access to existing well(s) and/or property to perform the field investigation. The next three tasks relate to planning, performance, and analysis/reporting of the field investigation, with several “optional” subtasks. The exact scope of these three tasks will depend in large part on the results from Task 1. The fifth task is overall communications and project management.

As discussed in Task 1 below, a key uncertainty is whether existing wells may be usable for testing purposes or if new well(s) will be required. If new well(s) are required, a further uncertainty is where such well(s) could be located, whether they would be temporary or permanent, and working through related issues of property access, ownership, etc. Once these well and property access issues are resolved, the subsequent field investigation tasks become much clearer.

Due to the uncertainty in the exact scope of work due to unknown well and property access, the budget for this proposal should be viewed on a task basis, not as a fixed lump sum. The ultimate cost will depend on which tasks are performed which depends on whether new well(s) are needed, and if so, what kinds of wells (i.e., observation well or pumped [test] well). Tasks that would occur only if new wells are determined to be needed are identified as “Contingent” tasks.

Task 1. Assessment of Well Access and Well Siting Assessment

As discussed above, there are several unknowns that must be determined before the field investigation can proceed. Chief among these unknowns is the status, condition, and potential accessibility of certain wells that are known to have existed in the past. If the well(s) still exist and are found to be accessible, they may be able to be used for purposes of testing/monitoring. If they are found to not accessible or usable, the District would need to site and install new well(s) for purposes of testing/monitoring in order to conduct the field investigation. Therefore, the answer to this key question will significantly influence the course and scope of the investigation.

Subtask 1a. Assessment of Existing Wells

Under Subtask 1a, EKI will assist the District with assessment of well suitability. EKI will coordinate with District staff to outreach to well owners and perform on-site well condition evaluations as applicable. The wells to be investigated include the well located at the Former Alma Heights Academy (DWR well log number 31845), the well located near Adobe Drive (DWR well log number 50526), and the well located near Linda Mar School (DWR well log number e011214). It is assumed that the District will lead the outreach which will be aimed at informing well owners of the District’s objectives as they relate to possible temporary use of their well for testing or monitoring purposes. The on-site evaluations will be led by EKI and include sounding of the water level and well total depth and assessment of the physical configuration

of the well head (i.e., pump, sampling port, etc.) and surrounding area for purposes of well testing or monitoring (e.g., access constraints, potential locations for pumped groundwater discharge, etc.).

Subtask 1b. Conduct Well Siting Assessment (Contingent)

If it is determined through Subtask 1a that existing wells are insufficient to support the planned field investigation, EKI will conduct siting assessment for new well(s) to support aquifer testing, including consideration of site accessibility to District for temporary or permanent use, land ownership, anticipated thickness and permeability of potential water-bearing sediments, anticipated water quality based on historical data, distance from existing wells, and distance from known shallow soil and groundwater contaminated sites. It is assumed that the District will perform any and all activities necessary to secure access to the property(s) identified under the siting assessment. (i.e., through purchase, easement, or obtaining written permission from landowner for temporary use).

Task 2. Field Investigation Planning

Under Task 2, EKI will conduct planning for the field investigation. Subtask 2a involves planning for the aquifer testing, and Subtask 2b (Contingent) involves planning for construction of new well(s).

Subtask 2a. Develop an Aquifer Testing Work Plan

Under Subtask 2a, EKI will develop an Aquifer Testing Work Plan, detailing EKI and contractor¹ work activities and covering the following elements:

- Set-up;
- Pumping rates and schedule;
- Data collection (data types, collection methods, equipment, schedule); and
- Disposal of produced groundwater during testing.

Deliverables:

- 1) Aquifer Testing Work Plan

Subtask 2b. Planning and Design for Construction of New Well(s) (Contingent)

Under Subtask 2b, EKI will conduct planning and design for construction of a new test well and/or observation well(s), as-needed based on findings from Subtask 1.1. The scope of this task depends on what type(s) of wells are needed, which will be decided based on consultation with the District. For budgeting purposes, we have assumed that this task will require planning and design for construction of one (1) new test well and one (1) new deep observation well. The following activities are included under this task:

- Develop contract documents (i.e., drawings and specifications) for the drilling and construction of a new test well and a deep observation well. The below-grade design of the test well would be in conformance with California Well Standards for drinking water wells so that it could be converted
-

into a production well in the future if desired.² The design specifications for the test well would be preliminary and subject to revision based on conditions encountered during drilling and construction of the deep observation well;

- Solicit cost estimates from well drilling contractors;
- Assist District with bidding support and contracting³;
- Develop a Well Construction Work Plan detailing EKI work activities related to construction of the test well (and monitoring well(s), applicable) and covering the following elements:
 - Site preparation, including noise abatement (as needed);
 - Drilling and aquifer materials sampling;
 - Geophysical logging;
 - Well construction and development;
 - Collection of representative water quality samples;
 - Disposal of drilling fluid, cuttings and well development water; and
 - Borehole/well abandonment, if necessary.

Deliverables:

- 2) Well Construction Work Plan (as-needed)

Task 3. Performance of Groundwater Field Investigation

Under Task 3, EKI will perform the groundwater field investigation activities that were planned under Task 2. Due to the uncertainty in well accessibility mentioned above, these activities may or may not include EKI oversight of a drilling contractor during construction of a new test well and/or observation well (Subtask 3b). Whether or not the Task 3 activities include well construction, they will, in any case, include performing aquifer testing (Subtask 3a), which will likely require the services of a driller/well services subcontractor (e.g., for test pump installation or other equipment).

Subtask 3a – Aquifer Testing Activities

Under Subtask 3a, EKI will perform aquifer testing activities in accordance with the Aquifer Testing Work Plan developed under Subtask 2a, including the following:

- Field preparation and mobilization;
- Performance of aquifer testing, including collection of data and oversight of subcontractor(s), if any. For budgeting purposes, we have assumed that the testing program will consist of a single

² Public water system permitting support is not included in this scope of work. Additional above-grade design (i.e., well completion), water quality testing, and drinking water source assessment work, among other things, would be needed to permit the well as a drinking water source.

³ For budgeting purposes and to promote District cost savings, we have assumed that if a drilling contractor's services are required, they will contract directly with the District rather than as a subcontractor to EKI.

well step-drawdown test followed by a multi-well constant rate test. Details of the testing will be developed as part of the Aquifer Testing Work Plan under Subtask 2a.

Subtask 3b – Construction of a New Test Well and Deep Monitoring Well (Contingent)

Under Subtask 3b, EKI will perform the following related to well construction, as-needed based on findings from the well accessibility assessment:

- Construction management (CM), including observation and documentation of drilling contractor activities, in accordance with the Well Construction Work Plan developed under Task 1, to ensure conformance with design specifications. This will include geological logging of the borehole by an EKI geologist, and oversight of well development;
- Engineering services during construction (ESDC), including evaluating and processing of contractor's Requests for Information, Change Orders, and Payment Applications;
- Records of well drilling and construction, including geological logs, geophysical logs, DWR Well Construction Reports, well development logs, and as-built drawings.

Deliverables:

- 1) Records of well drilling and construction (if applicable), including geophysical logs, and borehole geology log and as-built records.

Task 4. Post Field Investigation Analysis and Reporting

Under Task 4, EKI will analyze the aquifer testing data collected under Task 3a to assess the long-term groundwater yield of the aquifer in the vicinity of the tested well. EKI will summarize the results of the analysis in a technical memorandum™ which will include appendices containing the well testing data.

Deliverables:

- 1) TM summarizing results from the Phase 2 Groundwater Resources Evaluation

Task 5. Project Management

Under Task 5, EKI will perform regular project management including budgeting, staffing, scheduling, invoicing and routine client communications.

SCHEDULE

EKI is available to initiate work upon receiving authorization from the District. EKI anticipates that Task 1 can be completed within one to two months after notice to proceed; however, timing for the District to secure access to properties is unknown. Once site access is secured, Task 2 field investigation planning efforts can be completed in approximately one month if no new wells are to be constructed and two to three months if new wells are needed. The time to complete the field efforts under Task 3 will vary depending on the scope of those efforts (i.e., whether new well(s) are needed) and on subcontractor availability, but are estimated to take between one and three months to complete. The analysis and reporting under Task 4 can be completed within approximately one month after completion of the Task 3

field efforts. Project management activities under Task 5 will be performed throughout the duration of this project.

COMPENSATION

Inasmuch as the exact level of effort to complete this Scope of Work cannot be identified at this time, compensation for EKI's services will be on a time and expense reimbursement basis in accordance with our attached current Schedule of Charges, dated 2 January 2021. As discussed above, the exact scope of efforts under will depend largely on whether well(s) are available for use or new well(s) will have to be constructed. As shown below, the estimated budget for the non-Contingent tasks (i.e., 1a, 2a, 3a, 4, and 5) is \$45,200, which will not be exceeded without prior authorization from the District. The estimated budget for the Contingent tasks (1b, 2b, and 3b) is \$100,300, which will only be performed as-needed upon authorization. These costs do not include contractor costs to construct any new wells or support aquifer testing under Task 3. A detailed breakdown of the estimated budget is provided in Table 1, attached.

Scope of Work	Estimated Budget
Task 1. Assessment of Well Access and Well Siting Assessment	
Subtask 1a. Assessment of Existing Wells	\$6,900
Subtask 1b. Conduct Well Siting Assessment (Contingent)	\$8,500
Task 2 – Field Investigation Planning	
Subtask 2a. Develop an Aquifer Testing Work Plan	\$6,600
Subtask 2b. Planning and Design for Construction of New Well(s) (Contingent)	\$42,600
Task 3 – Performance of Groundwater Field Investigation	
Subtask 3a – Aquifer Testing Activities	\$12,400
Subtask 3b – Construction of a New Test Well and Deep Monitoring Well (Contingent)	\$49,200
Task 4 – Post-Investigation Analysis and Reporting	\$11,000
Task 5 – Client Communications and Project Management	\$8,300
TOTAL, non-Contingent Tasks	\$45,200
TOTAL, Contingent Tasks	\$100,300

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Other than the scope of work, budget, and schedule herein, EKI's services will be performed in accordance with our Master Services Agreement dated 4 February 2020 (MSA). EKI understands that the District will issue a task order that will incorporate this proposal as an exhibit to the MSA.

Adrienne Carr, Ph.D.
North Coast County Water District
26 August 2021
Page 7 of 7



Thank you for the opportunity to work with the District on this Project. Please contact Christopher Heppner at 650-292-9100 with any questions.

Very truly yours,

EKI ENVIRONMENT & WATER, INC.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Anona Dutton'.

Anona Dutton, P.G., C.Hg.
Vice President

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Christopher Heppner'.

Christopher Heppner, Ph.D., P.G.
Supervising Hydrogeologist

Attachments:

- Table 1 – Detailed Budget Estimate
- EKI Schedule of Charges, dated 2 January 2021

Table 1. Detailed Budget Estimate for Phase 2 Groundwater Resources Investigation

North Coast County Water District, Pacifica, CA

(EKI C1-137)

TASKS									EXPENSES				ESTIMATED COSTS					
	G/C	G5	SGIS	G4	G2	SEN1	SUP2	PRI	OFC	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	MARKUP (%)	MARKUP (\$)	TOTAL PER ITEM (\$)	EKI LABOR (\$)	NON-LABOR (\$)	TOTALS (\$)
	\$128	\$139	\$144	\$159	\$194	\$255	\$265	\$270	\$270									
Task 1 - Assessment of Well Access and Well Siting Assessment																		
1a <u>Assessment of Existing Wells</u>		12				12	4		2	dy	1	\$ 245	0%	\$ -	\$ 6,573	\$ 6,328	\$ 245	
Communication (4% of labor)										%	4%				\$ 263	\$ -	\$ 263	
TOTAL	0	12	0	0	0	12	4	0	2					\$ 6,836	\$ 6,328	\$ 508	\$ 6,900	
1b <u>Conduct Siting Assessment for New Well(s)</u>		16				4	16		2	dy	2	\$ 40	0%	\$ -	\$ 8,103	\$ 8,024	\$ 79	
Communication (4% of labor)										%	4%				\$ 324	\$ -	\$ 324	
TOTAL	0	16	0	0	0	4	16	0	2					\$ 8,427	\$ 8,024	\$ 403	\$ 8,500	
Task 2 - Field Investigation Planning																		
2a <u>Develop an Aquifer Testing Work Plan</u>			2		12	4	8		2	%	4%			\$ -	\$ 6,296	\$ 6,296	\$ -	
Communication (4% of labor)															\$ 252	\$ -	\$ 252	
TOTAL	0	0	2	0	12	4	8	0	2					\$ 6,548	\$ 6,296	\$ 252	\$ 6,600	
2b <u>Planning and Design for Construction of New Well(s)</u>																		
Develop Contract Documents	20	60				24	16	8	4					\$ -	\$ 24,500	\$ 24,500	\$ -	
Solicit Cost Estimates		4				8	2	1						\$ -	\$ 3,396	\$ 3,396	\$ -	
Assist District with Bidding Support and Contracting		8					8	2						\$ -	\$ 3,772	\$ 3,772	\$ -	
Develop a Well Construction Work Plan		12				16	8	1	4					\$ -	\$ 9,218	\$ 9,218	\$ -	
Communication (4% of labor)										%	4%				\$ 1,635	\$ -	\$ 1,635	
TOTAL	20	84	0	0	0	48	34	12	8					\$ 42,521	\$ 40,886	\$ 1,635	\$ 42,600	
Task 3 - Performance of Groundwater Field Investigation																		
3a <u>Aquifer Testing Activities</u>		28			4	11	11		2	dy	4	\$ 245	0%	\$ -	\$ 11,906	\$ 10,928	\$ 978	
Communication (4% of labor)										%	4%				\$ 476	\$ -	\$ 476	
TOTAL	0	28	0	0	4	11	11	0	2					\$ 12,383	\$ 10,928	\$ 1,455	\$ 12,400	
3b <u>Construction of New Well(s)</u>																		
Construction Management		16		108		24	12		4	dy	6	\$ 245	0%	\$ -	\$ 31,244	\$ 29,776	\$ 1,468	
Engineering Services During Construction		8				8	8	4	2					\$ -	\$ 6,892	\$ 6,892	\$ -	
Records of Well Drilling and Construction	4	8		8	8	8	8		2					\$ -	\$ 9,148	\$ 9,148	\$ -	
Communication (4% of labor)										%	4%				\$ 1,833	\$ -	\$ 1,833	
TOTAL	4	32	0	116	8	40	28	4	8					\$ 49,116	\$ 45,816	\$ 3,300	\$ 49,200	
Task 4 - Post-Field Investigation Analysis and Reporting																		
Analysis of Aquifer Test					12	4	8		1					\$ -	\$ 5,738	\$ 5,738	\$ -	
Preparation of Aquifer Testing Technical Memorandum		4				8		8	2					\$ -	\$ 4,768	\$ 4,768	\$ -	
Communication (4% of labor)										%	4%				\$ 420	\$ -	\$ 420	
TOTAL	0	4	0	0	20	4	16	0	3					\$ 10,926	\$ 10,506	\$ 420	\$ 11,000	
Task 5 - Client Communications and Project Management																		
Client Communications							12		4					0%	\$ -	\$ 4,260	\$ 4,260	\$ -
Project Management Activities					8		8							0%	\$ -	\$ 3,672	\$ 3,672	\$ -
Communication (4% of labor)										%	4%				\$ 317	\$ -	\$ 317	
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	8	0	20	0	4					\$ 8,249	\$ 7,932	\$ 317	\$ 8,300	
TOTAL, All Tasks	24	176	2	116	52	123	137	16	31					\$ 145,007	\$ 136,716	\$ 8,291	\$ 145,500	
															TOTAL, Contingent Tasks			\$ 100,300
															TOTAL, Non-Contingent Tasks			\$ 45,200

Notes:

- 1) Contingent tasks are shown in pink shaded rows
- 2) Costs shown do not include any contractor costs. It is assumed that contractor(s) will contract directly with the District.

Client/Address: North Coast County Water District
2400 Francisco Blvd.
Pacifica, CA 94044



Proposal/Agreement Date: 26 August 2021

EKI Proposal/Project # C1-137

SCHEDULE OF CHARGES FOR EKI ENVIRONMENT & WATER, INC.

2 January 2021

<u>Personnel Classification</u>	<u>Hourly Rate</u>
Officer and Chief Engineer-Scientist	295 -270
Principal Engineer-Scientist	285 270
Supervising I, Engineer-Scientist	275 270
Supervising II, Engineer-Scientist	265
Senior I, Engineer-Scientist	255
Senior II, Engineer-Scientist	245
Associate I, Engineer-Scientist	235
Associate II, Engineer-Scientist	221
Engineer-Scientist, Grade 1	206
Engineer-Scientist, Grade 2	194
Engineer-Scientist, Grade 3	178
Engineer-Scientist, Grade 4	159
Engineer-Scientist, Grade 5	139
Engineer-Scientist, Grade 6	123
Technician	112
Senior GIS Analyst	144
CADD Operator / GIS Analyst	128
Senior Administrative Assistant	141
Administrative Assistant	111
Secretary	92

Direct Expenses

Reimbursement for direct expenses, as listed below, incurred in connection with the work will be at cost plus ten percent (10%) for items such as:

- a. Maps, photographs, reproductions, printing, equipment rental, and special supplies related to the work.
- b. Consultants, soils engineers, surveyors, drillers, laboratories, and contractors.
- c. Rented vehicles, local public transportation and taxis, travel and subsistence.
- d. Special fees, insurance, permits, and licenses applicable to the work.
- e. Outside computer processing, computation, and proprietary programs purchased for the work.

A Communication charge for e-mail access, web conferencing, cellphone calls, messaging and data access, file sharing, local and long distance telephone calls and conferences, facsimile transmittals, standard delivery U.S. postage, and incidental in-house copying will be charged at a rate of 4% of labor charges. Large volume copying of project documents, e.g., bound reports for distribution or project-specific reference files, will be charged as a project expense as described above.

Reimbursement for company-owned automobiles, except trucks and four-wheel drive vehicles, used in connection with the work will be at the rate of sixty cents (\$0.60) per mile. The rate for company-owned trucks and four-wheel drive vehicles will be seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per mile. There will be an additional charge of thirty dollars (\$30.00) per day for vehicles used for field work. Reimbursement for use of personal vehicles will be at the federally allowed rate plus fifteen percent (15%).

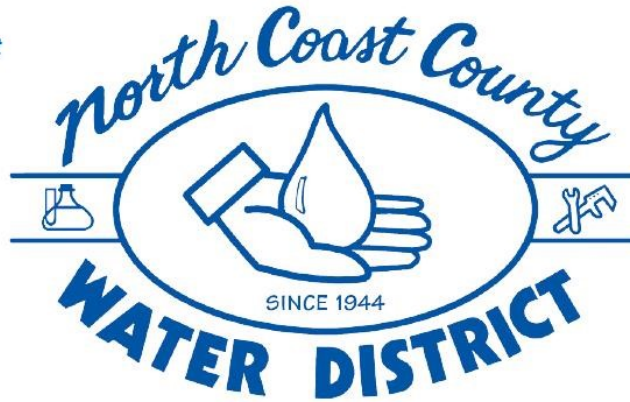
CADD Computer time will be charged at twenty dollars (\$20.00) per hour. In-house material and equipment charges will be in accordance with the current rate schedule or special quotation. Excise taxes, if any, will be added as a direct expense.

Rate for professional staff for legal proceedings or as expert witnesses will be at a rate of one and one-half times the Hourly Rates specified above.

The foregoing Schedule of Charges is incorporated into the Agreement for the Services of EKI Environment & Water, Inc. and may be updated annually.

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 2400 Francisco Blvd.
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 www.nccwd.com

**STAFF**

ADRIANNE CARR, PH.D.
 GENERAL MANAGER

SCOTT DALTON
 ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER
 – OPERATIONS

Phone (650) 355-3462
 Fax (650) 355-0735

STAFF REPORT

TO: Board of Directors
 FROM: Adrienne Carr, General Manager
 DATE: September 22, 2021
 RE: Consider Approval of an Amendment to the EKI Environment & Water Agreement in an Amount Not to Exceed \$25,000 for Recycled Water System Support

BACKGROUND

At the July 21, 2021 Regular Board Meeting, the Board was presented with the results of the Phase 1 Recycled Water Planning Study (RW Study), a preliminary evaluation of the existing recycled water system and its potential for expansion. The Phase 1 RW Study found that expansion of the District's existing recycled water system is technically feasible, but may be cost prohibitive to implement.

At the July 2021 Board meeting, the Board expressed interest in increasing use of the existing recycled water system before considering moving forward with expansion of the system. Specifically, the District would like to coordinate and develop a plan with San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC) to supply all of the Sharp Park Golf Course with recycled water and develop an operations plan with the City of Pacific (City) to increase the production of recycled water at the City's Calera Creek Water Recycling Plant (CCWRP) to support increased use of recycled water.

Staff requested that EKI submit the attached proposal for as-needed technical support for recycled water system tasks including:

- Technical review of documents, data, and information related to the existing recycled water system and CCWRP;
- Analysis of wastewater, recycled water and supplementary potable water data;
- Communications with the District, SFPUC and the City; and
- Touring the CCWRA and existing recycled water system.

FISCAL IMPACT

The FY 2021-22 Operating Budget includes \$10,000 for general engineering support, and the CIP Budget includes \$20,000 for support of the Recycled Water System. Work under this amendment would be charged to either account, as appropriate for the type of services performed.

RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends that the Board approve an amendment to the EKI Environment & Water Agreement in an amount not-to-exceed \$25,000 for Recycled Water System Support.

Attachment

Proposal for Recycled Water System Support, letter proposal dated August 24, 2021

24 August 2021

Adrienne Carr, Ph.D.
General Manager
North Coast County Water District
2400 Francisco Boulevard
Pacifica, CA 94044

Subject: Proposal for Recycled Water System Support
North Coast County Water District
(EKI C1-126)

Dear Ms. Carr:

EKI Environment & Water, Inc. (EKI) is pleased to present this proposal for consulting services to support operations and potential expansion of the North Coast County Water District (District) recycled water system. This proposal was prepared in response to your request on 23 July 2021 and previous discussions.

BACKGROUND

EKI previously prepared a recycled water planning study (RW Study) for the District, results of which were presented by EKI in a technical memorandum (TM) dated 3 May 2021 and in meetings with the District's Conservation/Alternative Supply Source Committee on 2 June 2021 and with the District's Board of Directors on 21 July 2021. The RW Study presented a preliminary evaluation of the existing recycled water system and its potential for expansion, along with two potential expansion scenarios that included conceptual-level infrastructure locations and cost estimates. Additionally, operational considerations and other uses of recycled water were discussed.

The RW Study found that expansion of the District's existing recycled water system is technically feasible, but may be cost prohibitive to implement. Through discussions with the Board at the July 2021 meeting and with District staff, EKI understands that the District would like to explore increasing use of the existing recycled water system before considering moving forward with expansion of the system. Specifically, the District would like to coordinate and develop a plan with San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC) to supply all of the Sharp Park Golf Course with recycled water and develop an operations plan with the City of Pacific (City) to increase the production of recycled water at the City's Calera Creek Water Recycling Plant (CCWRP) to support increased use of recycled water.

The District has asked EKI to provide as-needed technical support for these recycled water system tasks. Therefore, EKI has prepared this proposal for the scope of work described in the following sections.

SCOPE OF WORK

EKI will provide the District with continued technical support for assessment of the recycled water system operations and potential expansion on an as-needed basis. Specific tasks to be performed by EKI at the District's direction are anticipated to include, but may not be limited to, the following:

- Technical review of documents, data, and information related to the existing recycled water system and CCWRP;
- Analysis of wastewater, recycled water, and supplementary potable water data;
- Attendance at meetings or calls with SFPUC and the City, including preparation of agenda and minutes;
- Participation in a tour of the CCWRP and existing recycled water system; and
- Participation in calls and conducting general communications with District staff.

EKI will generally document work in electronic mail summaries or in technical memoranda, as appropriate.

The task list may evolve as the project progresses. Prior to proceeding with an individual task, EKI will provide a brief electronic mail summary to the District describing the proposed scope of work and estimated cost to perform the task requested by the District.

SCHEDULE

EKI will provide the services described above on a mutually agreeable schedule.

COMPENSATION FOR CONSULTING SERVICES

Inasmuch as the exact level of effort to complete the proposed Scope of Work cannot be identified at this time, we propose that compensation for consulting services by EKI Environment & Water, Inc. be on a time and expense reimbursement basis in accordance with the attached Schedule of Charges, dated 2 January 2021. On the basis of the proposed Scope of Work described above, we propose a budget allowance of \$25,000. The total budget will not be exceeded without additional authorization.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Other than the scope of work, budget, and schedule herein, EKI's services will be performed in accordance with our Master Services Agreement dated 4 February 2020 (MSA).

EKI understands that the District will issue a task order that will incorporate this proposal as an exhibit to the MSA.

Thank you for the opportunity to work with the District on this Project. Please contact Tyler Colyer at 650-292-9100 with any questions.

Adrienne Carr, Ph.D.
North Coast County Water District
24 August 2021
Page 3 of 3



Very truly yours,

EKI ENVIRONMENT & WATER, INC.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Tyler Colyer', enclosed in a thin black rectangular border.

Tyler Colyer, P.E.
Supervising Engineer

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Anona Dutton', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Anona Dutton, P.G., C.Hg.
Vice President

Attachments

Attachment 1 EKI Schedule of Charges, dated 2 January 2021

Client/Address: North Coast County Water District
2400 Francisco Blvd.
Pacifica, CA 94044



Proposal/Agreement Date: 24 August 2021

EKI Proposal/Project # C1-126

SCHEDULE OF CHARGES FOR EKI ENVIRONMENT & WATER, INC.

2 January 2021

<u>Personnel Classification</u>	<u>Hourly Rate</u>
Officer and Chief Engineer-Scientist	295 -270
Principal Engineer-Scientist	285 270
Supervising I, Engineer-Scientist	275 270
Supervising II, Engineer-Scientist	265
Senior I, Engineer-Scientist	255
Senior II, Engineer-Scientist	245
Associate I, Engineer-Scientist	235
Associate II, Engineer-Scientist	221
Engineer-Scientist, Grade 1	206
Engineer-Scientist, Grade 2	194
Engineer-Scientist, Grade 3	178
Engineer-Scientist, Grade 4	159
Engineer-Scientist, Grade 5	139
Engineer-Scientist, Grade 6	123
Technician	112
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STAFF REPORT

TO: Board of Directors
FROM: Adrienne Carr, General Manager
DATE: September 22, 2021
RE: Authorize the General Manager to Purchase One 2022 Ford Escape SE Hybrid through the Statewide Contract for Fleet Vehicles in an Amount Not to Exceed \$30,000

BACKGROUND

As part of the District's annual vehicle maintenance program, Staff evaluates the District's fleet for needs and replacement-based factors such as mileage, vehicle service history, age and overall appearance. In the District's approved Fiscal Year 2021-22 Capital Improvement Program (CIP) Budget, \$65,000 has been allocated in the Vehicle Replacement Program for the purchase of two District vehicles. These include a passenger vehicle and a pickup truck for Field Operations.

Statewide Contract for Fleet Vehicles

California's Statewide Contract for Fleet Vehicles (Statewide Contract) provides current model year fleet vehicles at contracted pricing to the State of California departments and local governmental agencies. The contract prices listed on the Statewide Contract documentation were obtained through a competitive bidding process at the state level. In many cases these contract prices are much lower than prices offered to the District through other means.

INFORMATION

At the District's September 15 Board of Director's meeting, the Board approved the purchase of a Ford F-250 pickup truck, but recommended staff look into purchasing a small hybrid SUV instead of a hybrid compact passenger vehicle. Staff contacted representatives at the Statewide Contract dealerships to confirm pricing of the available hybrid SUVs, and is awaiting a final quote for the desired 2022 Ford Escape SE Hybrid. Staff estimates that this vehicle will be sufficiently below a cost of \$30,000. Staff is confident that this pricing is the lowest available to the District for purchase of the desired vehicle.

FISCAL IMPACT

The approved CIP budget for FY 2021-2022 includes \$65,000 for purchase and outfitting of these two vehicles. The cost of the Ford Escape SE Hybrid is estimated to be under \$30,000, and given the cost of the other Board-authorized vehicle purchase (Ford F-250 pickup truck for \$30,691.88), there is sufficient remaining budget for this purchase.

RECOMMENDATION(S):

Staff requests that the Board Authorize the General Manager to Purchase One 2022 Ford Escape SE Hybrid through the Statewide Contract for Fleet Vehicles in an Amount Not to Exceed \$30,000.